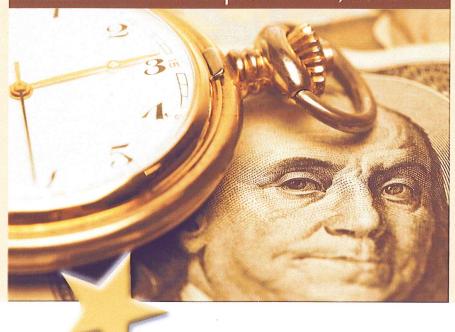


City of Bryan, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012



# CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

**Prepared by** 

Fiscal Services Department
Joe Hegwood, Chief Financial Officer

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended September 30, 2012

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March 18, 2013

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, City Manager, and Citizens of the City of Bryan, Texas

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Bryan (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. The purpose of this report is to provide the Council, management, staff, the public and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the City's financial condition. The Texas Local Government Code (§103.001) requires an annual audit of municipalities. The City has complied with this requirement, and the auditors' report is included.

Weaver L.L.P. has issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Bryan's financial statement for the year ended September 30, 2012. An unqualified opinion represents the highest level of audit assurance issuable for financial statements. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, which is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The Management's Discussion and Analysis complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Bryan, incorporated in 1871, is located in east central Texas, approximately 100 miles northwest of Houston and approximately 90 miles east of Austin in an area referred to as the Brazos Valley. Bryan serves as the county seat for Brazos County. The City and the City of College Station to the south, which share common borders, are home to the Texas A&M University System. The City encompasses approximately 43.7 square miles and has an estimated population of 77,321.

The City is a home rule city operating under the council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which is comprised of the mayor and six other members. Five of the council members are elected by district. The mayor and one council member are elected at-large. The city manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible for the daily management of the City.

The City Council enacts the budget through passage of an ordinance prior to the start of each fiscal year. The budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Annual budgets are prepared for all governmental funds including the general fund, debt service fund, enterprise funds and special revenue funds.

The City provides the full range of municipal services contemplated by statute or charter. These services include police, fire and emergency medical services, parks and recreational facilities and programs, library services, street maintenance and construction, public improvements, general administrative services and electrical, water, sewer and solid waste systems. Internal services of the City accounted for on a cost reimbursement basis are general warehouse operations, risk management services, and employee health and disability insurance programs. The City also is financially accountable for Bryan Commerce and Development, Inc., which serves as an economic development entity for the City.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION**

While Bryan has felt the effects of the nation's economic downturn over the past several years, the City has fared better than many local governments. Bryan and neighboring College Station are the economic center of the region comprised of Brazos County and the surrounding seven counties. Texas A&M University, with a student enrollment of more than 50,000 and over 20,000 full and part-time employees, ranks among the nation's largest individual campuses and dominates the Bryan-College Station area. Additionally, Blinn College, a two year academic institution, has a campus in Bryan with a student enrollment of over 12,000. While not immune from factors that affect the state and national economies, the area is somewhat insulated due to the concentration of stable or growing employment sectors: government, higher education and health care. Seven of the top ten employers in the area fall into these classifications.

Historically, the Bryan-College Station area's unemployment rate has been among the lowest in the state and that trend continues. As of September 2012 the unemployment rate for the Bryan-College Station area was 5.7% compared to 6.8% state-wide.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

In December 2011, the Cities of Bryan and College Station adopted an inter-local agreement (ILA) for the development of the Research Valley BioCorridor. The purpose of the BioCorridor is to attract bio-related industries that develop life-changing medical technologies, build tax base, and attract high-paying jobs and investment to the Cities. The ILA outlines a number of ways the Cities will work together to create and manage an environment conducive for development and growth of the BioCorridor. The agreement applies to four tracts of land totaling approximately 196 acres owned by Bryan Commerce and Development, a local government corporation and the economic development arm of the City of Bryan; of which, approximately 147 acres are located in College Station.

Some highlights of the agreement include:

- Joint construction and cost-sharing of HSC Parkway, the major roadway within the BioCorridor
- Creation of joint development standards
- Ad valorem revenue sharing on real and personal properties
- Sewer service to be provided by Bryan; Water service to be provided by College Station
- A swap of exclusive sewer service territories that enables each city to more effectively provide service due to terrain and proximity to existing sewer systems

In June 2012, Texas A&M received a contract to develop one of three U.S. Department of Health and Human Services National Centers for Innovation in Advanced Development and Manufacturing. Under the Centers for Innovation in Advanced Development and Manufacturing contract, Texas A&M University System will be responsible for developing and procuring medical countermeasures that address the public health and

medical consequences of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear incidents, pandemic influenza and emerging infectious diseases. The \$285.6 million contract includes an initial investment of \$176.6 million from the U.S. government, with the remainder cost-shared by commercial and academic proposal partners. The build-out of the Research Valley BioCorridor is expected to provide a major economic boost to Bryan and College Station as well as Brazos County and the region for many years to come.

Major wastewater system improvements continued in 2012. In 2010, the City began site work and design for a new wastewater treatment plant. This first phase included the development of the site plan and the preliminary designs of the treatment plant facility and the water, sewer and roadway infrastructure needed to serve the facility. The Thompson Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant site is also the location of a new electric utility sub-station. The wastewater plant construction contract was approved by the City Council in 2011 and construction began June 2011 and was completed in the spring of 2013. The estimated total cost of the treatment plant and the offsite utilities is \$17,000,000. This new plant replaces the City's aging Turkey Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant.

During 2012, Bryan Texas Utilities (BTU), the City's electric utility, completed the installation phase of automated metering infrastructure (AMI). Over 50,000 AMI meters were installed in the city and rural electric system's service territories which provides quicker remote meter readings, service turn-ons and service turn-offs. Additionally BTU continued the construction of major transmission substations and high voltage lines in the south and western portions of Brazos County. This series of projects totaling over \$42,000,000 is intended to increase energy reliability to customers and aid in future growth of the area. The projects are funded by BTU bonds issued in 2012 and are expected to begin going into service by the fall of 2013.

The City completed the last phase of its 3 phase Downtown redevelopment project in Fiscal Year 2012. During Fiscal Year 2008 the City began purchasing tracts of land in Downtown Bryan in order to make larger tracts available for redevelopment. This \$7,000,000 project consisted of paving and landscaping improvements, drainage, water and replacement of wastewater utilities as well as moving existing electrical, cable and telephone lines underground. Also included was a redesign of undersized storm sewer. Phase 3 of the Downtown Rehab Project was completed in early Fiscal Year 2012. Meanwhile, building renovations continue to attract new businesses, residents and visitors to historic Downtown Bryan.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City has developed and City Council has approved a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). This five year CIP is a plan for both long-term and short-term capital needs. Debt payments are structured so that capital assets funded by debt have a longer life than the debt associated with those assets. The City employs an objective, analytical approach to determine whether new debt can be assumed each year.

Currently, the City has adopted a conservative stance towards the issuance of debt, while the economy recovers. As such, the City deferred the issuance of general obligation debt in 2012. Necessary capital projects will be funded through alternative sources, when possible, using sources such as the City's Street Improvements Fund. Future debt issues and operational expenses related to improvements will be funded with growth in revenues generated by increases in property valuations and improved efficiencies within City operations. The electric, water and wastewater systems will continue their capital improvement programs with the issuance of revenue bonds as deemed necessary.

#### RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City's fund balance/operating reserves policies continue to be an important factor in planning decisions. The City has specific reserves policies for its major funds based on fund risks. The policies state that the City will maintain an unassigned fund balance equal to 60 days of operating budget for the general fund and most other funds and up to 90 days of reserves in the City electric fund to be used for unanticipated emergencies. The funds available through these policies will assist the City in avoiding cash flow interruptions, generate investment income, reduce the need for short term borrowing, and assist in maintaining an investment-grade debt rating.

The City of Bryan invests funds prudently and has adopted an investment policy, which is reviewed annually by the City Council as prescribed by law. The City Council has appointed an Investment Committee charged with monitoring staff adherence to the investment policy and providing investment advice. Staff provides a quarterly report of investments for Investment Committee review. The City's investment practice is to buy securities and hold to maturity to avoid potential losses from a sale. During Fiscal Year 2012, the City complied with all aspects of the investment policy.

#### **AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bryan, Texas for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. City staff believes the current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement requirements and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report is made possible by the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Fiscal Services Department and our independent auditors. We express sincere appreciation to all employees who contributed to its preparation. We also appreciate the leadership and support of the Mayor and City Council without which this report would not be possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Kean Register City Manager

Joe Hegwood

Chief Financial Officer

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Bryan Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

OF THE CHICAGO President

CANADA President

CHICAGO

Executive Director

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **GOVERNING BODY:**

Jason P. Bienski Mayor

Ann Horton Mayor Pro Tem
Richard M. Cortez, Sr. City Council
Paul Madison, Sr. City Council
Chuck Konderla City Council
Art Hughes City Council
Greg Owens City Council

#### OTHER PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS:

Kean Register City Manager

Hugh Walker Deputy City Manager – Support Services
Joseph Dunn Deputy City Manager – Community Services

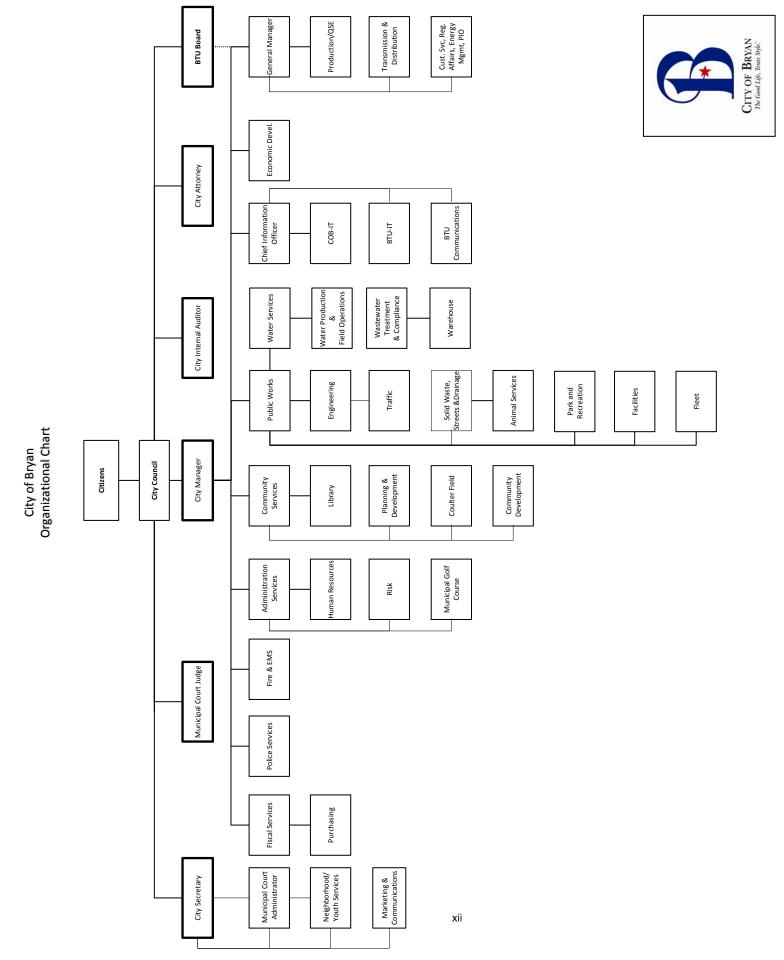
Janis Hampton City Attorney
Mary Lynne Stratta City Secretary

Joe Hegwood Chief Financial Officer

Gary Miller General Manager – Electric Utilities Services

Jayson Barfknecht Public Works Director

Eric Buske Police Chief Randy McGregor Fire Chief





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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bryan, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Bryan, Texas (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Bryan Business Council, Inc. which represents 100 percent of the assets, net assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements are audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and in our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Bryan Business Council, Inc., is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Bryan Business Council, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bryan, Texas, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2013 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bryan, Texas

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of Funding Progress - Texas Municipal Retirement System and Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund on pages 3 through 18 and 89 through 91 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison information and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures. including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Weaver and Siduell, L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Houston, Texas March 25, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Bryan, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages vi - ix of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- assets exceed liabilities by \$475,414,098 (net assets)
- unrestricted net assets were \$93,861,188; these may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors
- total net assets increased by \$6,433,310
- governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,240,419
  - an increase of \$320,249 in fund balances is due primarily to cost containment measures implemented by the City
  - approximately \$12,721,071 or 30.1% is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance)
- General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$12,721,175 or 26.4% of total general fund expenditures
- Total debt increased by \$25,955,000 or 7.2%
  - \$65,675,000 in electric utility revenue and refunding bonds were issued for construction of electric system transmission improvements, the acquisition and installation of automated metering, and refunding portions of outstanding bonds
  - No General Fund debt was issued in FY12
  - \$39,720,000 in outstanding debt was retired

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve, to some extent, as an indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

reported in this statement may be for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, development services, public works (streets and drainage), public safety, and cultural and recreational. The business-type activities of the City include electric generation, distribution and transmission, water supply and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, solid waste collection and a general purpose airport.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the "primary government"), but also Bryan Business Council, Inc., a legally separate economic development corporation, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Bryan Texas Utilities' qualified scheduling entity (BTU QSE Services, Inc.) and Bryan Commerce and Development Inc. are also legally separate functions, but for all practical purposes operate as departments of the City of Bryan, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government. For reporting purposes, BTU QSE Services, Inc. is combined with the City Electric System.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The financial statements are prepared on the basis of funds. A fund is a self balancing grouping of related accounts that is used to report and maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Bryan, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and local policy requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for the functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of resources, as well as on balances of resources available to meet obligations at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing activities. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

The City currently maintains twenty-six (26) individual governmental funds. Two additional capital project funds are included in the financial statements, but were closed during the fiscal year. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds (2). Data from twelve (12) special revenue funds, five (5), capital project funds, and nine (9) permanent funds have been combined into one single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Bryan adopts an annual appropriation budget for its General Fund, Debt Service Fund and special revenue funds. Individual fund budgetary comparison schedules are provided elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-27 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service funds, and adopts an annual appropriation budget for each The City's ten (10) proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses seven (7) enterprise funds to account for its city electric, rural electric, water, wastewater, solid waste, economic development corporation and airport. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses three (3) internal service funds to account for its warehouse operations, self insurance operations and employee benefits trust fund. Two internal service funds, the Equipment Replacement and the Facility Maintenance funds, are reflected on the financials but were closed at the beginning of the fiscal year. Because the services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, their assets and liabilities have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same types of information as the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information in the Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and the Statement of Cash Flows for the city electric, rural electric, water and wastewater systems, all of which are considered major funds of the City. Data from three (3) non-major enterprise funds have been combined into one single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. All internal service funds are also combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the aggregated proprietary funds and the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-33 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 34 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

**Notes to the Financial Statements**. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 35-87 of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, and a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 89-91 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds and internal service funds are presented following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 95-125 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Bryan, assets exceed liabilities by \$475,414,098 as of September 30, 2012.

The largest portion of the City's net assets \$322,373,842 or 67.8% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. An additional portion of the City's net assets \$59,179,068 or 12.4% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their usage. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$93,861,188 or 19.7% may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of FY12, the City of Bryan was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

#### City of Bryan's Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2012 2011		2011		
Current and other assets	\$ 55,209,411	\$ 53,114,908	\$ 284,834,523	\$ 252,130,442	\$ 340,043,934	\$ 305,245,350		
Capital assets	170,324,491	177,342,989	450,301,805	424,273,487	620,626,296	601,616,476		
Total assets	225,533,902	230,457,897	735,136,328	676,403,929	960,670,230	906,861,826		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	100,896,735 18,281,171 119,177,906	105,640,077 16,584,726 122,224,803	302,432,622 63,645,604 366,078,226	258,232,506 57,423,729 315,656,235	403,329,357 81,926,775 485,256,132	363,872,583 74,008,455 437,881,038		
Net assets: Invested in capital net								
of related debt	73,821,014	73,325,895	248,552,828	252,740,085	322,373,842	326,065,980		
Restricted	24,404,041	24,782,392	34,775,027	29,510,223	59,179,068	54,292,615		
Unrestricted	8,130,941	10,124,807	85,730,247	78,497,386	93,861,188	88,622,193		
Total net assets	\$ 106,355,996	\$ 108,233,094	\$ 369,058,102	\$ 360,747,694	\$ 475,414,098	\$ 468,980,788		

The \$6,433,310 increase to \$475,414,098 in total net assets is due to increases in the business-type activities. The net assets of the business type activities increased \$8,310,408 due primarily to the excess of operating revenues over expenses in the Electric, Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste funds. Additionally, \$4,373,751 was transferred in from the equipment replacement and facility maintenance internal service funds due to their closure and disbursement. These increases were partially offset by a \$6,894,344 write-off of old legacy electric meters replaced with new automated electric meters. The net assets of the governmental activities decreased \$1,877,098 primarily as a result of the internal service funds transfers to business-type activities and due to higher depreciation expense.

An increase of \$5,238,995 to \$93,861,188 in the City's total unrestricted net assets is also due to the City's business-type activities. An increase of \$7,232,861 in the unrestricted net assets for the business-type activities to a balance of \$85,730,247, is attributable to the excess of operating revenues over expenses in the Electric, Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste funds. The unrestricted net assets of the Governmental Activities decreased by \$1,993,866 to \$8,130,941 as described above.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

#### City of Bryan's Changes in Net Assets

Revenues:         2012         2011         2012         2011         2012         2011           Revenues:           Program revenues:           Charges for services         \$ 6,329,426         \$ 6,379,944         \$ 214,505,099         \$ 221,720,451         \$ 220,834,525         \$ 228,100,395           Operating grants and contributions         2,732,746         2,607,994         540,202         2,615,369         3,272,948         5,223,363           Capital grants and contributions         3,232,203         2,657,466         1,173,074         979,666         4,405,277         3,637,132           Property taxes         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         -         24,075,833         23,043,249           Other taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         2,4075,833         23,043,249           Other         8,036,343         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,769         17,112,1297           Other         18,036,243         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,769         17,121,297           Other         18,036,243         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,769         17,121,297 <tr< th=""><th></th><th>Government</th><th colspan="2">Governmental Activities</th><th>pe Activities</th><th colspan="3">Total</th></tr<>		Government	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
Program revenues:         Charges for services         \$ 6,329,426         \$ 6,379,944         \$ 214,505,099         \$ 221,720,451         \$ 220,834,525         \$ 228,100,395           Operating grants and contributions         3,232,203         2,667,466         1,173,074         979,666         4,405,277         3,637,132           General revenues:         8         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         24,075,833         33,043,249           Property taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         17,575,465         17,121,297           Other         48,036,343         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,184           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,788,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,788,565         12,506,727         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,184           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,788,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Total revenues         11,1694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         12,667,217		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	
Charges for services         \$ 6,329,426         \$ 6,379,944         \$ 214,505,099         \$ 221,720,451         \$ 220,834,525         \$ 228,100,395           Operating grants and contributions         2,732,746         2,607,994         540,202         2,615,369         3,272,948         5,223,363           Ceneral grants and contributions         3,232,203         2,657,466         1,173,074         979,666         4,405,277         3,637,132           General revenues:         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         24,075,833         23,043,249           Other taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         27,575,805         17,121,297           Other revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         12,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,814           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         12,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,772,50           Total revenues         12,567,217         111,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539           Development         29,346,673         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910	Revenues:							
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions (3,232,203)         2,677,466         540,202         2,615,369         3,272,948         5,223,363           Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions (3,232,203)         2,657,466         1,173,074         979,666         4,405,277         3,637,132           General revenues:         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         24,075,833         23,043,249           Other taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         17,575,465         17,121,297           Other Other         8,036,343         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,814           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:         Expenses:           General Government         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251<	Program revenues:							
Capital grants and contributions         3,232,203         2,657,466         1,173,074         979,666         4,405,277         3,637,132           General revenues:         Property taxes         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         24,075,833         23,043,249           Other taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         17,575,465         17,121,297           Other         8,036,343         8,986,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,814           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:           Sepanse:         -         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539           Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Cultural and Recreational         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           City electric         - <td>Charges for services</td> <td>\$ 6,329,426</td> <td>\$ 6,379,944</td> <td>\$ 214,505,099</td> <td>\$ 221,720,451</td> <td>\$ 220,834,525</td> <td>\$ 228,100,395</td>	Charges for services	\$ 6,329,426	\$ 6,379,944	\$ 214,505,099	\$ 221,720,451	\$ 220,834,525	\$ 228,100,395	
General revenues:         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         24,075,833         23,043,249           Other taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         17,575,465         17,121,297           Other         8,036,343         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,814           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:         8         11,169,4539         -         -         1,567,217         11,694,539         1,608,434         1,609,434         1,409,491,4	Operating grants and contributions	2,732,746	2,607,994	540,202	2,615,369	3,272,948	5,223,363	
Property taxes         24,075,833         23,043,249         -         -         24,075,833         23,043,249           Other taxes         17,575,465         17,121,297         -         -         17,575,465         17,121,297           Other         8,036,343         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,814           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         26,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:         8,086,615         11,290,417         1,183,199         9,326,760         10,151,814           Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,737         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         4,946,673         5,451,223           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         4,946,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815	Capital grants and contributions	3,232,203	2,657,466	1,173,074	979,666	4,405,277	3,637,132	
Other taxes Other Other         17,575,465 8,036,343 8,968,615 1,290,417 1,183,199 9,326,760 10,151,814 1,181 1,181,199 1,326,760 10,151,814 1,181 1,181,199 1,326,760 10,151,814 1,181	General revenues:							
Other         8,036,343         8,968,615         1,290,417         1,183,199         3,326,760         10,151,814           Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:         60,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:         60,981,600         11,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539           Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         11,202,934         10,688,241         11,20	Property taxes	24,075,833	23,043,249	-	-	24,075,833	23,043,249	
Total revenues         61,982,016         60,778,565         217,508,792         226,498,685         279,490,808         287,277,250           Expenses:         General Government         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539           Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,20	Other taxes	17,575,465	17,121,297	-	-	17,575,465	17,121,297	
Expenses:         General Government         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539           Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690 <td>Other</td> <td>8,036,343</td> <td>8,968,615</td> <td>1,290,417</td> <td>1,183,199</td> <td>9,326,760</td> <td>10,151,814</td>	Other	8,036,343	8,968,615	1,290,417	1,183,199	9,326,760	10,151,814	
General Government         12,567,217         11,694,539         -         -         12,567,217         11,694,539           Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         (7,850,622)         (4,801,947)         21,178,276	Total revenues	61,982,016	60,778,565	217,508,792	226,498,685	279,490,808	287,277,250	
Development Services         4,946,473         5,451,223         -         -         4,946,473         5,451,223           Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         <	Expenses:							
Public Works Services         15,169,531         14,091,910         -         -         15,169,531         14,091,910           Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,39	General Government	12,567,217	11,694,539	-	-	12,567,217	11,694,539	
Public Safety         24,346,634         21,693,251         -         -         24,346,634         21,693,251           Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,966,690         10,966,690         10,966,690         10,965,8709           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,803,154         12,965,856	Development Services	4,946,473	5,451,223	-	-	4,946,473	5,451,223	
Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt         8,242,037         7,666,774         -         -         8,242,037         7,666,774           Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690	Public Works Services	15,169,531	14,091,910	-	-	15,169,531	14,091,910	
Interest on long-term debt         4,560,746         4,982,815         -         -         4,560,746         4,982,815           City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,966,690           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,394           Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         (7,850,622)         (4,801,947)         21,178,276         17,767,803         13,327,654         12,965,856           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         -         -         -         - <td>Public Safety</td> <td>24,346,634</td> <td>21,693,251</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>24,346,634</td> <td>21,693,251</td>	Public Safety	24,346,634	21,693,251	-	-	24,346,634	21,693,251	
City electric         -         -         133,361,842         142,323,465         133,361,842         142,323,465           Rural electric         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,966,690           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,394           Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         (7,850,622)         (4,801,947)         21,178,276         17,767,803         13,327,654         12,965,856           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         -         -         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Cultural and Recreational	8,242,037	7,666,774	-	-	8,242,037	7,666,774	
Rural electric         -         -         28,603,608         29,664,911         28,603,608         29,664,911           Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,966,690           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         (7,850,622)         (4,801,947)         21,178,276         17,767,803         13,327,654         12,965,856           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -         -         -         -           Transfers         5,973,524         10,884,784         (5,973,524)         (10,884,784)         -	Interest on long-term debt	4,560,746	4,982,815	-	-	4,560,746	4,982,815	
Water         -         -         11,202,934         10,868,241         11,202,934         10,868,241           Wastewater         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,394           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (4,801,947)         21,178,276         17,767,803         13,327,654         12,965,856           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -	City electric	-	-	133,361,842	142,323,465	133,361,842	142,323,465	
Wastewater Other         -         -         10,966,690         10,658,709         10,966,690         10,658,709           Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,394           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         - <td>Rural electric</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>28,603,608</td> <td>29,664,911</td> <td>28,603,608</td> <td>29,664,911</td>	Rural electric	-	-	28,603,608	29,664,911	28,603,608	29,664,911	
Other         -         -         12,195,441         15,215,556         12,195,441         15,215,556           Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,394           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -           Transfers         5,973,524         10,884,784         (5,973,524)         (10,884,784)         -         -         -           Increase (decrease) in net assets         (1,877,098)         6,082,837         8,310,408         6,883,019         6,433,310         12,965,856           Net assets - October 1         108,233,094         102,150,257         360,747,694         353,864,675         468,980,788         456,014,932	Water	-	-	11,202,934	10,868,241	11,202,934	10,868,241	
Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items         69,832,638         65,580,512         196,330,516         208,730,882         266,163,154         274,311,394           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         (7,850,622)         (4,801,947)         21,178,276         17,767,803         13,327,654         12,965,856           Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -           Transfers         5,973,524         10,884,784         (5,973,524)         (10,884,784)         -         -         -           Increase (decrease) in net assets         (1,877,098)         6,082,837         8,310,408         6,883,019         6,433,310         12,965,856           Net assets - October 1         108,233,094         102,150,257         360,747,694         353,864,675         468,980,788         456,014,932	Wastewater	-	-	10,966,690	10,658,709	10,966,690	10,658,709	
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers and special items (7,850,622) (4,801,947) 21,178,276 17,767,803 13,327,654 12,965,856   Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters - (6,894,344) - (6,894,344) - (6,894,344) -   Transfers 5,973,524 10,884,784 (5,973,524) (10,884,784)   Increase (decrease) in net assets (1,877,098) 6,082,837 8,310,408 6,883,019 6,433,310 12,965,856   Net assets - October 1 108,233,094 102,150,257 360,747,694 353,864,675 468,980,788 456,014,932	Other			12,195,441	15,215,556	12,195,441	15,215,556	
transfers and special items (7,850,622) (4,801,947) 21,178,276 17,767,803 13,327,654 12,965,856   Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters - (6,894,344) - (6,894		69,832,638	65,580,512	196,330,516	208,730,882	266,163,154	274,311,394	
Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -           Transfers         5,973,524         10,884,784         (5,973,524)         (10,884,784)         -         -         -           Increase (decrease) in net assets         (1,877,098)         6,082,837         8,310,408         6,883,019         6,433,310         12,965,856           Net assets - October 1         108,233,094         102,150,257         360,747,694         353,864,675         468,980,788         456,014,932	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
meters         -         -         (6,894,344)         -         (6,894,344)         -           Transfers         5,973,524         10,884,784         (5,973,524)         (10,884,784)         -         -         -           Increase (decrease) in net assets         (1,877,098)         6,082,837         8,310,408         6,883,019         6,433,310         12,965,856           Net assets - October 1         108,233,094         102,150,257         360,747,694         353,864,675         468,980,788         456,014,932	·	(7,850,622)	(4,801,947)	21,178,276	17,767,803	13,327,654	12,965,856	
Transfers         5,973,524         10,884,784         (5,973,524)         (10,884,784)         -         -         -           Increase (decrease) in net assets         (1,877,098)         6,082,837         8,310,408         6,883,019         6,433,310         12,965,856           Net assets - October 1         108,233,094         102,150,257         360,747,694         353,864,675         468,980,788         456,014,932	Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy							
Increase (decrease) in net assets         (1,877,098)         6,082,837         8,310,408         6,883,019         6,433,310         12,965,856           Net assets - October 1         108,233,094         102,150,257         360,747,694         353,864,675         468,980,788         456,014,932	meters	-	-	(6,894,344)	-	(6,894,344)	-	
Net assets - October 1 108,233,094 102,150,257 360,747,694 353,864,675 468,980,788 456,014,932	Transfers	5,973,524	10,884,784	(5,973,524)	(10,884,784)	_	-	
	Increase (decrease) in net assets	(1,877,098)	6,082,837	8,310,408	6,883,019	6,433,310	12,965,856	
Net assets - September 30 \$ 106,355,996 \$ 108,233,094 \$ 369,058,102 \$ 360,747,694 \$ 475,414,098 \$ 468,980,788	Net assets - October 1	108,233,094	102,150,257	360,747,694	353,864,675	468,980,788	456,014,932	
	Net assets - September 30	\$ 106,355,996	\$ 108,233,094	\$ 369,058,102	\$ 360,747,694	\$ 475,414,098	\$ 468,980,788	

**Governmental Activities.** Total governmental activity revenues increased in FY12 from FY11 by \$1,203,451 or 2.0% to \$61,982,016. The single largest dollar increase was in property taxes which increased by \$1,032,584 or 4.5%, while capital grants & contributions increased \$574,737 or 21.6%. Sales tax revenue, which is included in "other taxes", increased \$513,914 or 3.6% from \$14,301,017 in FY11 to \$14,814,931 in FY12.

Governmental activities also benefit from transfers from business-type activities. Net transfers from business-type activities dropped by \$4,911,260 from FY11 to FY12. Transfers in fell from \$13,303,489 to \$11,565,150 as non-electric fund transfer rates were reduced from 7% in FY11 to 5% in FY12. Transfers out of governmental activities increased significantly in FY12 as the equipment replacement and facility maintenance internal service funds were closed and funds were dispersed. The closure of these internal service funds resulted in the transfer of \$4,373,751 from governmental activities to business-type activities.

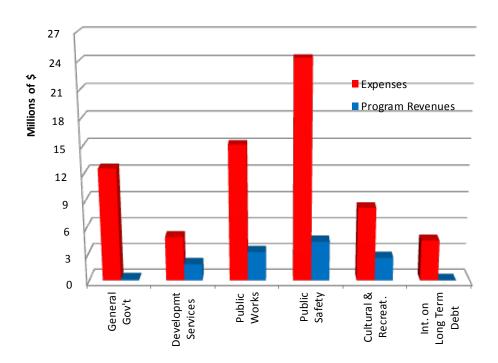
The Government Wide presentation of expenses attempts to consolidate all revenues and expenses on a basis similar to a private business. This presentation removes capital spending and principal payments (see note 4 for capital assets of the governmental activities) and allocates expenses of internal service

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

activities to all related parties. Governmental activities expenses increased in FY12 as compared to FY11 by \$4,252,126 to \$69,832,638. The major changes in this category were:

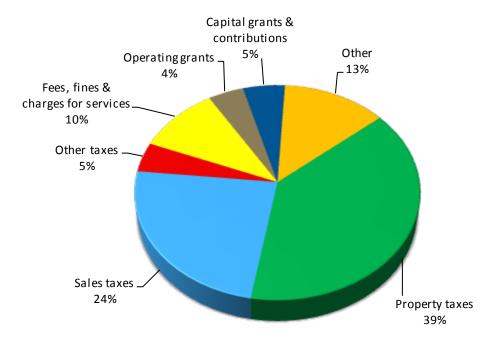
- Public safety expenses increased \$2,653,383 in FY12 when compared to FY11. In FY11, public safety expenses showed a \$6,405,310 decrease from FY10 because vehicles for those departments were purchased by the Equipment Replacement fund (an Internal Service fund) on behalf of the Public Safety departments. At the beginning of FY12, the Equipment Replacement fund was closed, therefore vehicles needed for the Police, Fire and Municipal Court departments were purchased by those individual departments. When the Equipment Replacement fund closed, assets purchased on behalf of the governmental funds were transferred to the General Capital Assets fund along with their accumulated depreciation. Depreciation for the Public Safety funds in FY12 was \$2,048,454 compared to \$1,405,205 in FY11. Personnel costs increased \$860,665 or 3.7% in FY12.
- General government expenses increased \$872,678 or 7.5%. This increase is attributable to the
  net pension obligation for the City's retirement program and accumulated depreciation for
  assets transferred from the Equipment Replacement fund and the Facilities Maintenance fund
  when they were closed at the beginning of FY12.

# **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**

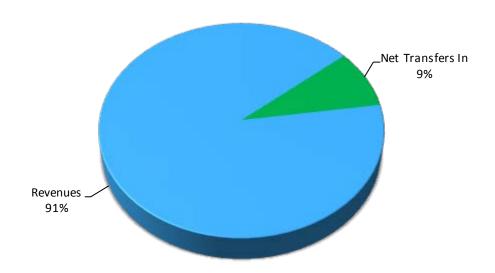


Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

#### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



#### **All Governmental Resources**



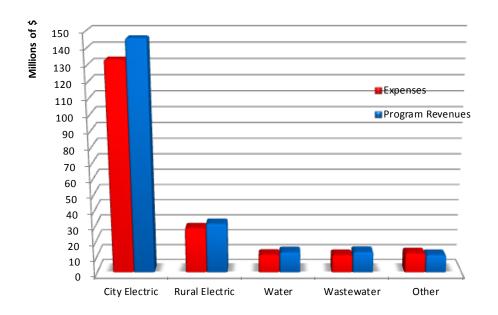
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

**Business-type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the City of Bryan's net assets by \$8,310,408 or 2.3% to \$369,058,102. Charges for services for business-type activities decreased \$7,215,352 or 3.3% to \$214,505,099, while expenses decreased \$12,400,366 to \$196,330,516. Business-type activities include information related to the BVSWMA, Inc., which is provided by their management, who was responsible for the accuracy of the data and for providing audited information. Key elements of the variances are as follows:

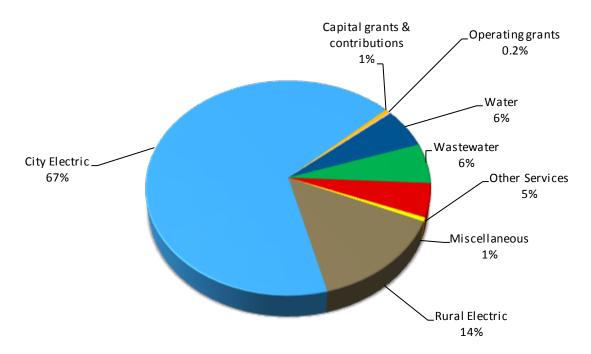
- For the City and Rural Electric Systems, combined operating revenues for FY12 and FY11 were \$177,486,755 and \$183,485,920 respectively, a decrease of 3.3%. The decrease in revenues is primarily due to lower wholesale and retail revenues caused by more normal weather conditions during FY12. The fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, experienced more weather extremes than typical. Partially offsetting the impact of milder weather was a retail rate increase applicable to City and Rural System customers effective October 1, 2011. The new rates reflected a 7.0% increase in base rates which was more than offset by a reduction in fuel rates. Overall, the October 1, 2011 combined base and fuel rates reflected a 0.2% reduction from previous rates. Likewise, the Rural Electric System implemented new electric rates for its retail customers. The new Rural Electric System retail rates reflected an 8.7% increase in base rates which was partially offset by a reduction in fuel rates. Overall, the October 1, 2011 combined Rural Electric System base and fuel retail rates reflected a 1.2% increase from previous rates. City and Rural Electric operating expenses for FY12 and FY11 were \$161,965,451 and \$171,988,376, respectively, a decrease of 5.8% due to those same weather conditions. Net assets for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 were \$224,656,985 and \$220,814,009, respectively, of which \$56,957,857 and \$47,207,830 were available to meet the City and Rural Electric System's ongoing obligations.
- Water system revenues decreased by \$1,402,620 or 9.8% to \$12,879,376 due to more normal weather conditions compared to FY11. This area suffered abnormally hot weather and a severe drought in FY11. An increase in net assets of \$3,377,453 was due to revenues exceeding expenses by \$2,147,790, \$879,823 in capital assets contributed by developers, \$90,064 gain on sale of assets and over \$100,000 in miscellaneous revenue. Operating expenses were \$11,202,934, an increase from FY11 of \$334,693 or 3.1%.
- Net assets of the Wastewater system at year end increased by \$4,699,722 or 8.7% over FY11. The increase can be attributed to contributed capital from developers of \$293,251 and operating gains. Wastewater service revenues held steady with a slight decrease of \$39,872 or 0.3% when compared to FY11. Operating expenses were \$10,966,690, an increase from FY11 of \$307,981 or 2.9%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



#### **Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities**



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Bryan uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the primary governmental fund of the City of Bryan. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$2,932,518 during FY12 compared to an increase of \$1,368,581 in FY11. Revenues of the fund decreased \$15,442, while expenditures and transfers out decreased \$2,870,052. Transfers in and out of the fund netted \$10,482,393 and offset both the excess of expenditures over revenues and transfers out. Key factors in both areas are as follows:

- Property tax revenues increased by \$144,425 or 0.9% to \$15,487,774. The total tax rate of 0.6364 remained the same.
- Sales tax revenue increased by \$513,914 or 3.6% to \$14,814,931 due to slightly improved retail activity.
- Franchise fees had a slight decrease of \$99,385 or 4.8% in FY12 from FY11.
- Charges for services decreased \$100,788 or 2.6% to \$3,846,149.
- Expenditures totaling \$48,206,159 in the General Fund were 6.0% or \$3,097,655 lower than in FY11.

The Debt Service Fund ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$5,945,264, compared to \$6,219,331 at the end of FY11. All of the fund balance is restricted for the payment of debt. The net decrease in fund balance is due to debt payments in FY12. The Debt Service Fund is subject to arbitrage calculation. Tax revenues in the Debt Service Fund decreased slightly by \$161,232 or 2.3% to \$6,751,400. Interest earnings decreased by \$7,252 or 22.3% to \$25,307 due to lower interest rates during the fiscal year. Debt service payments from the fund totaled \$10,801,421. The additional debt service is supported by transfers from TIRZ 8, TIRZ 10, TIRZ 19, TIRZ 22 and the General Fund in the amount of \$3,304,748.

The Other Governmental Funds include the Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and Permanent Funds. The total fund balance in Other Governmental Funds decreased in FY12 over FY11 by \$2,338,202 to \$20,152,339.

Overall spending decreased in Other Governmental Funds by \$3,622,454 or 25.9%. In the Capital Project funds expenditures for capital outlay decreased from \$5,146,516 in FY11 to \$2,922,815 in FY 12, due to some major projects that were completed in FY11. Two major projects that were substantially completed in FY11 included the construction of two new streets, Thornberry Drive and Beck Street. Capital outlay expenditures also decreased in the Special Revenue funds, from \$2,666,052 in FY11 to \$1,250,085 in FY12. This \$1,415,967

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

decrease was primarily due to reduced spending in the TIRZ funds, as scheduled projects were completed.

- The Community Development Fund provides programs and services to low and moderate income persons. The most significant expense is \$1,335,765 spent on the various programs funded by grants.
- The Street Improvement Fund spent \$3,542,081 on street projects, \$574,005 more than was spent during FY11 for neighborhood street renovations. The fund balance was \$10,097,187 and there was \$2,169,655 encumbered for additional projects at year end.
- The Drainage Improvement Fund expended \$1,213,848, which was \$280,046 more than income in FY12. Ending fund balance was \$702,807. There was \$430,607 encumbered for additional projects at year end.

**Capital Projects Funds.** The total expenditures from Capital Projects Funds were \$3,179,298. The net fund balance in the Capital Project Funds for all capital projects funds decreased by \$4,234,959 to \$3,597,077. All of the fund balance is either available for capital projects or encumbered for capital projects.

**Permanent Funds.** No expenditures were made from the Permanent Funds during FY12. The fund balance for the various funds increased by \$40,679 to \$1,809,636 primarily due to contributions to the cemetery funds and investment earnings.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City of Bryan's Proprietary Funds provide information similar to what is found in the government-wide financial statements.

Net assets of the City Electric System increased \$3,003,542, primarily due to lower energy related costs and a 7.0% base rate increase implemented at the beginning of FY12. Operating revenues decreased by \$4,170,104 or 2.7% to \$147,972,138. This decrease can be attributed to milder weather in FY12 compared to the excessive heat in FY11, partially offset by the retail rate increase. Unrestricted net assets of the Electric System at the end of the year amounted to \$50,694,087, an increase of \$9,414,789 or 22.8%. Net assets of the Rural Electric System at the end of the year were \$44,465,094, an increase of \$839,434 or 1.9%. Both revenues and expenses decreased in FY12 versus FY11. Revenues were down \$355,344 or 1.1% to \$31,495,841, due to milder weather, but were partially offset by an 8.7% base rate increase implemented at the beginning of FY12. Operating expenses decreased \$1,276,442 or 4.6% to \$26,348,351, also on milder weather.

The Water System net assets increased \$3,377,453 or 6.7% to \$53,418,750 due to excess of revenues over expenditures. Revenues were \$12,879,376 for FY12 and were \$1,402,620 or 9.8% less than FY11. This revenue decrease is attributed to more normal weather in FY12 compared to the extremely hot summer and severe drought during FY11. Expenses increased slightly by \$349,394 or 5.6% to \$6,585,168. Capital contributions for FY12 were \$879,823 compared to \$726,026 in FY11.

Net assets of the Wastewater System increased in FY12 versus FY11 by \$4,699,722 or 8.7% to \$58,693,137. Revenues and expenses of wastewater systems are not affected as much by weather as water and electricity services. Revenues decreased slightly in FY12 as compared to FY11 by \$39,872 or

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

0.3% to \$13,072,233. Operating expenses also decreased slightly by \$52,002 or 0.8% to \$6,079,396. Capital contributions from developers totaled \$293,251 compared to \$253,640 in FY11.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Total General Fund revenues for FY12 were \$40,609,019 and were \$829,842 or 2.0% less than budgeted. A number of budgetary variances are notable:

- Property taxes were \$151,865 or 1.0% less than budgeted.
- Sales taxes were \$79,084 or 0.5% less than budget.
- Golf course revenues were \$213,725 or 24.3% less than budget due to decreased patronage.
- Revenue from the City's ambulance service was over budget by \$104,113 or 8.7%.
- Municipal Court fines and charges were \$124,133 or 6.3% less than budget.
- Health and public safety revenues were \$131,387 or 13.6% under budget.
- Other revenues which includes miscellaneous revenue was \$138,658 under budget.
- Investment earnings were \$9,009 or 9.0% under budget due to lower interest rates.

Total General Fund operating expenditures for the year totaled \$51,000,160 and were \$2,247,031 or 4.2% less than budget. In response to the expected negative impact of the economy on revenues, all departments were encouraged to decrease spending and conserve money wherever possible. As a result, many of the General Fund departments ended the year below their final appropriation amount. Some of the more significant variances are:

- The Executive department was under budget by \$237,123 or 14.9% due to savings in utility costs, consultants, training, and festivals and events.
- The Fleet department was under budget by \$94,979 or 13.2% due to unfilled positions.
- The Facilities department was under budget by \$317,226 or 16.1% because at the beginning of FY12, five custodial positions were eliminated and the services were outsourced.
- The Parks and Recreation department was under budget by \$306,206 or 7.3%, due primarily to savings in mowing and custodial maintenance.
- The Fiscal Services department was under budget by \$139,669 or 11.4% due to an unfilled management position and savings in contractual services.
- The Drainage Department was \$261,068 or 13.3% under budget due to staff reductions at the beginning of the year.
- The City Secretary department was under budget by \$188,879 or 19.1% due to savings in election expenses, office supplies and personnel.
- The Police Department was under budget \$117,531 or 0.8% primarily due to savings in personnel costs.
- The Fire Department was under budget \$177,718 or 1.6%. The savings was in personnel costs, utilities and supplies.
- The Library was \$94,559 or 4.3% under budget due to unfilled positions throughout the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets**. The City of Bryan's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2012 was \$620,626,296 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$19,009,820 or 3.2%. This investment in capital assets includes land, park facilities, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, street and drainage systems, and construction in progress.

Major capital projects completed during the 2012 fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of phase 3 of the downtown rehab project \$6.4 million
- Construction expenses for new electric customer growth \$4.2 million
- Water and sewer line improvements \$2.2 million
- Street improvements and extensions \$6.5 million

### City of Bryan's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Land	\$ 11,570,401	\$ 11,570,401	\$ 15,478,192	\$ 15,554,349	\$ 27,048,593	\$ 27,124,750	
Buildings	28,926,155	29,979,142	1,950,459	1,594,112	30,876,614	31,573,254	
Equipment	10,607,355	14,255,477	4,667,851	2,839,857	15,275,206	17,095,334	
Improvements	12,361,402	13,264,432	378,078,249	380,079,586	390,439,651	393,344,018	
Infrastructure	99,038,529	91,669,519	-	-	99,038,529	91,669,519	
Construction in Progress	7,820,649	16,604,018	50,127,054	24,205,583	57,947,703	40,809,601	
Total	\$ 170,324,491	\$ 177,342,989	\$ 450,301,805	\$ 424,273,487	\$ 620,626,296	\$ 601,616,476	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements on pages 49-50 of this report.

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of fiscal year 2012, the City of Bryan had total debt outstanding of \$388,838,792. Of this amount, \$105,925,000 (general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation) comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes payable are secured by property or the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt is secured by specified revenue sources (revenue bonds).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

## Outstanding Debt at Year End Bonds and Notes Payable

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total						
		2012		2011		2012		2011 2012		2011		
General obligation bonds	\$	25.525.000	\$	27.680.000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,525,000	\$	27,680,000
Revenue bonds	•	-	•	-	•	279,300,000		245,570,000	•	279,300,000	•	245,570,000
Certificates of obligation		70,655,156		74,982,500		9,744,844		10,817,500		80,400,000		85,800,000
Notes		1,720,000		1,940,000		1,893,792		1,893,792		3,613,792		3,833,792
Total	\$	97,900,156	\$	104,602,500	\$	290,938,636	\$	258,281,292	\$	388,838,792	\$	362,883,792

During FY12, the City's total debt increased by \$25,955,000 or 7.2%. The City retired or refunded \$39,720,000 in outstanding principal. The City Electric System issued new debt totaling \$65,675,000.

The City's General Obligation, Certificates of Obligation and Revenue bond ratings are listed below.

	Moody's	Standard
	Investors Service	& Poor's
General Obligation Bonds	Aa2	AA
Certificates of Obligation	Aa2	AA
Revenue Bonds	Aa2	A+

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements on pages 51-56 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Although the City of Bryan felt the effects of the economic downturn in recent years, the City has been sheltered to some degree by the presence of Texas A & M University, the health industry and other key economic contributors. Continued growth in the area has allowed the City to lower the property tax rate for FY13 from \$0.6364 per \$100 of property valuation to the effective tax rate of \$0.633308. The Property Tax Code defines the effective tax rate as the tax rate that would generate approximately the same amount of property tax revenue as realized in the previous tax year on the same properties. This reduction was possible as a result of staff efforts to cut expenditures, outsourcing of certain functions, and new construction value on the property tax roll. Additionally, the closure of Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone 8 allowed some property tax revenues to be reallocated to the General Fund. Ad valorem property taxes comprised approximately 38.1% of General Fund revenues. FY13 sales tax revenue was budgeted to increase 1.2% when compared to the FY12 actual receipts. Sales tax receipts for the first four (4) months of FY13 are \$271,198 or 5.7% higher than the same period in 2012 and are \$138,636 more than budgeted projections. With local economic indicators showing modest

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

improvements the City is taking a cautiously optimistic view of the local economy, but has taken steps to economize where possible.

Revenues for the entire electric system are projected to be \$184,993,144, which is an increase of \$5,943,199 or 3.3% in FY13 versus FY12 budget. This projected increase is due to higher base revenues from retail sales On October 1, 2012, BTU implemented phase two of a two phase electric rate adjustment for the City Electric System. The phase two rates reflect a 13.0% increase in base rates which are almost entirely offset by a reduction in fuel rates. Overall, the October 1, 2012 combined base and fuel rates reflect a 0.7% increase from phase one rates. Likewise, the Rural Electric System implemented phase two electric rates for its retail customers. The new Rural Electric System phase two retail rates reflect a 10.1% increase in base rates which were largely offset by a reduction in fuel rates. Overall, the new October 1, 2012 combined base and fuel retail rates reflect a 0.2% increase from phase one rates. FY13 budgeted electric operating expenses are projected to be \$151,529,730, which is an increase of \$15,350,031 or 11.3% from the FY12 budget. This increase is driven by higher TMPA capacity costs.

The Water Fund has budgeted a slight decrease in operating expenditures for FY13 compared to the FY12 budget of \$45,540 or 0.8% to \$6,613,827. FY13 budgeted operating revenues exceed the FY12 budget amount by \$434,100 or 3.7% to \$12,069,900 based on increased sales.

The Wastewater Fund budget for FY13 shows operating revenues of \$12,600,400, which is \$94,700 or 0.8% more than the FY12 budget. Budgeted operating expenditures for FY13 are \$6,532,565 which is \$526,315 or 7.5% less than the FY12 budget.

The Solid Waste Fund budget for FY13 shows operating revenues of \$7,521,827. This is \$121,404 or 1.6% more than the FY12 budget. The FY13 budgeted operating expenditures are projected to be \$6,407,381, which is a decrease of \$541,367 or 7.8% from the FY12 budget.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Bryan's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Bryan, Fiscal Services Department, Attention: Chief Finance Officer, P.O. Box 1000, Bryan, Texas 77805-1000 or visit our website at <a href="http://www.bryantx.gov">http://www.bryantx.gov</a>.



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	Primary Government						Component Unit		
	Gover	nmental	В	Business-type				Bryan Business	
	Act	ivities	Activities		Total		Council, Inc.		
<u>Assets</u>									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents		3,590,001	\$	60,932,618	\$	84,522,619	\$	703,815	
Investments	2	0,075,590		11,394,181		31,469,771		-	
Receivables:									
Accounts		4,937,320		22,847,327		27,784,647		-	
Less allowance for uncollectible	(:	2,604,049)		(1,772,936)		(4,376,985)		-	
Property taxes		1,339,034		-		1,339,034		-	
Less allowance for uncollectible	(:	1,003,597)		-		(1,003,597)		-	
Sales taxes		2,499,444		-		2,499,444		-	
Grants		318,642		62,214		380,856		-	
Interest		37,374		149,936		187,310		-	
Notes		415,375		_		415,375		55,125	
Internal balances	(:	1,996,956)		1,996,956		-		-	
Inventories		230,035		5,443,674		5,673,709		-	
Unrecovered fuel cost		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid purchased power option		-		8,300,717		8,300,717		_	
Prepaid and other assets		469,018		688,835		1,157,853		665	
Deferred cash flow hedges - Unrealized loss on derivatives		, -		5,318,725		5,318,725		_	
Restricted assets:									
Temporarily restricted:									
Cash and cash equivalents		-		22,390,469		22,390,469		_	
Investments		_		67,783,263		67,783,263		_	
Permanently restricted:				,,		01/100/_00			
Investments		777,742		_		777,742		_	
Total current assets		9,084,973		205,535,979		254,620,952		759,605	
Noncurrent assets:		3,00 1,373		203,333,373		231,020,332		733,003	
Receivables:									
Assessments		116,431		_		116,431		_	
Notes		5,469,374		_		5,469,374		305,375	
Unamortized bond issuance expense		538,633		4,426,198		4,964,831		505,575	
Deferred cash flow hedges - Unrealized loss on derivatives		-		17,029,824		17,029,824		_	
Prepaid purchased power option		_		45,629,125		45,629,125		_	
Restricted assets:				13,023,123		13,023,123			
Investment in BVSWMA		_		12,213,397		12,213,397		_	
Capital assets:				12,213,337		12,213,337			
Land	1	1,570,401		15,478,192		27,048,593		1,521,329	
		2,752,179		3,392,115		46,144,294		194,499	
Buildings								-	
Improvements other than buildings		1,293,153		598,707,515		630,000,668		119,514	
Machinery and equipment		8,646,908		12,948,959		41,595,867		9,466	
Infrastructure		1,120,753		-		171,120,753		-	
Construction in progress		7,820,649		50,127,054		57,947,703		-	
Less accumulated depreciation		2,879,552)		(230,352,030)		(353,231,582)	-	(106,343)	
Total capital assets	_	0,324,491		450,301,805		620,626,296		1,738,465	
Total noncurrent assets		6,448,929		529,600,349		706,049,278	_	2,043,840	
Total assets	\$ 22	5,533,902	\$	735,136,328	\$	960,670,230	\$	2,803,445	

			Component Unit		
	Governmental	Business-type		Bryan Business	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Council, Inc.	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,533,421	\$ 14,951,793	\$ 17,485,214	\$ 1,925	
Accrued liabilities and retainage	3,629,089	1,661,434	5,290,523	-	
Over recovered fuel	-	15,131,104	15,131,104	-	
Claims	1,673,820	, , , <sub>-</sub>	1,673,820	-	
Accrued vacation and sick pay	2,216,264	551,744	2,768,008	-	
Unearned revenue	1,117,493	7,966	1,125,459	-	
Accrued interest	, , , <u>-</u>	4,868	4,868	-	
General obligation bonds	2,220,000	-	2,220,000	-	
Certificates of obligation	3,992,739	1,077,261	5,070,000	-	
Notes	230,000	2,001,444	2,231,444	_	
Payable from restricted assets:		_// · · ·	_,,		
Derivative financial instruments	_	5,318,725	5,318,725	_	
Accrued liabilities	_	764,522	764,522	_	
Accrued interest	527,479	3,132,488	3,659,967	_	
Revenue bonds	527,175	14,435,000	14,435,000	_	
Customer deposits	140,866	4,607,255	4,748,121	_	
Total current liabilities	18,281,171	63,645,604	81,926,775	1,925	
Noncurrent liabilities:	10,201,171	03,043,004	01,320,773	1,323	
General obligation bonds	22,610,430		22,610,430		
Certificates of obligation	66,498,941	8,667,583	75,166,524		
Revenue bonds	00,436,341	273,673,913	273,673,913		
Unamortized gain on refunded debt		383,627	383,627		
	1 400 000	•	•	_	
Notes Claims	1,490,000 633,576	3,950	1,493,950 633,576	-	
Derivative financial instruments	055,570	17 020 024		-	
	4.010.210	17,029,824	17,029,824	-	
Net pension obligation	4,819,319	1,748,460	6,567,779	-	
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)	1,330,121	294,812	1,624,933	-	
Accrued vacation and sick pay	3,514,348	324,102	3,838,450	-	
Unearned revenue	100 000 705	306,351	306,351		
Total noncurrent liabilities	100,896,735	302,432,622	403,329,357	- 1.025	
Total liabilities	119,177,906	366,078,226	485,256,132	1,925	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	73,821,014	248,552,828	322,373,842	1,738,465	
Restricted for:					
BVSWMA, Inc.	-	12,213,397	12,213,397	-	
Debt retirement		11,558,189	11,558,189	-	
Debt service	5,417,785	4,995,581	10,413,366	-	
Perpetual care:					
Expendable	1,031,894	-	1,031,894	-	
Nonexpendable	777,742	-	777,742	-	
Rate stabilization	-	1,678,841	1,678,841	-	
Collateral deposits	-	4,329,019	4,329,019	-	
Encumbrances	3,506,648	-	3,506,648	-	
Noncurrent notes receivable	5,469,374	-	5,469,374	-	
Police activities	110,904	-	110,904	-	
Court activities	610,113	-	610,113	-	
Record preservation	69,823	-	69,823	-	
Capital improvements	3,597,077	-	3,597,077	-	
TIRZ Development	3,036,268	-	3,036,268	-	
Other purposes	776,413	-	776,413	-	
Unrestricted	8,130,941	85,730,247	93,861,188	1,063,055	
Total net assets	\$ 106,355,996	\$ 369,058,102	\$ 475,414,098	\$ 2,801,520	
		<del></del>		<u> </u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Component Unit	Bryan Business Council, Inc.		· \$		•				1		•	•		•	•			\$ (111,325)		•		•					65,657			65,657	(45,668)	2,847,188	\$ 2,801,520
expense) and Net Assets		Total		\$ (12,440,718)	(3,080,703)	(11,910,346)	(19,904,395)	(5,641,355)	(4,560,746)	(57,538,263)		12,629,071	2,892,233	2,556,265	2,883,794	(1,073,504)	19,887,859	(37,650,404)	\$		24,075,833	14,814,931	1,963,381	75,460	217,615	504,078	6,324,068	193,790	206,906,2	(++0'+00'0)	44,083,714	6,433,310	468,980,788	\$ 475,414,098
Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets	Primary Government	Business-type Activities		· \$		•				1		12,629,071	2,892,233	2,556,265	2,883,794	(1,073,504)	19,887,859	19,887,859	. \$		•		•	•				(84,846)	(777,777)	(5.973.524)	(11,577,451)	8,310,408	360,747,694	\$ 369,058,102
		Governmental Activities		\$ (12,440,718)	(3,080,703)	(11,910,346)	(19,904,395)	(5,641,355)	(4,560,746)	(57,538,263)				•		•		(57,538,263)	\$		24,075,833	14,814,931	1,963,381	75,460	217,615	504,078	6,324,068	278,636	000,004,4	5.973.524	55,661,165	(1,877,098)	108,233,094	\$ 106,355,996
	Capital	Grants and Contributions		· \$	1,777	3,230,426		•	•	3,232,203			•	879,823	293,251	•	1,173,074	4,405,277	·															
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and Contributions		· \$	1,271,209	28,759	413,512	1,019,266	•	2,732,746		1	•	•	485,000	55,202	540,202	3,272,948	\$ 122,400								nts		notore					
	Fees, Fines and	Charges for Service		\$ 126,499	592,784	•	4,028,727	1,581,416	•	6,329,426	1	145,990,914	31,495,841	12,879,376	13,072,233	11,066,735	214,505,099	220,834,525	٠ -					axes		es	drainage assessmeı	nent earnings	y vocael to lesousib	disposal of regacy .	ues and transfers	ets	2011	30, 2012
		Expenses		\$ 12,567,217	4,946,473	15,169,531	24,346,634	8,242,037	4,560,746	69,832,638		133,361,843	28,603,608	11,202,934	10,966,690	12,195,441	196,330,516	266,163,154	\$ 233,725	General revenues:	Property taxes	Sales taxes	Franchise taxes	Alcoholic beverage taxes	Bingo taxes	Hotel occupancy taxes	Transportation and drainage assessments	Unrestricted investment earnings	Special items - Loss on disposal of largey maters	Transfers (net)	Total general revenues and transfers	Change in net assets	Net assets, October 1, 201	Net assets, September 30,
		Functions/Programs_	Primary government: Governmental activities:	General government and administration	Development services	Public works services	Public safety	Cultural and recreational	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Electric	Rural electric	Water	Wastewater	Other	Total business-type activities	Total primary government	Component unit: Bryan Business Council, Inc.															

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



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Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of September 30, 2012

Assets		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,750,161	\$	576,923	Ś	11,645,812	\$	19,972,896
Investments	Ψ.	6,945,921	Ψ.	507,340	Ψ.	10,241,211	Ψ.	17,694,472
Receivables:		0,0 10,0 ==		201,212		,_ :_,		,
Accounts		3,886,628		-		684,617		4,571,245
Less allowance for uncollectible		(2,375,510)		-		(228,539)		(2,604,049)
Property taxes		944,370		394,664		-		1,339,034
Less allowance for uncollectible		(712,562)		(291,035)		_		(1,003,597)
Sales taxes		2,499,444		-		_		2,499,444
Assessments		116,431		-		_		116,431
Grants		20,339		-		298,303		318,642
Interest		12,344		922		18,421		31,687
Notes		19,749		5,865,000		-		5,884,749
Due from other funds		259,989		26,493		1,446,406		1,732,888
Prepaid and other assets		226,992		-		387		227,379
Total assets	\$	19,594,296	\$	7,080,307	\$	24,106,618	\$	50,781,221
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	965,813	\$	-	\$	1,286,235	\$	2,252,048
Accrued liabilities		1,921,117		-		19,497		1,940,614
Retainage payable		-		-		330,238		330,238
Due to other funds		167,019		-		2,270,816		2,437,835
Customer deposits		140,866		-		-		140,866
Deferred revenue		256,665		1,135,043		47,493		1,439,201
Total liabilities		3,451,480		1,135,043		3,954,279		8,540,802
Fund balances:		_		_				
Nonspendable		241,366		-		777,742		1,019,108
Restricted		657,786		5,945,264		8,574,707		15,177,757
Committed		2,328,965		-		10,799,994		13,128,959
Assigned		193,524		-		_		193,524
Unassigned		12,721,175		-		(104)		12,721,071
Total fund balances		16,142,816		5,945,264		20,152,339		42,240,419
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	19,594,296	\$	7,080,307	\$	24,106,618	\$	50,781,221

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets As of September 30, 2012

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 42,240,419
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial r therefore, are not reported in the funds. (Includes net capita		
Internal service funds in the amount of \$99,030.)		170,324,491
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-peri	od	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		321,708
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co	osts of risk	
management, employee health insurance benefits and centra	_	
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal so related to governmental activities are included in the govern		
in the statement of net assets. (Net of amount allocated to b		
activities of \$1,424,511 and net capital assets in the amount	of \$99,030).	2,319,069
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current fin	ancial resources,	
and therefore, is not reported as a liability in governmental for	unds balance sheet.	(527,480)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated	absences, are not	
due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	reported in the funds.	
These items are detailed below:	¢ 25 525 000	
General obligation bonds payable Certificates of obligation payable	\$ 25,525,000 70,655,156	
Notes payable	1,720,000	
Deferred charges on debt	(1,396,678)	
Net Pension Obligation	4,819,319	
Other Post Employment Benefits	1,330,121	
Accrued vacation and sick leave (Net of internal		
service fund liability in the amount of \$61,319)	5,669,293	(108,322,211)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 106,355,996

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	_			_		_	
Property taxes	\$	15,487,774	\$ 6,751,400	\$	1,912,708	\$	24,151,882
Sales taxes		14,814,931	-		-		14,814,931
Franchise taxes		1,963,381	-		-		1,963,381
Alcoholic beverage taxes		75,460	-		-		75,460
Bingo taxes		217,615	-		-		217,615
Hotel occupancy taxes		-	-		504,078		504,078
Transportation and drainage assessments		-	-		6,324,068		6,324,068
Charges for services		3,846,149	-		-		3,846,149
Fines and court charges		1,844,317	-		46,176		1,890,493
Licenses and permits		592,784	-		-		592,784
Grants		1,343,300	-		1,636,050		2,979,350
Investment earnings		90,991	25,307		123,841		240,139
Other		332,317	 445,899		645,265		1,423,481
Total revenues		40,609,019	 7,222,606		11,192,186		59,023,811
Expenditures: Current:							
General government and administration		11,982,961	-		17,972		12,000,933
Development services		2,808,838	-		1,359,203		4,168,041
Public works services		3,548,490	-		4,028,537		7,577,027
Public safety		26,654,066	-		363,260		27,017,326
Cultural and recreational		6,005,805	-		435,996		6,441,801
Administrative reimbursement		(3,515,703)	-		-		(3,515,703)
Capital outlay Debt service:		375,282	-		4,172,900		4,548,182
Bond and principal retirement		220,000	6,482,344		-		6,702,344
Interest and fiscal charges		126,420	4,319,077		-		4,445,497
Total expenditures		48,206,159	10,801,421		10,377,868		69,385,448
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(7,597,140)	 (3,578,815)		814,318		(10,361,637)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sales of capital assets		47,265	-		-		47,265
Transfers in		11,101,783	3,304,748		2,561,816		16,968,347
Transfers out		(619,390)	-		(5,714,336)		(6,333,726)
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,529,658	3,304,748		(3,152,520)		10,681,886
Net change in fund balances		2,932,518	(274,067)		(2,338,202)		320,249
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		13,210,298	 6,219,331		22,490,541		41,920,170
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	\$	16,142,816	\$ 5,945,264	\$	20,152,339	\$	42,240,419

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 320,249
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	4,548,182
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and contributions) is to increase net assets.	8,071,684
Depreciation expense on capital assets reported in the government-wide statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(12,749,682)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is detailed below:	
Debt principal repayments \$ 6,702,344	6,702,344
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(2,619,499)
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	33,002
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the city's fiscal year end, and are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	205,284
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the city's fiscal year end,	205,284
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the city's fiscal year end, and are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.  Some revenues reported in the governmental funds were earned in prior periods; and therefore, are not reported in the government-wide statement of activities.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management, employee health insurance benefits and central warehousing to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds related to governmental activities is reported with	(282,468)
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the city's fiscal year end, and are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.  Some revenues reported in the governmental funds were earned in prior periods; and therefore, are not reported in the government-wide statement of activities.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management, employee health insurance benefits and central warehousing to individual funds. The net	

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Statement of Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
As of September 30, 2012

					Busines	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	es - Entei	rprise Funds							
										Other		Total	GOV	Governmental	
	City	City Electric	Rural	Rural Electric	>	Water	Wast	Wastewater	Ē	Enterprise	ш	l Otal Enterprise	ξ –	Internal	
	. "	Fund	Ē	Fund	F	Fund	F	Fund	ч	Funds		Funds	Ser	Service Funds	
Assets															
Current assets:															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,052,325	s	5,676,052	s	5,254,358	٠,	5,605,445	ş	2,344,438	ş	60,932,618	\$	3,617,105	
Investments						4,621,598	,	4,930,159		1,842,424		11,394,181		3,158,860	
Accounts receivable	1	15,081,533		3,592,053		1,850,897		1,509,254		813,590		22,847,327		366,075	
Less allowance for uncollectible		(929,585)		(165,915)		(198,186)		(218,434)		(230,816)		(1,772,936)		. '	
Grants		. '		. '		. '		48,500		13,714		62,214		•	
Interest receivable		121,654		,		10,576		14,392		3,314		149,936		5,687	
Inventories		5,025,489		,		354,738		,		63,447		5,443,674		230,035	
Due from other funds		2,521,428		,		322,775		1,055,350		166,413		4,065,966		132,502	
Prepaid purchased power option		8,300,717		,		,		,		,		8,300,717		•	
Prepaid and other assets		617,621				21,200		12,030		37,984		688,835		241,640	
Deferred cash flow hedges - Unrealized loss on derivatives		5,318,725		,		,		,		,		5,318,725		•	
Restricted assets:															
Cash and cash equivalents	1	13,928,705		2,634,008		1,683,513	,	4,144,243				22,390,469		•	
Investments	9	60,455,016		3,001,300		1,257,617	,	3,069,330		,		67,783,263		•	
Total current assets	15	152,463,628	1,	14,737,498	1	15,179,086	7(	20,170,269		5,054,508		207,604,989		7,751,904	
Noncurrent assets:															
Unamortized bond issuance expenses		2,863,155		365,939		507,513		689.591				4.426.198		,	
Deferred cash flow hedges - Unrealized loss on derivatives		17.029.824				-				,		17.029.824		,	
Prepaid purchased power option	. 4	45.629.125		,		,		,		,		45.629.125		,	
Restricted assets:															
Investment in BVSWMA		,		,		,		,	1	12,213,397		12,213,397		,	
Capital assets:															
Land		4,430,399		111,483		571,812		377,644		9,986,854		15,478,192			
Buildings		,		,		66,620		444,493		2,881,002		3,392,115		23,419	
Equipment		,		,		1,979,554	,	3,518,237		7,451,168		12,948,959		263,953	
Improvements other than buildings	34	344,257,382	9	62,767,866	6	97,744,099	6	90,540,120		3,398,048		598,707,515		127,992	
Construction in progress	Ţ	19,745,411		4,660,796		6,674,957	15	19,045,890		,		50,127,054		•	
Less accumulated depreciation	(13	(138,176,846)	(2	(21,482,924)	(2	(29,803,451)	(3	33,395,162)	_	(7,493,647)		(230,352,030)		(316,334)	
Total capital assets (net of										Ī					
accumulated depreciation)	23	230,256,346	4	46,057,221	7	77,233,591	8	80,531,222	1	16,223,425		450,301,805		99,030	
Total noncurrent assets	29	295,778,450	4	46,423,160	7	77,741,104	8	81,220,813	7	28,436,822		529,600,349		99,030	
Total assets	\$ 44	448,242,078	\$	61,160,658	\$ 9.	92,920,190	\$ 10:	101,391,082	\$	33,491,330	\$	737,205,338	\$	7,850,934	

			Business-type Activ	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
					Other	Total	Governmental Activities -
	City Electric Fund	Rural Electric Fund	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 12,560,846	\$ 608,947	\$ 483,099	\$ 1,125,248	\$ 173,653	\$ 14,951,793	\$ 281,373
Accrued liabilities	1,157,664	99,443	95,177	98,865	210,285	1,661,434	28,116
Over recovered fuel	11,024,462	4,106,642	•	•	•	15,131,104	
Claims payable							1,673,820
Due to other funds	1,056,124	2,434,409			2,988	3,493,521	
Unearned revenue	•	•		996′2		2,966	•
Accrued interest	•	•			4,868	4,868	•
Certificates of obligation	•	•	517,415	582,585	2,261	1,077,261	•
Notes	. ;	. !	. :	. ;	2,001,444	2,001,444	. ;
Accrued vacation and sick pay	244,008	34,725	121,349	72,364	79,298	551,744	38,631
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Derivative financial instruments	5,318,725					5,318,725	
Accrued liabilities	•	•	192,010	572,512	•	764,522	•
Accrued interest	2,336,738	82,500	398,679	314,571		3,132,488	
Revenue bonds	10,575,000	445,000	1,809,233	1,605,767		14,435,000	
Customer deposits	3,756,482	777,064			73,709	4,607,255	•
Total current liabilities	48,030,049	8,588,730	3,616,962	4,354,878	2,548,506	67,139,125	2,021,940
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Certificates of obligation			4,158,570	4,481,430	27,583	8,667,583	•
Revenue bonds	192,035,000	8,080,000	31,351,097	33,398,903		264,865,000	•
Notes			. •	. •	3,950	3,950	•
Unamortized bond premiums (discounts)							
and deferred amount on refunding	7,886,944	6,440	303,481	420,234	•	8,617,099	•
Unamortized gain on refunded debt	575.441	. '	. '	. '		575.441	•
Claims payable						! . /!	633 576
Linearned revenue	306 351					306 351	ה היליהה היליהה
Dominative financial installments	12,000					100,000	
Accessed listing months	47,029,024 CFC CAO C	•	•	•	•	75,620,7T	- 1000 1
Accided liabilities	2,043,272	' 0		' 1		2,045,272	1,050,121
Accrued vacation and sick pay	143,306	20,394	71,330	42,500	46,572	324,102	7 200 201
lotal noncurrent liabilities	220,020,138	8,106,834	35,884,478	38,343,067	/8,105	302,432,622	1,986,385
Total liabilities	268,050,187	16,695,564	39,501,440	42,697,945	2,626,611	369,571,747	4,008,325
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	109,288,009	37,779,032	41,278,211	46,019,389	14,188,187	248,552,828	99,030
Restricted for:					702 216 61	702 216 61	
HINIMO		ı	ı	1	166,612,21	12,213,397	ı
Debt retirement	11,558,189					11,558,189	
Debt service	2,643,746	422,292	865,548	1,063,995		4,995,581	
Rate stabilization	1,678,841	•	•	•	•	1,678,841	•
Collateral deposits	4,329,019	•	•	•	•	4,329,019	•
Unrestricted	50,694,087	6,263,770	11,274,991	11,609,753	4,463,135	84,305,736	3,743,579
Total net assets	\$ 180,191,891	\$ 44,465,094	\$ 53,418,750	\$ 58,693,137	\$ 30,864,719	\$ 367,633,591	\$ 3,842,609

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Net assets of business-type activities

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

			Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	- Enterprise Funds			
					Other	Total	Governmental Activities
	City Electric Fund	Rural Electric Fund	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:							
Electrical system	\$ 145,990,914	\$ 31,495,841	5 - 278 CT	s	s s	\$ 177,486,755	s
Water system			12,013,310	13 070 23	. ,	12,679,370	
Other	1.981.224	,	,		9.085.511	11.066.735	9.329.098
Total operating revenues	147,972,138	31,495,841	12,879,376	13,072,233	9,085,511	214,505,099	9,329,098
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	062'606'6	465,852	2,084,678	2,361,323	3,126,604	17,948,247	623,604
Electric operations	89,101,968	25,229,274	•		•	114,331,242	•
Maintenance	3,240,570	457,088	787,193	799,379	571,168	5,855,398	7,437
Claims					•		8,690,337
Other services and charges	1,608,286		2,940,676	1,230,967	1,986,798	7,766,727	2,490,842
Other expenses	597,466		225,986	419,400	1,257,423	2,500,275	43,980
General and administrative	1,801,524	196,137	546,635	1,268,327	718,389	4,531,012	224,831
Total operating expenses	707	170 000	7	000	1	200	200 00
before depreciation and amortization	106,259,604	26,348,351	6,585,168	6,079,396	7,660,382	152,932,901	12,081,031
Operating income (loss) before depreciation and amortization	41,712,534	5,147,490	6,294,208	6,992,837	1,425,129	61,572,198	(2,751,933)
Depreciation and amortization	18,700,714	1,902,381	2,422,389	2,520,545	1,072,307	26,618,336	9,741
Operating income (loss)	23,011,820	3,245,109	3,871,819	4,472,292	352,822	34,953,862	(2,761,674)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings	369,937	82,333	69,412	101,151	23,162	645,995	38,497
Interest expense	(8,046,301)	(352,876)	(1,651,481)	(1,329,054)	(58,939)	(11,438,651)	
Amortization of debt expense			•	- 000	(11,039)	(11,039)	
Grants		•		485,000	55,202	540,202	•
Distributive share of BysyviviA fiet income	297 200		- 201 CUC	- 26 400	730,841)	(730,841) 1 206 202	010 700 1
Outer First Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(6,769,598)	(270,543)	(1,379,873)	(666,414)	(521,604)	(9,608,032)	1,075,815
Income (loss) before contributions, transfers and special items	16,242,222	2,974,566	2,491,946	3,805,878	(168,782)	25,345,830	(1,685,859)
Special Items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters	(4,759,212)	(2,135,132)	•	•	•	(6,894,344)	•
Capital contributions	1	1	879,823	293,251	1	1,173,074	
Transfers in	690,754	•	678,824	1,284,121	2,937,927	5,591,626	323,398
Transfers out Change in net assets	(9,170,222) 3,003,542	839,434	(673,140) 3,377,453	(683,528) 4,699,722	(1,038,260) 1,730,885	(11,565,150) 13,651,036	(10,084,361) (11,446,822)
Net assets, October 1, 2011	177,188,349	43,625,660	50,041,297	53,993,415	29,133,834		15,289,431
Net assets, September 30, 2012	\$ 180,191,891	\$ 44,465,094	\$ 53,418,750	\$ 58,693,137	\$ 30,864,719		\$ 3,842,609
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.	nd activities related to en	terprise funds.				(5,340,628)	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

\$ 8,310,408

Change in net assets of business-type activities.



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CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

			Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	s - Enterprise Funds			
					Other	Total	Governmental Activities -
	City Electric Fund	Rural Electric Fund	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users	\$ 150,644,625	\$ 31,756,110	\$ 13,148,047	\$ 12,336,994	\$ 9,491,069	\$ 217,376,845	\$ 4,054,550
Receipts for interfund services provided							
Payments to suppliers	(92,642,779)	(27,481,455)	(3,787,979)	(2,199,635)	(4,498,428)	(130,610,276)	(13,482,767)
Payments to employees	(9,116,761)	(426,396)	(2,039,837)	(2,357,190)	(3,005,247)	(16,945,431)	(615,141)
Receipts for miscellaneous revenues	992'906		202,196	76,489	207,140	1,392,591	1,038,632
Payments for interfund services used			(546,635)	(1,268,327)		(1,814,962)	(225,831)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	49,791,851	3,848,259	6,975,792	6,588,331	2,194,534	69,398,767	(2,127,501)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	75009		216 569	0 44 645	1 023 104	2 705 161	000 000
Transfers out	(9.170.222)		310,308 (673,140)	(683.528)	(1.038.260)	(11.565.150)	(3.178.028)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(8,479,468)	1	(356,572)	161,117	894,934	(686,677,7)	(2,854,630)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(21,310,430)	(7,284,124)	(2,596,204)	(13,390,073)	(814,156)	(45,394,987)	(27,390)
Grant proceeds		•		485,000	(13,342)	4/1,658	
Revenue bond proceeds	69,717,872					69,717,872	
Amortization of debt expense		•	•	•	(11,039)	(11,039)	
Principal paid on certificates of obligation	. !	. !		. :	(2,656)	(2,656)	
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(11, 155,000)	(420,000)	(2,258,661)	(2,121,339)		(15,955,000)	
Payment to escrow agent for debt retunding Interest paid on bonds, contractual obligations,	(17,396,347)		1	•	1	(17,396,347)	
and notes	(7,839,535)	(311,402)	(1,680,440)	(1,351,568)	(59,361)	(11,242,306)	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and							
related financing activities	12,016,560	(8,015,526)	(6,535,305)	(16,377,980)	(900,554)	(19,812,805)	(27,390)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Purchase of investment securities	(59,281,153)	(6,027,188)	(8,642,370)	(13,966,309)	(2,275,350)	(90,192,370)	(5,744,308)
Sale of illvesting it securities Collateral deposits to counterparties	(4,329,019)	000,000,0	9,336,966		1,316,034	cc0,100,00	
Interest on investments	598,167	73,833	71,374	113,500	21,482	878,356	43,227
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(39,012,005)	46,645	787,992	6,357,201	(935,814)	(28,426,962)	3,055,988
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2011	14,316,938 41,664,092	(4,120,622) 12,430,682	871,907 6,065,964	(3,271,331) 13,021,019	1,253,100 1,091,338	9,049,992 74,273,095	(1,953,533) 5,570,638
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2012	\$ 55,981,030	\$ 8,310,060	\$ 6,937,871	\$ 9,749,688	\$ 2,344,438	\$ 83,323,087	\$ 3,617,105

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds					
					Other	Total	Ō	Governmental Activities -
	City Electric	Rural Electric	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise	Enterprise	U	Internal
	רמוומ	Laila	raila	Lalla	ruilds	rullus	۱^	ei vice ruiius
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 23,011,820	\$ 3,245,109	\$ 3,871,819	\$ 4,472,292	\$ 352,822	\$ 34,953,862	Ş	(2,761,674)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Depreciation	18,700,714	1,902,381	2,422,389	2,520,545	1,072,307	26,618,336		9,741
Bad debts	212,564	57,398				269,962		
Receipts for miscellaneous revenues	996,766		202,196	76,489	207,140	1,392,591		1,037,318
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Change in accounts receivable	2,250,127	194,072	321,127	173,194	718,164	3,656,684		(326,120)
Change in inventory	(224,298)		(4,392)	•	(25,272)	(253,962)		(2,832)
Change in due from other funds	420,623		(130,158)	(908,433)	111,602	(206,366)		17,791
Change in over(un)recovered fuel	2,449,778	(108,915)		•	•	2,340,863		•
Change in prepaid assets	(289,477)	•	(21,200)	(11,630)	10,289	(312,018)		(241,631)
Change in grants receivable		•	77,702		•	77,702		•
Change in accounts payable	853,381	47,659	189,619	(112,096)	(62,840)	915,723		10,955
Change in accrued liabilities	516,072	39,456	24,604	383,510	155,328	1,118,970		567,241
Change in deferred credits					(262, 186)	(262,186)		
Change in customer deposits	422,360	66,197		•	(25,090)	463,467		
Change in due to other funds	284,464	(1,595,098)		(8,391)	(179,208)	(1,498,233)		(4,437)
Change in claims payable		•	•	•	•	•		(437,107)
Change in accrued vacation and sick pay		•	22,086	2,851	121,478	146,415		3,254
Change in post employee benefits	276,957					276,957		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 49,791,851	\$ 3,848,259	\$ 6,975,792	\$ 6,588,331	\$ 2,194,534	\$ 69,398,767	ş	(2,127,501)

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

During this past year, the Enterprise Funds received \$1,043,623 noncash capital contributions from developers consisting of water and sewer infrastructure. The investment in BVSWMA decreased \$730,841 as a result of their operations.

Two internal service funds were closed during the year and capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) totaling \$1,806,465 were transferred to the Enterprise Funds.

ssh equivalents:		5 13,928,705 2,634,008 1,683,513 4,144,243 - 22,390,469	ints \$ 55,981,030 \$ 8,310,060 \$ 6,937,871 \$ 9,749,688 \$ 2,344,438 \$ 83,323,087 \$ 3,617,105
Reconciliation of total cash and cash equivalents:	Current assets - cash and cash equivalents	Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	Total cash and cash equivalents

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Payroll Fund

Payroll Fund As of September 30, 2012

### Assets

671,711	314,452	986,163	
❖		❖	
ıts			
ash and cash equivalents	Accounts receivable	Total assets	
Cash	Acco		

## Liabilities

986,163	986,163
\$	❖
Accounts payable	Total liabilities

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The City of Bryan, Texas (the "City") is a municipal corporation which operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. A discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

#### Blended component units

The BTU QSE Services, Inc. ("the QSE") was created as a result of deregulation of the electric market within the state of Texas. The QSE exists to perform qualified scheduling services of electrical generation for the City of Bryan City Electric Fund. The QSE is a separate legal entity, whose primary purpose is to provide a service to the City. The QSE is reported as an enterprise fund and is combined with City Electric Fund.

Bryan Commerce and Development Incorporated ("BCD") was created to assist and act on behalf of the City in promoting, developing, encouraging, and maintaining employment, commerce, economic development, and public facility development in the City. The Bryan City Council serves as the Board of Directors of BCD. Since the elected officials of the City are financially accountable for BCD and the primary purpose of BCD is to provide a service to the City, BCD is considered a blended component unit. BCD is reported as an enterprise fund.

#### Discretely presented component unit

The City has included the Bryan Business Council, Inc. (the "Council") in its financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, since the City is financially accountable for the entity. The Council, a non-profit corporation, was originally formed to market properties within the City owned Bryan Industrial Park. In addition, the Council currently serves as an economic development arm of the City, and as such, provides a financial benefit to the City. The City provides coverage for the board of directors under the City's officer and employee liability plan and provides office space and limited administrative support to the Council. The Council's board of directors is appointed by and serves at the discretion of the Bryan City Council. The Bryan City Council also directs the work plan and objectives of the Council. Financial statements may be obtained by contacting:

The Bryan Business Council, Inc. P. O. Box 1000 Bryan, Texas 77805

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### **Cooperative Efforts**

In January 2010, the City of Bryan entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with the City of College Station to create a local government corporation under Subchapter D of Chapter 431, Texas Transportation Code, to be known as the Brazos Valley Solid Waste Management Agency, Inc. The purpose of this Corporation is to finance, construct, own, manage and operate the existing and future municipal solid waste landfill facilities on behalf of the two cities. The City's one-half undivided interest in BVSWMA is reported in the Solid Waste Fund (see Note 11).

The City's financial statements do not include the Texas Municipal Power Agency ("TMPA"). TMPA, a separate municipal corporation, is a joint venture entered into by the Texas cities of Bryan, Garland, Denton and Greenville, for the purpose of obtaining the economic advantages of jointly financing, constructing and operating electric generating units to supply the cities' electric energy needs. The eight-member board of directors of TMPA includes two members appointed by the Bryan City Council.

TMPA's management is independent from all cities involved. The City has an ongoing financial interest in TMPA due to the City's guarantee of a portion of TMPA's debt (see Note 10).

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

In fund financial statements the City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

and presented in a single column in the appropriate governmental fund and proprietary fund statements.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the financial resources accumulated for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund is reserved to signify the amounts that are restricted exclusively for debt service expenditures.

Other Governmental Funds is a summarization of all the non-major governmental funds, including Special Revenue, Capital Project and Permanent funds. The purpose and source of revenue for each Special Revenue fund is:

- Grant Fund The source of funds is grants awarded to the City. The use of these funds is restricted by the terms of each grant.
- Community Development Fund The source of funds is federal grants awarded to the City and use of the grant money is restricted by the terms of the grants. Primarily, the Community Development fund provides programs and services to low and moderate income persons.
- Hotel and Motel Room Tax Fund The source of funds is the hotel occupancy tax. The use of these funds is restricted by the tax code of the State of Texas.
- Sidewalks Fund This fund was established by City of Bryan Ordinance to track money from developers and property owners for the construction and maintenance of sidewalks.
- Court Technology Fund This fund was established by City Ordinance and the source of funds is a \$4.00 fee for each case that comes before the City's Municipal Court. These funds are restricted to technology necessary for the Court's operations.
- Street Improvement Fund Per the City of Bryan Code of Ordinances, a transportation user fee was established in order to provide a properly maintained road system. That fee is the source of revenue for this fund. The use of these funds is restricted to the purposes of planning, constructing, operating, monitoring and maintaining the transportation system of the City.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

- Drainage Improvement Fund The drainage fee was established by the City of Bryan Code
  of Ordinances and is the source of funds for this fund. These funds can only be used for the
  City's drainage system.
- Tax Increment Financing Zone #8 The source of funds is the incremental property tax revenue from the appreciated appraised value of this TIFZ. The use of these funds is restricted to the geographical area within this zone.
- Tax Increment Financing Zone #10 The source of funds is the incremental property tax revenue from the appreciated appraised value of this TIFZ. The use of these funds is restricted to the geographical area within this zone.
- Tax Increment Financing Zone #19 The source of funds is the incremental property tax revenue from the appreciated appraised value of this TIFZ. The use of these funds is restricted to the geographical area within this zone.
- Tax Increment Financing Zone #21 The source of funds is the incremental property tax revenue from the appreciated appraised value of this TIFZ. The use of these funds is restricted to the geographical area within this zone.
- Tax Increment Financing Zone #22 The source of funds is the incremental property tax revenue from the appreciated appraised value of this TIFZ. The use of these funds is restricted to the geographical area within this zone.

Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are a determination of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Assets.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. At fiscal year end, the City accrues estimated unbilled revenues (excluding fuel expense) for electric, water and wastewater customers.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The City Electric Fund (Bryan Texas Utilities or BTU) accounts for the activities necessary to provide electric services to the residents of the City. These activities include administration, electric generation, distribution, transmission system operations and maintenance, new construction, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The Rural Electric Fund accounts for the activities necessary to provide electric services to its customers living outside the City and within its service area. These activities include electric distribution, transmission system operations and maintenance, new construction, financing and related debt service. Administrative, billing and collection services are provided by the City Electric Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

The Water Fund accounts for the activities necessary to provide water services to the residents of the City. These activities include administrative services, water production and distribution system operations and maintenance, new construction, financing and related debt service. Billing and collection services are provided by the City Electric Fund under a contractual agreement.

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the activities necessary to provide wastewater collection and treatment services to the residents of the City. These activities include administrative services, wastewater system operations and maintenance, new construction, financing and related debt service. Billing and collection services are provided by the City Electric Fund under a contractual agreement.

Other Enterprise Funds is a summarization of all of the non-major enterprise funds.

Internal service funds account for the City's central warehouse function; administration of self-funded health insurance provided to City employees; and, the City's risk management activities, including general liability and workers' compensation claims and associated administrative expenses on a cost reimbursement basis. Two other internal service funds for the replacement of vehicles and maintenance of facilities were discontinued during the year and the assets were distributed among the City's other funds.

Additionally, a fiduciary fund accounts for the City's payroll funds. Each of the other funds contributes its respective share of personnel costs to the Payroll Fund. Employee wages, associated employment taxes and employee benefits are paid from the fund. This fund is excluded from the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities since the assets are not available to support the City's own programs.

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net assets. The operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers property taxes available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal period. A one hundred twenty (120) day availability period

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for service, investment income and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the City.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to the general rule are payments-in-lieu-of taxes, payments for use of rights-of-way, and other charges between the City's electric, water, wastewater functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers and applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (where applicable). Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, the City has elected to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989 to the extent they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Governments have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

#### **Budgetary Control**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds and the permanent funds. Capital project fund expenditures are effectively controlled through bond indenture provisions. Permanent funds are controlled by the trust agreements which established the funds. All unexpended appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

The City Charter establishes the City's fiscal year as the twelve-month period beginning October 1. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The City's departments submit to the City Manager a budget of estimated expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year. Prior to September 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget of estimated expenditures and revenues.

Upon receipt of the budget estimate the City Council publishes notice of and conducts public hearings on the proposed budget to obtain citizen comment. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the Appropriations Ordinance.

The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended in accordance with the annual appropriations ordinance.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored in the subsequent year.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash for all funds, including restricted cash, but excluding fiduciary fund cash, is pooled into common accounts in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund participating in the pools has an equity interest therein. Investment earnings on these monies are allocated based upon relative equity at month end. An individual fund's pooled cash and investments are available upon demand. Negative balances incurred in pooled cash at fiscal year end are treated as interfund receivables of the General Fund and interfund payables of the deficit fund.

Marketable securities with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

All investments are recorded at fair value based upon quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### <u>Inventories</u>

All inventories are valued at average cost. Inventories owned by the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds are accounted for using the consumption method (an expense is recorded when the inventory item is used).

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

The City allocates to the proprietary funds a percentage of indirect costs incurred to provide general and administrative support services to those funds that are paid through the General Fund.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. To the extent the construction is performed by the City, the cost includes payroll and related costs and certain general and administrative expenses. Interest is not capitalized in these accounts because interest is recovered concurrently in the proprietary fund rate structure. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and three or more years of useful life.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method over the following estimated service lives:

	Estimated Service Lives
Buildings & improvements	15 - 40 years
Water and wastewater systems	40 years
Electric system	20 - 30 years
Electric generating and related equipment	20 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	5 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10 years
Library books	15 years
Software	3 years
Streets	20 years
Sidewalks	20 years
Traffic signals	20 years
Storm drains	35 years
Bridges and culverts	40 years
Works of art and historical treasures	Determined on individual basis

#### Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City has set financial guidelines regarding the retention of General Fund fund balances and reserves, to ensure that adequate funds are available to cover daily operating expenditures and in anticipation of economic downturns or natural disasters. The City Council has adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund minimum fund balance of 60 days of annual operating expense totals.

#### **Bond Issuance Expenses**

Bond issuance expenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of the related maturities, which approximates the interest method.

#### **Fuel Recovery**

The City's electric funds are allowed to recover fuel and purchased power costs through fuel charges to its electric customers. The City defers and accrues any under/over recovered fuel and purchased power costs in excess of the fuel charges until such costs are reflected in billings to customers. This fuel recovery allows for the pass-through of fuel costs to customers and has no impact on the change in net assets.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City's policy in effect during Fiscal Year 2012 allows employees to earn vacation pay at rates of 10 to 20 days per year with unlimited accumulation. Classified employees in the police and fire departments earn vacation at the rate of 15 days per year in accordance with Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 143, until the employee reaches 15 years employment at which time the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

rate of accrual becomes the same rate as that for other city employees. Upon termination, employees with a minimum of one year employment are paid for unused vacation time up to a maximum of two times the employee's annual accrual rate.

City employees earn sick leave at a rate of 10 days per year and are permitted to accrue a maximum of 120 days. Classified employees in the police and fire departments earn sick pay at the rate of 15 days per year in accordance with Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 143, with unlimited accumulation. Upon termination, classified police and fire department employees are paid for any unused sick leave up to a maximum of 90 days. Non-classified employees are paid for accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 240 hours upon termination dependent upon leaving in good standing and being continuously employed for a minimum of twelve months in a regular position.

The City accrues vacation and sick pay when the liability is incurred. Amounts related to governmental fund types are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The liabilities of the governmental fund types are typically liquidated by the General fund and Community Development fund. All amounts related to proprietary fund types are recorded within those funds.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Accounting Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

In March 2012, GASB issued Statements No. 65 and 66. GASB Statement No. 65, <a href="Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities">Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</a>, reclassifies certain assets and liabilities as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. It is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. GASB Statement No. 66, <a href="Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities">Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</a>, reclassifies certain assets and liabilities as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. It is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Statement No. 66, <a href="Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities">Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</a>, reclassifies certain assets and liabilities as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. It is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Statement No. 66, <a href="Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities">Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</a>, reclassifies certain assets and liabilities as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. It is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized with depository insurance or by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities; or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. At year-end, the City's demand deposits at Citibank, N.A. were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's custodial banks

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

(The Bank of New York) in the City's name. At September 30, the carrying amount of the City's demand deposits was \$81,117,721 and the bank balance was \$83,490,365.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The City's investment program is guided by State statutes, by various City ordinances and by the City's investment policy which amplifies those guidelines and prescribes how the City will operate its investment program in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. This policy further sets forth (1) the basic principles governing the investment of City funds; (2) the objectives of the City's investment program; and (3) the authority, responsibilities, limitations, documentation and requirements to be used in the administration and operation of the City's investment program.

Investments authorized by the investment policy are those approved by the revised State of Texas Public Funds Investment Act of 1997. These investments include the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- b. Debentures or discount notes issued by, guaranteed by, or for which the credit of any Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities is pledged for payment;
- c. Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies;
- d. Bonds or other obligations, the principal and interest on which is guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States;
- e. Certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks within the state of Texas that are secured by obligations qualified as acceptable collateral;
- f. Certificates of deposit issued by savings and loan associations within the state of Texas that are secured by obligations qualified as acceptable collateral;
- g. Bankers Acceptances eligible for discounting with the Federal Reserve maturing within 90 days;
- h. Commercial paper with a stated maturity of 180 days or less from the date of issuance that is rated not less than A-1, P-1, F-1 or its equivalent;
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements having a defined termination date of 90 days or less, secured by qualified obligations, pledged with a third party, and placed through a primary government securities dealer as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a bank domiciled in Texas;
- j. Money-market mutual funds that are SEC registered no-load funds with dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less;

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

- k. AAA-rated local government investment pools;
- I. Hedging contracts and related security insurance agreements in relation to BTU fuel and energy supplies to protect against loss due to price fluctuations;
- m. Reverse repurchase agreements are allowed only if the term does not exceed 90 days after delivery, and money received is used to acquire additional authorized investments with a maturity date not to exceed the expiration date stated in the agreement.

The City's investment policy prohibits the substitution of collateral on repurchase agreements without prior approval of the City.

At September 30, 2012, the fair market value of the City's portfolio is as follows:

	Fair <u>Value</u>	Percentage <u>of Total</u>	Wgt. Avg. <u>Maturity</u>	Credit <u>Risk</u>
U. S. Agencies and Instrumentalities Collateral Deposits Investments in Government Pools	\$ 92,698,786 4,329,020 29,470,048	73.28% 3.42% 23.30%	469 days	AAA AAA AAAm
	\$ 126,497,854	100.00%		

The City's investment in government pools includes the deposits in TexPool and TexSTAR. "TexPool" is a local government investment pool created and managed by the Texas State Treasurer to invest funds on behalf of Texas political subdivisions. "TexSTAR" is a local government investment pool created and jointly managed by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank to invest funds on behalf of Texas political subdivisions. TexPool and TexSTAR operate on a \$1.00 net asset value basis and allow same day or next day redemptions and deposits. Interest is allocated daily based on portfolio earnings and participant account balances. The City's investment in TexPool and TexSTAR is stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The fair value of the City's investment is the same as the value of the pool shares. These pools are not managed by the City and the City does not possess securities that exist in either physical or book entry form.

Under the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, government investment pools must maintain an AAA or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency. TexPool and TexSTAR are currently rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

The revenue bond ordinances require disclosure of the investments held by the reserve fund. Sufficient investments exist in the pool to adequately meet reserve fund requirements. A detailed list of those securities is available in the office of the Chief Financial Officer.

Custodial Risk – City deposits in excess of the \$250,000 amount covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") must be secured by authorized securities with a market value equal to or greater than 105% of the total deposits. At September 30, 2012, all City deposits were insured or adequately collateralized.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Interest Rate Risk — As of September 30, 2011, the City minimized the risk associated with the decline in market value of securities due to rising interest rates (interest rate risk) by maintaining a "buy and hold" strategy whereby investment securities are purchased with the intent to hold the securities in the portfolio until maturity. Additionally, the City's Investment Policy limits the weighted average maturity of all securities and Certificates of Deposit in the City's portfolio to no more than three years at any given time. The City's investment strategy acts to reduce interest rate risk through investing funds to meet cash flow requirements; monitoring the credit ratings of portfolio investments to assure compliance with the Investment Policy and the Texas Public Funds Investment Act; and investing in a diversified portfolio of assets including obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, money market mutual funds, and government investment pools.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk – In compliance with the City's Investment Policy and the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, the City managed credit risk through portfolio diversification by limiting investments to avoid over concentration in securities from a specific issuer; limiting investments in securities with high credit risk; and investing in securities with varying maturities. The City has established the following standards for the portfolio: at all times, at least ten (10) percent of the total portfolio shall be invested in securities maturing in 90 days or less; investments in any single money market fund shall never exceed fifteen (15) percent of the total assets of the money market fund; no more than 70% of the City's portfolio shall be invested in Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities; and no more than 20% of the portfolio was invested in certificates of deposit. At September 30, 2012, 73.28% of the City's portfolio was invested in U.S. Agencies and Instrumentalities including 50.03% in Federal Home Loan Bank securities, 38.88% in Federal National Mortgage Association securities and 11.09% in Farm Credit System Banks. In particular, 34.55% of the City's portfolio will mature in 90-days or less including all monies in government investment pools which are considered overnight investments.

Foreign Currency Risk – By virtue of the City's Investment Policy and the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, the City is not exposed to foreign currency risk because the City is not authorized to maintain deposits or investments denominated in a foreign currency.

#### 3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City. Taxable assessed value represents the appraisal value less applicable exemptions authorized by the City Council.

Taxes are due on October 1, and are delinquent after the following January 31. Tax liens are automatic and become enforceable as of January 1 of each year. Delinquent taxes are subject to interest and penalty charges. The tax rate to finance general governmental services including debt service was 63.64 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for the year ended September 30, 2012. Under provisions adopted by the City, the maximum tax rate is limited to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

The Brazos County Appraisal District ("Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of property for all taxing units in the County. The Appraisal District is required to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every three years. The City may, at its own expense, require annual reviews by the Appraisal District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this system, if the rate, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8% above the tax rate of the previous year.

The Appraisal District bills and collects the property taxes of the City.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 follows:

	Balance	Additions /	Retirements /	Balance
	October 1	Completions	Adjustments	September 30
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	11,570,401	-	-	11,570,401
Construction in Progress	16,604,018	4,372,382	(13,155,751)	7,820,649
Total capital assets not being depreciated	28,174,419	4,372,382	(13,155,751)	19,391,050
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	42,752,179	-	-	42,752,179
Equipment	30,948,492	865,055	(3,166,639)	28,646,908
Improvements	30,938,672	354,481	-	31,293,153
Infrastructure	157,675,550	13,445,203	-	171,120,753
Total capital assets being depreciated	262,314,893	14,664,739	(3,166,639)	273,812,993
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(12,773,037)	(1,052,987)	_	(13,826,024)
Equipment	(16,693,015)	(2,702,740)	1,356,202	(18,039,553)
Improvements	(17,674,240)	(1,257,511)	-	(18,931,751)
Infrastructure	(66,006,031)	(6,076,193)	_	(72,082,224)
Total accumulated depreciation	(113,146,323)	(11,089,431)	1,356,202	(122,879,552)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	149,168,570	3,575,308	(1,810,437)	150,933,441
Governmental activities capital assets, net	177,342,989	7,947,690	(14,966,188)	170,324,491
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	15,554,349	24,747	(100,904)	15,478,192
Construction In Progress	24,205,583	47,517,343	(21,595,872)	50,127,054
Total capital assets not being depreciated	39,759,932	47,542,090	(21,696,776)	65,605,246
			-	
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings	2,896,988	495,127		3,392,115
Equipment	10,996,686	4,139,854	(2,187,581)	12,948,959
			. , , ,	
Improvements	586,785,857 600,679,531	21,794,558 26,429,539	(9,872,900) (12,060,481)	598,707,515 615,048,589
Total capital assets being depreciated	000,079,331	20,429,339	(12,000,461)	013,048,383
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,302,876)	(138,780)	-	(1,441,656)
Equipment	(8,156,829)	(1,336,234)	1,211,955	(8,281,108)
Improvements	(206,706,271)	(16,842,607)	2,919,611	(220,629,267)
Total accumulated depreciation	(216,165,976)	(18,317,621)	4,131,566	(230,352,030)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	384,513,555	8,111,918	(7,928,915)	384,696,559
Business-type activities capital assets, net	424,273,487	55,654,008	(29,625,691)	450,301,805

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government and administration	\$ 1,324,716
Development services	608,958
Public works services	6,038,137
Public safety	2,048,454
Cultural and recreational	1,069,166
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 11,089,431
Business-type activities:	
City Electric	\$ 10,399,999
Rural Electric	1,902,381
Water	2,422,389
Wastewater	2,520,545
Other Enterprise Funds	1,072,307
Total depreciation expense - Business-type activities	\$ 18,317,621

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2012. Total accumulated commitments for ongoing capital projects are composed of the following:

	<u>Committed</u>
Street improvements	\$ 2,529,052
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #8	
- public infrastructure improvements	1,709
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #21	
- public infrastructure improvements	7,500
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #22	
- public infrastructure improvements	30,825
Water system improvements	761,592
Wastewater system improvements	4,566,346
Total	\$ 7,897,024

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions (except vacation and sick pay and claims and judgments) for the year ended September 30, 2012:

	Beginning			Matured/		Ending	Due within	
	 Balance	 Issued	Refunded		Balance		one year	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 27,680,000	\$ -	\$	2,155,000	\$	25,525,000	\$	2,220,000
Certificates of Obligation	74,982,500	-		4,327,344		70,655,156		3,992,739
Notes Payable	 1,940,000	-		220,000		1,720,000		230,000
Total governmental fund types	104,602,500	-		6,702,344		97,900,156		6,442,739
Business-type Activities:								
Certificates of Obligation	10,817,500	-		1,072,656		9,744,844		1,077,261
Electric System Revenue Bonds	174,095,000	65,675,000		28,635,000		211,135,000		11,020,000
Water and Sewer System								
Revenue Bonds	71,475,000	-		3,310,000		68,165,000		3,415,000
Notes Payable	1,893,792			-		1,893,792		1,893,792
Total proprietary fund types	258,281,292	65,675,000		33,017,656		290,938,636		17,406,053
Total long-term debt	\$ 362,883,792	\$ 65,675,000	\$	39,720,000	\$	388,838,792	\$	23,848,792

Long-term debt at September 30, 2012 consists of bonds, certificates of obligation, and notes maturing serially and is summarized as follows:

<u>Issue</u>		Interest Rates (%)		Go	overnmental	Business- type			Total
General Obligation Bonds:									
Refunding, Series 2005	4.00	- 5.00	2025	\$	16,155,000	\$	_	\$	16,155,000
Refunding, Series 2010	2.00	- 4.00	2021	·	9,370,000	\$	_	Ċ	9,370,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					25,525,000		-		25,525,000
Certificates of Obligation:					_				
Combination Tax & Surplus Utility									
System Revenue, Series 2001	4.35	- 6.50	2021		300,156		29,844		330,000
Combination Tax & Surplus Utility									
System Revenue, Series 2003	4.00	- 4.60	2024		7,120,000		-		7,120,000
Combination Tax & Revenue, Series 2004	2.50	- 4.75	2025		10,285,000		_		10,285,000
Combination Tax & Revenue, Series 2005	4.00	- 5.00	2026		13,175,000		_		13,175,000
Combination Tax & Revenue, Series 2007	4.00	- 4.25	2026		10,610,000		_		10,610,000
Combination Tax & Revenue, Series 2008	4.00	- 5.00	2028		9,195,000		_		9,195,000
Combination Tax & Revenue, Series 2009	3.00	- 5.00	2029		7,535,000		_		7,535,000
Combination Tax & Revenue, Series 2010	2.00	- 4.38	2030		12,435,000		_		12,435,000
Combination Tax & Revenue Refunding									, ,
Series 2011	2.00	- 4.00	2022		-		9,715,000		9,715,000
Total Certificates of Obligation					70,655,156		9,744,844		80,400,000
Payanua Pands									
Revenue Bonds:									
Water and Sewer System Revenue,	2.50	г оо	2030				2 710 000		2 710 000
Series 2004	2.50	- 5.00	2030		-		3,710,000		3,710,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue,	4.00	4.75	2024				F 470 000		F 470 000
Series 2005	4.00	- 4.75	2031		-		5,470,000		5,470,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue,	4.00	F 00	2022				22 720 000		22 720 000
Series 2007	4.00	- 5.00	2032		-		32,720,000		32,720,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue,	2.00	4.64	2020				F 070 000		F 070 000
Series 2009A	2.00	- 4.64	2029		-		5,070,000		5,070,000
Sewer System Revenue,	0.45	2.60	2010				020 000		020 000
Series 2009B	0.15	- 2.60	2019		-		920,000		920,000
Water Revenue, Series 2010A	2.00	- 4.25	2030		-		4,790,000		4,790,000
Sewer System Revenue,	0.00	2.70	2020				45 405 000		45 405 000
Series 2011	0.00	- 2.70	2030				15,485,000		15,485,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2005	4.00	- 4.50	2025		-		9,810,000		9,810,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2006	4.00	- 5.00	2031		-		10,435,000		10,435,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2007	4.25	- 5.25	2032		-		28,415,000		28,415,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2008	4.00	- 5.25	2033		-		29,605,000		29,605,000
Electric System Revenue Rural, Series 2008	3.50	- 4.75	2034		-		5,740,000		5,740,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2009	4.00	- 5.00	2034		-		23,065,000		23,065,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2010	3.00	- 5.00	2019		-		35,845,000		35,845,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2011	3.00	- 5.00	2021		-		2,785,000		2,785,000
Electric System Revenue, Series 2012	3.13	- 5.00	2037		-		65,435,000		65,435,000
Total Revenue Bonds				\$	-	\$	279,300,000	\$	279,300,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

<u>Issue</u>		nterest etes (%)	Series Matures	Governmental			Business- type	Total	
Notes Payable:									
Department of Housing & Urban									
Development Section 108 Loans	4.00	- 8.60	2009-2018	\$	1,720,000	\$	-	\$	1,720,000
Bryan Commerce & Development									
Promissory Note	6.17		2013		-		1,893,792		1,893,792
Total Notes Payable					1,720,000		1,893,792		3,613,792
Total long-term debt				\$	97,900,156	\$	290,938,636	\$	388,838,792

Debt service requirements to maturity for all bonds, certificates of obligation, contractual obligations and notes payable are summarized as follows:

General Obligation	Bon	<u>ds</u> Governmei	ntal Ac	tivities		Business-typ	ο Activ	<i>j</i> itios		
Voor			itui Ac		-		C ACII			Total
<u>Year</u>	۲.	Principal	۲.	Interest	۸.	<u>Principal</u>	۲.	<u>Interest</u>	۲.	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$	2,220,000	\$	1,092,175	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,312,175
2014		2,310,000		1,009,675		-		-	\$	3,319,675
2015		2,390,000		923,425		-		-	\$	3,313,425
2016		2,495,000		839,175		-		-	\$	3,334,175
2017		2,295,000		734,825		-		-	\$	3,029,825
2018-2022		10,405,000		2,074,875		-		-	\$	12,479,875
2023-2027		3,410,000		328,950		-		-	\$	3,738,950
Total	\$	25,525,000	\$	7,003,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,528,100
Certificates of Obli	gatio	n		_		_		_		
		Governme	ntal Ac	tivities		Business-typ	e Activ	vities		
<u>Year</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2013	\$	3,992,739	\$	2,987,562	\$	1,077,261	\$	313,676	\$	8,371,238
2014		4,156,835		2,840,374		1,103,165		292,071		8,392,445
2015		4,171,835		2,674,216		963,165		258,921		8,068,137
2016		4,211,835		2,503,885		993,165		229,967		7,938,852
2017		4,326,835		2,342,717		1,028,165		200,109		7,897,826
2017		7,320,033		,- ,						
2018-2022		23,505,077		8,886,493		4,579,923		495,842		37,467,335
						4,579,923 -		495,842 -		37,467,335 25,547,259
2018-2022		23,505,077		8,886,493		4,579,923 - -		495,842 - -		
2018-2022 2023-2027	\$	23,505,077 22,010,000	\$	8,886,493 3,537,259	\$	4,579,923 - - - 9,744,844	\$	495,842 - - 1,790,586	\$	25,547,259

Revenue Bonds									
		Governmer	ntal Ac	tivities		Business-typ	e Act	ivities	
<u>Year</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,435,000	\$	12,217,743	\$ 26,652,743
2014		-		-		14,550,000		11,699,486	26,249,486
2015		-		-		16,030,000		11,141,235	27,171,235
2016		-		-		16,525,000		10,421,960	26,946,960
2017		-		-		16,000,000		9,725,825	25,725,825
2018-2022		-		-		81,805,000		36,944,914	118,749,914
2023-2027		-		-		50,365,000		22,799,771	73,164,771
2028-2032		-		-		51,220,000		11,123,812	62,343,812
2033-2037						18,370,000		1,960,469	 20,330,469
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	279,300,000	\$	128,035,215	\$ 407,335,215
<u>Notes</u>						_			
<u>ivotes</u>		Governmer	ntal Ac	tivities		Business-typ	e Act	civities	
<u>Year</u>		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Principal		Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$	230,000	\$	112,648	\$	1,893,792	\$	58,000	\$ 2,294,440
2014		255,000		98,089		-		-	353,089
2015		290,000		81,743		-		-	371,743
2016		300,000		62,922		-		-	362,922
2017		320,000		43,152		-		-	363,152
2018		325,000		21,840		-		-	346,840
Total	\$	1,720,000	\$	420,393	\$	1,893,792	\$	58,000	\$ 4,092,185
Total Long Term De	<u>ebt</u>	Governmer	ntal Ac	tivities		Business-typ	ne Act	ivities	
<u>Year</u>	-	Principal	101710	Interest	-	Principal Principal	76 7 161	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013		6,442,739		4,192,385		17,406,053		12,589,419	40,630,596
2014		6,721,835		3,948,138		15,653,165		11,991,557	38,314,695
2015		6,851,835		3,679,384		16,993,165		11,400,156	38,924,540
2016		7,006,835		3,405,982		17,518,165		10,651,927	38,582,909
2017		6,941,835		3,120,694		17,028,165		9,925,934	37,016,628
2018-2022		34,235,077		10,983,208		86,384,923		37,440,756	169,043,964
2023-2027		25,420,000		3,866,209		50,365,000		22,799,771	102,450,980
2028-2032		4,280,000		307,145		51,220,000		11,123,812	66,930,957
2033-2037		-		-		18,370,000		1,960,469	20,330,469
Total	\$	97,900,156	\$	33,503,144	\$	290,938,636	\$	129,883,801	\$ 552,225,737

On April 4, 2012, the City Electric Fund issued revenue and refunding bonds totaling \$65,675,000. The Bonds mature serially on July 1, 2012 through July 1, 2037 with coupon rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The proceeds from the sale of the 2012 Bonds are restricted to the construction of transmission system improvements, the acquisition and installation of automated metering, and refunding portions of outstanding bonds.

A portion of the 2012 Bonds was allocated to repay outstanding principal of the City Electric Fund's 2001 Bonds and 2010 Bonds (\$3,095,000 and \$13,965,000, respectively). Gross and net savings realized in this refunding totaled \$1,571,010 and \$1,370,204, respectively. At the issuance date of the 2012 Bonds, the net carrying value of the refunded 2001 Bonds and 2010 Bonds exceeded the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

reacquisition price of the refunding portion of the new 2012 Bonds. The City Electric Fund recognized a gain on refunded debt in the liabilities section (current and noncurrent) in the Statement of Net Assets. The gain is amortized over 3.5 years, which is the weighted average life of the old refunded debt. At September 30, 2012, the unamortized gain on refunded debt was \$575,441.

The net revenues of the City Electric Fund, Rural Electric Fund, Water and Wastewater Systems are pledged for the payment of each funds' respective revenue bonds. Net revenues, as defined by the various revenue bond ordinances, include substantially all of the revenues and expenses of each respective system other than certain interest income and expense and depreciation and amortization. These bond ordinances further require that the net revenues as defined equal at least 1.10 times the average annual debt service on all outstanding City Electric Fund revenue bonds, 1.20 times the average annual debt service on all outstanding Rural Electric Fund revenue bonds and 1.25 times the average annual debt service on all outstanding Water and Wastewater System revenue bonds.

Under the terms of the bond covenants, City Electric and Rural Electric Funds are required to maintain minimum reserve fund requirements equal to approximately one year of debt service requirements. The reserve fund requirements may be satisfied by cash, letter of credit or an insurance policy. The reserve fund requirements for the Series 2005, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 Bonds are satisfied with restricted funds. The reserve fund requirements for the City Electric Fund Series 2006 and Series 2007 bonds are satisfied with insurance policies, as are the Rural Electric Fund's Series 2008 bonds.

The ordinance authorizing the Waterworks and Sewer System revenue bonds stipulates that the City will deposit certain amounts into a reserve fund for the purpose of retiring the last of the bonds as they become due or to pay principal of and interest on the outstanding bonds if necessary. The ordinance also allows the City to replace or substitute a credit facility for cash or investments on deposit in the reserve fund. For the Series 2001, 2004, 2005 and 2007 bonds, the City has exercised the option to replace the reserve fund requirement with a surety bond.

The City reserves the right at any time to merge its City Electric Fund and its Rural Electric Fund into a single operating electric utility system. The merger of the Rural Electric Division would not have an adverse impact on the bondholders.

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the City to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the federal government. As provided for by the bond ordinances, this amount has been recorded as a liability in the Proprietary funds for the benefit of the federal government and will be paid as required by applicable regulations.

Changes in the accrual for unpaid vacation and sick pay are detailed below:

	vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total		
Beginning balance	\$ 5,308,403	\$	879,537	\$ 6,187,940		
Plus additions	2,460,899		596,057	3,056,956		
Less payments	 (2,038,690)		(599,748)	(2,638,438)		
Ending balance	\$ 5,730,612	\$	875,846	\$ 6,606,458		
Amount due in one year	\$ 2,216,264	\$	551,744	\$ 2,768,008		
Amount due in over one year	\$ 3,514,348	\$	324,102	\$ 3,838,450		

#### 6. PRIOR-YEAR DEFEASANCE OF DEBT

In prior years, the City defeased certain outstanding general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation and revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

As of September 30, 2012, the City had outstanding General Obligation bonds and Certificates of Obligation totaling \$12,030,000 which were considered defeased.

#### 7. BONDS AVAILABLE FOR SALE

Authorized general obligation bonds available for future issue are as follows:

	Year Authorized	Unissued Amount
Streets	1984	\$ 8,225,000
Parks and Recreation Facilities	1984	1,775,000
Railroad Grade Separation	1984	2,850,000
Sanitary Landfill	1984	200,000
Total		\$13,050,000

During the fiscal year 1984, the City Council voted to comply with the option provided by state law that does not require voter approval on revenue bonds prior to issuance.

#### 8. NATURE AND PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION OF FUND EQUITY

The fund balance classifications for Governmental Funds are:

• Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
  are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts restricted due to
  constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
  are internally imposed by the City through formal action by the City Council. In order for
  fund balance to be committed, the City Council must adopt a formal resolution stating the
  purpose for which the fund balance is committed. These committed amounts cannot be
  used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by
  taking the same type of action (for example, resolution or ordinance) it employed to
  previously commit these amounts.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are self-imposed by the City to be used for a
  particular purpose. Fund balance can be assigned by the City Manager, the Chief Financial
  Officer or their designee.
- Unassigned includes the residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Similarly, committed fund balances are reduced first followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications are available.

The City's classification of fund balances is as follows at September 30, 2012:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Permanent Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Permanent Funds Corpus	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 777,742	\$ 777,742
Other Purposes	241,366	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	241,366
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	-	5,945,264	-	-	-	5,945,264
Grants	119,819	-	10,863	-	-	130,682
Hotel/Motel	-	-	610,183	-	-	610,183
Municipal Court	322,391	-	287,722	-	-	610,113
TIRZ Development	-	-	3,036,268	-	-	3,036,268
Capital Projects	-	-	-	3,597,077	-	3,597,077
Cemeteries	-	-	-	-	1,028,230	1,028,230
Libraries	-	-	-	-	3,664	3,664
Police	110,904	-	-	-	-	110,904
Record Preservation	69,823	-	-	-	-	69,823
Other Purposes	34,849	-	700	-	-	35,549
Committed to:						
Parks	735,481	-	-	-	-	735,481
Libraries	212,544	-	-	-	-	212,544
Streets	-	-	10,097,187	-	-	10,097,187
Drainage	-	-	702,807	-	-	702,807
Severance Reserve	1,380,940	-	-	-	-	1,380,940
Assigned to:						
Encumbrances	193,524	-	-	-	-	193,524
Unassigned (Deficit):	12,721,175		(104)			12,721,071
Total fund balances	\$ 16,142,816	\$ 5,945,264	\$ 14,745,626	\$ 3,597,077	\$ 1,809,636	\$ 42,240,419

Net assets have been restricted at September 30, 2012 as follows:

					Waste	0	ther			
Restricted for:	Electric		Water		Water		Water	Enterprise		 Total
Rate Stabilization	\$ 1,678,841	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,678,841		
Debt Retirement	11,558,189		-		-		-	11,558,189		
Debt Service	3,066,038		865,548		1,063,995		-	4,995,581		
<b>Collateral Deposits</b>	4,329,019		-		-		-	4,329,019		
BVSWMA					-	12,	213,397	12,213,397		
Total	\$ 20,632,087	\$	865,548	\$	1,063,995	\$ 12,	213,397	\$ 34,775,027		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN

#### Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

The City of Bryan is one of 847 municipalities having their benefit plan administered by TMRS. Each of the 847 municipalities has an annual, individual actuarial valuation performed. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percentage had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 5 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Plan Year 2011	Plan Year 2012
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed		
as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
COLA Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

In 2012, the City reduced future retiree annual Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLAs) to 60% of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) effective January 1, 2013.

#### Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as a basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 8,359,770
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	388,974
Adjustment to the ARC	 (334,363)
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	8,414,382
Contributions Made	(7,403,380)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	1,011,001
Net Pension Obligation/(Asset), beginning of year	5,556,778
Net Pension Obligation/(Asset), end of year	\$ 6,567,779

The net pension obligation is included in noncurrent accrued liabilities on the accompanying Statement of Net Assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### Historical data is as follows:

					Percenta	ge	N	et Pension
Fiscal	Anı	nual Pension		Annual	of APC		0	bligation at
Year		Cost (APC)	Co	ontribution	Contribut	ed	Se	ptember 30
09/30/10	\$	8,718,507	\$	6,621,877	75.96	5%	\$	3,683,734
09/30/11		8,939,677		7,066,633	79.05	5%		5,556,778
09/30/12		8,414,382		7,403,380	87.99	)%		6,567,779

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2012 were determined as part of the December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2011, also follows:

Valuation date	12/31/2009	12/31/2010	<u>12/31/2011</u>
Actuarial cost method	Projected	Projected	Projected
	Unit Credit	Unit Credit	Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Percent	Level Percent	Level Percent
	of Payroll	of Payroll	of Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single	28.2 years;	27.2 years;	26.2 years;
Amortization Period	closed period	closed period	closed period
Amortization Period for	30 years	30 years	30 years
new Gains/Losses			
Asset valuation method	10-year Smoothed	10-year Smoothed	10-year Smoothed
	Market	Market	Market
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	7.5%	7.0%	7.0%
Projected salary increases	Varies by age &	Varies by age &	Varies by age &
Trojected salary meredaes	service	service	service
Included inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

### **Funding Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status as of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

						UAAL as a
		Actuarial				Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial Value	Accrued Liability	Funded	Unfunded AAL	Covered	of Covered
Valuation Date	of Assets	(AAL)	Ratio	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			(1) / (2)	(2) - (1)		(4) / (5)
12/31/2011	\$ 181,556,932	\$ 239,737,958	75.7%	\$ 58,181,026	\$ 44,508,267	130.7%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

#### 10. TEXAS MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY

The Texas Municipal Power Agency ("TMPA") was created in July 1975 by concurrent ordinances of the Texas cities of Bryan, Denton, Garland, and Greenville ("Cities") pursuant to Acts 1995 64<sup>th</sup> Leg. Ch 143, sec 1 (the "Act"). Under the provisions of the Act, TMPA is a separate municipal corporation. TMPA is exempt from federal income tax under section 115 of the Internal Revenue code.

In September 1976, TMPA entered into identical Power Sales Contracts (the "Contract") with each of the Cities for the purpose of obtaining the economic advantages of jointly financing, constructing and operating large electric generating units and related facilities to supply the Cities' future energy needs. Under the Contract, the Cities are required to pay, for the benefits received or to be received by them from such activities, an amount sufficient to pay TMPA's operating and maintenance expenses and the Bond Fund, Reserve Fund and Contingency Fund requirements of the Revenue Bond Resolutions ("Resolutions"). In addition, the Cities are obligated to guarantee the payment of TMPA's bonds (the "Debt Service Guarantee"). At September 30, 2012 the City's

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

portion of the outstanding TMPA bonds and commercial paper was approximately \$138.8 million and \$46.2 million, respectively.

As originally written in September 1976, the Contract was a requirements contract, which obligated the Cities, with certain exceptions, to purchase their wholesale electricity requirements from TMPA. On November 5, 1997, the Contract was amended. Under the amendment, the Contract was converted from a requirements contract to a take-or-pay contract, under which each City is obligated to take or pay for a specified percentage of electricity from TMPA's generating facility. Currently, those percentages are Bryan 21.7%; Denton 21.3%; Garland 47%; and Greenville 10%. The amendment confirmed the Cities' obligations, explained above, to pay all costs of TMPA. The Debt Service Guarantee, contained in the Contract since September 1976, was not changed by the amendment. Concurrently with the execution of the amendment on November 5, 1997, a Travis County District Court validated the Contract as amended and confirmed the authority of TMPA to enter into the amendment.

TMPA operates the Gibbons Creek Steam Electric Station ("Gibbons Creek"), a coal-fired generating plant located in Grimes County, Texas with a net generating capability of 462 MW. The plant began commercial operation October 1, 1983.

In 1998, a dispute arose between TMPA and the City of Bryan over the inclusion by TMPA, in TMPA's budget and rates, of transmission charges associated with the delivery of Gibbons Creek power to the Member Cities. This dispute resulted in a series of administrative proceedings at the Public Utility Commission of Texas (the "PUC Cases") that were ultimately appealed to the courts in a lawsuit between TMPA and Bryan in Grimes County District Court (the "Grimes County Suit"). In 2008, a dispute arose between TMPA and Bryan over TMPA's attempt to restructure its debt through passage of a bond resolution, which would have extended the term of the Contract. This dispute resulted in a bond validation suit in Travis County Texas (the "Bond Validation Suit"). The Member Cities of Denton, Garland, and Greenville supported TMPA's position in the Grimes County Suit and in the Bond Validation Suit.

Effective December 17, 2009, TMPA and the Member Cities settled all of the above disputes by entering into a Global Compromise Settlement Agreement. Pursuant to the Global Compromise Settlement Agreement, the following matters have been implemented:

- The Bond Validation Suit and the Grimes County Suit have been dismissed. The PUC Cases have been ordered remanded to the PUC for reissuance of agreed orders that are neutral on the issue that had been in dispute.
- The parties have agreed that TMPA will provide bundled transmission service to all Member Cities while the Contract remains in effect, and that TMPA will provide unbundled service thereafter.
- The Member Cities have issued debt (i) to provide \$98,500,000 for TMPA's scrubber refurbishment project and (ii) to refinance \$56,935,000 of TMPA's Series 2003 Subordinate

Lien Bonds, \$77,335,000 of TMPA's Series 2004 Subordinate Lien Bonds, and \$61,385,000 of TMPA's Series 2004A Subordinate Lien Bonds.

- TMPA and the Member Cities have, effective June 24, 2010, amended the Contract to permit the issuance by TMPA of transmission debt without extending the term of the Contract. On that same date, TMPA's Board of Directors adopted a bond resolution for the issuance of TMPA's first series of transmission debt, the Series 2010, Subordinate Lien Revenue/Transmission Revenue Converting Security Refunding Bonds. The Series 2010 Bonds, which mature on September 1, 2040, and which were in the par amount of \$122,375,000, were delivered on August 30, 2010. Following the date all non-transmission debt is paid and the Contract expires, currently anticipated to be September 1, 2018, the Series 2010 will be payable solely from revenues of TMPA's transmission system.
- TMPA and the Member Cities have agreed that, except for transmission debt, TMPA will not issue bonds without obtaining the consent of the Member Cities.

During the year ended September 30, 2012, the City Electric Fund paid TMPA \$24,841,070 for power purchases and related activity under the contract. As of September 30, 2012 the City Electric Fund had payables to TMPA amounting to \$2,811,628.

As of September 30, 2012, TMPA was involved in a transportation rate dispute with one of its coal suppliers. Both parties were engaged in commercial negotiations that are expected to result in a resolution of all outstanding issues. The City Electric Fund accrued its portion of the projected liability resulting from this dispute; which was approximately \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2012.

The TMPA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2012 reported the following:

	2012
\$ 1	,157,572,000
1	,105,714,000
\$	51,858,000
\$	379,000
	•

TMPA's audited financial statements may be obtained by writing TMPA, P.O. Box 7000, Bryan, TX 77805.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 11. BRAZOS VALLEY SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT AGENCY

In May 1990, the City of Bryan and the City of College Station entered into an interlocal agreement to combine landfill operations and minimize solid waste management costs by creating the Brazos Valley Solid Waste Management Agency (BVSWMA). The Agreement was subsequently amended in 2000 and 2003. The agreement as amended, recognized the approval of both city councils as required in matters related to BVSWMA's operating budget, "tipping fees," operations, land acquisitions and purchases that require either City Council's approval. The Agreement further stated that all property then contributed or later acquired for use by BVSWMA be held by the cities as tenants in common.

In January 2010, the City of Bryan and the City of College Station approved an interlocal agreement (ILA) creating a local government corporation (LGC), BVSWMA, Inc., which owns and manages BVSWMA. The ILA describes the process for the creation of the LGC and the development of agreements to creation of the LGC, the transfer of the assets of BVSWMA to the LGC, the reimbursement of debt associated with the assets of BVSWMA and the financing, operation and management of BVSWMA.

The City Councils of Bryan and College Station approved Articles of Incorporation in February 2010. In March 2010, both City Councils approved the Bylaws for BVSWMA, Inc., which establishes the power to issue debt and to acquire land. The powers of BVSWMA, Inc. are vested in a seven member Board of Directors, with each City Council appointing three members. The seventh member is selected by an approval process set forth in the Articles of Incorporation and is deemed to have been appointed by the Cities.

On September 13, 2010, the City Councils of Bryan and College Station, in conjunction with the BVSWMA, Inc. Board of Directors, formalized the creation of BVSWMA, Inc. and the dissolution of BVSWMA, effective October 1, 2010, with the approval and execution of:

- Borrowed Employee Agreement between each City and BVSWMA, Inc.
- Asset Transfer and Debt Reimbursement Agreement between each City and BVSWMA, Inc.
- Agreement between the City of Bryan, the City of College Station and BVSWMA, Inc. regarding the assignment and assumption of contracts and payables
- Final Settlement Agreement and Release related to the final settlement and dismissal of the certain lawsuit referred to as City of Bryan, Texas v. City of College Station, Texas, Cause No. 08-001626-CV-272 in the 272<sup>nd</sup> District court of Brazos County, Texas

In October 2010, BVSWMA transferred all of its assets to BVSWMA, Inc. The City of Bryan and the City of College Station each recognize a 50% ownership in BVSWMA, Inc. The City of Bryan's 50% ownership is reflected in the Solid Waste Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

BVSWMA's audited annual financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2012 reported the following:

	 2012
Total Assets	\$ 40,040,840
Total Liabilities	 15,614,047
Total Net Assets	\$ 24,426,793
Change in net assets for the year ended September 30, 2012	\$ (197,654)
Bryan's undivided 50% share of change in net assets	
for the year ended September 30, 2012	\$ (98,827)

Audited financial statements for BVSWMA, Inc. may be obtained from the City's Fiscal Services Department or from BVSWMA, Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

## 12. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2012 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	City Electric Solid Waste Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 33,974 2,988 223,027
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Nonmajor governmental funds City Electric	80,000 1,249,392 117,014
City Electric	Rural Electric General	2,434,409 87,019
Water	City Electric	322,775
Wastewater	City Electric Nonmajor governmental funds	283,446 771,904
Nonmajor enterprise funds	City Electric	166,413
Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	26,493
Internal service funds	City Electric	132,502
Total		\$ 5,931,356

Interfund receivable and payable balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and payments between funds are made. The interfund balances presented agree with the sum of interfund balances in the statements of net assets for governmental funds and for proprietary funds.

## 13. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2012 are as follows:

							Tra	nsfers Out								
Transfers In	General Fund					City Electric Fund		Water Fund		Wastewater Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9	9,170,222	\$	633,140	\$	643,528	\$	367,546	\$	287,347	\$	11,101,783
Debt Service		158,800		3,016,948		-		-		-		129,000				3,304,748
Nonmajor govern- mental funds		295,000		2,146,816		-		40,000		40,000		40,000				2,561,816
City Electric Fund		-		223,668		-		-		-		467,086		-		690,754
Water Fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		678,824		678,824
Wastewater Fund		49,056		326,904		-		-		-		34,628		873,533		1,284,121
Nonmajor enter- prise funds Internal service funds		116,534 -		- -		-		-		-		-		2,821,393 323,398		2,937,927 323,398
General Capital Assets		-		-						-		-		5,099,866		5,099,866
Total transfers out	\$	619,390	\$	5,714,336	\$ 9	9,170,222	\$	673,140	\$	683,528	\$	1,038,260	\$	10,084,361	\$	27,983,237

Transfers are primarily used to move funds from:

- The proprietary funds to the General Fund for use of City owned rights-of-way and as payments in lieu of property taxes
- The proprietary funds to the Debt Service Fund as payments in lieu of property taxes
- The Capital Project Funds to the Water and Wastewater Funds as incidental utility system improvements made relative to street and drainage capital improvement projects
- The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Funds to the Debt Service Fund and Bryan Commerce and Development, Inc. for debt service payments as they become due
- Funds that are no longer needed and are closed by transferring all balances to other appropriate funds

The sum of all transfers presented agrees with the sum of interfund transfers presented in the governmental and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### 14. ADMINISTRATIVE ALLOCATIONS TO OTHER FUNDS

The General Fund provides general and administrative support services to the City Electric Fund, Rural Electric Fund, Wastewater Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Insurance Fund, TIRZ funds, Special Projects Fund, Employee Benefits Fund and the Oil and Gas Fund. Costs of these services are allocated as follows:

	General Fund			
Administrative costs allocated to:				
City Electric Fund	\$	486,285		
Water Fund		806,299		
Wastewater Fund		772,812		
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund (Solid Waste Fund)		718,389		
Internal Service Fund (Insurance Fund)		224,831		
Street Improvement		174,450		
Drainage Fund		59,500		
Employee Benefits Fund		161,694		
Warehouse Fund		111,443		
	\$	3,515,703		

#### 15. UNAVAILABLE AND UNEARNED REVENUE

The balance of unavailable and unearned revenues at September 30, 2012 consists of the following:

	Unavailable		Unearned		Totals	
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	140,234	\$	-	\$	140,234
Delinquent property taxes receivable (Debt Service Fund)		65,043		-		65,043
Street and drainage assessments receivable (General Fund)		116,431		-		116,431
Notes receivable (Debt Service fund)		-	1	,070,000		1,070,000
Developer Aid-in-Construction						
Nonmajor governmental funds		-		47,493		47,493
Enterprise funds		-		314,317		314,317
Total	\$	321,708	\$ 1	,431,810	\$	1,753,518

#### 16. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, as amended, is available to all employees, and permits them

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The plan funds are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) were placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and the beneficiaries. This is in accordance with changes made to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Since the City is no longer the Plan Administrator or the trustee, the assets of the Plan are no longer a reportable fund in the City's basic financial statements.

Similar to the Section 457, the City of Bryan also offers its employees the Retiree Health Savings (RHS) Plan. The plan allows employees to make pre-tax contributions from their salary or accrued leave time to fund medical expenses for employees and their family on a tax-free basis during retirement. Once an employee elects to participate, this cannot ever be changed or revoked unless there is employment separation.

Like the Section 457, all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) were placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and the beneficiaries. The City is not the Plan Administrator or the trustee; therefore, the assets of the Plan are not a reportable fund in the City's basic financial statements.

#### 17. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The City established the Employee Benefits Trust Fund effective October 1, 1986, covering health benefits for eligible employees. At that time the Council approved a formal trust agreement establishing the Fund. Employee premium costs are shared by the City and the employee, while dependent coverage is paid by the employee. The City's contract with its third party administrator and reinsurer sets a stop loss level per participant in the amount of \$150,000 and a maximum aggregate stop loss deductible of \$7,306,722 for the twelve month period which began January 1, 2012 and ends December 31, 2012. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the current year from coverage in the prior year, nor have there been any settlements that have exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The following schedule represents the changes in claims liabilities for the year:

	2012	2011
Beginning balance unpaid claims Incurred claims Claim payments	\$ 950,491 7,897,565 (7,833,672)	\$ 1,011,803 6,823,993 (6,885,305)
Ending balance unpaid claims	\$ 1,014,384	\$ 950,491
Amounts due in one year	\$ 1,014,384	\$ 950,491

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Effective January 1, 1991, by action of the City Council, the City began offering post-retirement health care benefits to employees. Effective January 1, 1993, retiree spouses were granted eligibility for benefits. Dependents were granted eligibility effective January 1, 1994. This plan is a single employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan. A separate, audited GAAP-basis post-employment benefit plan report is not available.

To qualify for healthcare an employee must be at least 60 years of age and have five years of TMRS service credit or have at least 20 years of service credit. In order to be eligible, employees must elect to retire at time of separation, must elect in writing to continue health benefits coverage at the time of separation, and must pay the appropriate premium. Coverage can continue for life.

Employees terminating before normal retirement conditions are not eligible for retiree health coverage. Employees who retire under a disability retirement are not eligible for retiree health coverage.

Eligible retirees may continue health insurance benefits for eligible spouses and dependents covered at the time of retirement. A dependent not covered under the plan at this time is not eligible for coverage. If the retiree elects to continue coverage for any dependent and on any subsequent date elects to discontinue coverage, the dependent is no longer eligible for coverage.

Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for retiree health coverage. However, surviving spouses and dependents of Texas law enforcement officers killed in the line of duty are entitled to purchase continued health insurance benefits. The surviving spouse is entitled to continue to purchase health insurance coverage until the date the surviving spouse becomes eligible for federal Medicare benefits. Surviving dependent minor children are entitled to continue health insurance coverage until the dependent reaches the age of 18 years. A surviving dependent who is not a minor child is entitled to continue health insurance coverage until the earlier of: (1) the date the dependent becomes eligible for group health insurance through another employer or (2) the date the dependent becomes eligible for federal Medicare benefits. Eligible survivors are entitled to purchase the continued coverage at the group rate for that coverage that exists at the time of payment.

Surviving covered spouses and dependents of deceased retired employees may continue health care coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA.

Once the retiree or spouse is enrolled in Medicare, the City's plan becomes the secondary payer. Retiree is responsible for payment of any Medicare premiums. The City does not provide any cash payment in lieu of electing the City's health care plan. Retirees who do not elect to continue coverage at time of separation are not eligible to opt back in.

The City does not offer life insurance coverage for retirees or their dependents. Employees who retire are eligible to convert their group life insurance coverage to a Whole Life Policy without accidental

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

death and dismemberment until the employee reaches age 100 or a Group Term Life with AD&D until the employee reaches age 70.

The City's health care plan includes medical, dental, and prescription coverage. Retiree health plan coverage is the same as coverage provided to active City employees in accordance with the terms and conditions of the current City of Bryan Health Plan. The City also offers a fully insured optional vision plan that retirees and their dependents may purchase. The City reserves the right to modify premium amounts, to modify eligibility requirements and to modify or discontinue retiree health benefits.

In the year ended September 30, 2012, retirees paid \$459,502 in premiums and \$748,742 in claims were paid for post-retirement health care and administrative charges. As of September 30, 2012, the City has 80 retirees, 31 retirees and spouses, 35 retirees and families and 4 retirees and child(ren) participating in the health plan, out of the 346 employees eligible to participate upon retirement. Expenses are recognized as retirees submit claims.

The City also provides health benefits as required by the Federal Government under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 ("COBRA"). COBRA requires employers that sponsor group health plans to provide continuation of group coverage to employees and their dependents under certain circumstances where coverage would otherwise end. Terminated employees who qualify under COBRA pay premium costs for themselves and dependents.

Expenses are recognized as claims when submitted. COBRA participants are reimbursed at the same levels as active employees. Participants paid premiums of \$51,813 and incurred claims and administrative expenses of \$163,155 in the year ended September 30, 2012. As of September 30, 2012 the City has 4 COBRA participants.

Future year estimated claims for all health plan participants are actuarially determined by the reinsurer. All assets of the Employee Benefits Trust Fund are available for future claim payments for health plan participants.

Prior to January 1, 2010, all retirees electing health plan coverage received a health premium subsidy averaging 40%. Beginning January 1, 2010, the City implemented new eligibility requirements for subsidized retiree premiums. The new eligibility requirements require retirees to meet the 'Rule of 80' (sum of age plus years of service at retirement must equal to at least 80), in order to receive the subsidized retiree premium. Retirees not meeting the 'Rule of 80' may still elect the City's retiree health plan coverage, but will not receive a subsidy.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postemployment benefit expenditures and related liabilities, and note disclosures in the financial report. Basically, public-sector employers must accrue the cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) over the active service life of benefiting employees. This statement was effective for the City for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2008.

## Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost

The City's annual other post-employment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameter of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City had its most recent OPEB valuation performed as of December 31, 2011, as required by GASB. The City's annual OPEB cost for the current year and prior two years is as follows:

	FY 2012	FY 2011	FY 2010
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 947,563	\$ 733,190	\$ 711,835
Interest on OPEB obligation	43,381	17,653	(6,093)
Adjustment to ARC	(40,192)	(9,977)	3,206
Annual OPEB cost	950,752	740,866	708,948
Contributions made	(289,840)	(169,126)	(181,259)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	660,912	571,740	527,689
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	964,021	392,281	(135,408)
Net OPEB obligation/(asset), end of year	\$ 1,624,933	\$ 964,021	\$ 392,281

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year ending September 30, 2012, and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

		Employer		
Fiscal	Annual	Amount Percentage		Net OPEB
Year	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Contributed	Obligation
2010	\$ 708,948	\$ 181,259	25.6%	\$ 392,281
2011	\$ 740,866	\$ 169,126	22.8%	\$ 964,021
2012	\$ 950,752	\$ 289,840	30.5%	\$ 1,624,933

#### Funding status and funding progress

The City had actuarial valuations performed as of December 31, 2011, December 31, 2009, and May 31, 2008. The funded status of the City's retiree health care plan, under GASB Statement No. 45, is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	FY 2012	FY 2011	FY 2010
Actuarial value of plan assets		-	-
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	11,860,133	7,694,907	7,694,907
Unfunded AAL	(11,860,133)	(7,694,907)	(7,694,907)
Funded Ratio	-	-	-
Covered Payroll	44,294,557	44,610,716	45,844,873
UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	27%	17%	17%

Under the reporting parameters, the City's retiree health care plan is 0% funded with an estimated actuarial accrued liability exceeding actuarial assets by \$11,860,133 at December 31, 2012.

#### Actuarial methods and assumptions

The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method is used to calculate the GASB ARC for the City's retiree health care plan. Using the plan benefits, the present health premiums and a set of actuarial assumptions, the anticipated future payments are projected. The entry age normal method then provides for a systematic recognition of the cost of these anticipated payments. The yearly ARC is computed to cover the cost of benefits being earned by covered members as well as to amortize a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the City and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the City's employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Inflation rate - 3.00% per annum

Investment rate of return - 4.50%, net of expenses

Actuarial cost method - Projected Unit Credit Cost Method

Amortization method - Level as a percentage of emplyee payroll

Amortization period - 30-year, open amortization

Payroll growth - 3.00% per annum

Healthcare cost trend rate - Initial rate of 8.50% declining to an ultimate

rate of 4.50% after 8 years

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status and the annual required contributions of the City's retiree health care plan are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### 19. LITIGATION

There are several lawsuits pending in which the City is involved. In the event of an unfavorable outcome in any suit, in management's opinion, a claim against the City would be covered by insurance or funds available in the Insurance Fund and would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

#### 20. RISK MANAGEMENT

In fiscal year 1989, the City decided not to purchase commercial liability insurance. At that time, the City management believed that it was more economical to manage liability risks internally and set aside assets for the payment of claims in an internal service fund. The "Insurance Fund" was established to service all claims for risk of losses relating to general liability and workers' compensation.

In fiscal year 1994, the City purchased excess liability insurance to reduce its exposure to catastrophic losses. Liability insurance providing a \$5,000,000 limit per occurrence/\$10,000,000 aggregate limit with a \$250,000 self-insured retention for claims was purchased with coverage effective October 1, 2000. Since its inception in 1989, the City's annual contributions to the Insurance Fund have exceeded claims paid. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the current year from coverage in the prior year, nor have there been any settlements that have exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the City participate in the Insurance Fund. The costs of providing claims servicing and claims payment are allocated by charging each fund a "premium" based upon a percentage of the respective fund's estimated current-year payroll and expenses and management's estimate of projected current costs. These charges consider exposure and recent trends in actual claims experience of the City as a whole and make provision for catastrophic losses.

The Insurance Fund liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City has recorded a potential liability in the amount of \$1,293,012 for claims that have been incurred but not reported as of September 30, 2012. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as changes in legal doctrines and damage awards, the process used in computing liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims and other economic and social factors.

The schedule below represents the changes in estimated claims liabilities:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	2012	2011
Unpaid claims at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 1,790,629	\$ 1,333,558
Incurred claims	(541,936)	9,686
Claim payments	44,319_	447,385
Total unpaid claims at end of fiscal year	\$ 1,293,012	\$ 1,790,629
Amounts due in one year	\$ 544,767	\$ 766,397

Texas law limits recovery, under legislatively defined governmental functions, to \$500,000 per occurrence. Claims proceeding from proprietary functions are not limited.

#### 21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

## **Traditions and University Ranch Project**

In fiscal year 2000, the City embarked on a major development program for the City's west side encompassing approximately 850 acres. The development includes a golf course and residential development.

In connection with the development program, the City created Bryan Commerce and Development, Incorporated ("Development Company"). The creation and use of the Development Company was essential since the Texas Local Government code limits the power and activities of local governments in respect to non-traditional government activities, specifically regarding the disposition of property.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Ten ("TIRZ Ten") was created by the City to capture the tax increment created by the development. Any such increment is to be used to reimburse the City for public facilities costs and infrastructure in the development.

In addition, the City entered into various contracts for the purchase of land, development of the residential areas, development of the golf course, country club, and hotel and conference center as described in more detail below:

(a) In November 1999, the City entered into an agreement with Jordan Community Properties, L.P. (a Texas limited partnership) ("Jordan") for development, marketing, and other services associated with the residential development and the golf course.

Jordan and Development Company formed Bryan/Jordan, L.P. a Texas limited partnership for the purpose of developing the residential development. The partnership interest was as follows:

general partnership interest by Jordan Properties, Inc. or an affiliate thereof limited partnership interest by Jordan

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

44% limited partnership interest by Development Company

Development Company will contribute land to the partnership.

For its service, Jordan was to receive a development fee of 8% of the net sale proceeds from residential lot sales. The balance of the net lot sale proceeds was to be distributed based upon the partnership interest. In certain circumstances, Jordan was also entitled to a brokerage fee and to acquire up to 15 acres of land in the project for "book value".

The City agreed to provide public infrastructure improvements including all major arterial streets, all major utilities including electrical, gas, water, sewer, telephone, cable, drainage structures, water delivery systems, street lighting, landscaping of median entryways, all signage for the project, traffic signals, entryway structures, and lighting necessary for the project .

As of September 30, 2012, the City had incurred \$18,864,260 in expenditures for public infrastructure improvements and related costs.

(b) Also in November 1999, the City entered into a Development and Purchase and Sale Agreement with Tradition Golf Club, Inc. ("Traditions") for the design and development of an 18 to 27 hole championship golf course designed by Jack Nicklaus Design Co. and country club facilities.

Under the agreement, the City would convey to Traditions approximately 220 acres of land in the project as an economic development grant and pay for major infrastructure costs.

On February 25, 2003, the City Council approved the assignment of certain rights and responsibilities related to the Traditions project golf course and residential development to Traditions Club by Melrose, LLC. ("Melrose"), a Texas limited liability company.

On March 6, 2003, Bryan Commerce and Development, Inc. conveyed 250.94 acres of land to Melrose for the purpose of constructing the golf course. Melrose has completed golf course construction with proceeds of a promissory note granted by Gold Bank of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, which holds first lien position on the golf course property.

Through September 30, 2012, Bryan Commerce and Development, Inc. has conveyed 170.31 acres of land to Melrose for residential development. Two hundred thirty five (235) residential lots had been sold with a gross sales price of \$25,756,215. After the payment of fees, commissions and closing costs, Bryan Commerce and Development, Inc. has received \$9,118,013 for its partnership distribution related to the project.

Early in Fiscal Year 2009, Melrose announced that they were having financial difficulties and were halting all development activity at Traditions Golf and Country Club. In February 2009, the City of Bryan entered into an agreement with a new developer, Traditions Acquisition Partnership (TAP). As part of the agreement, TAP will retain all of the revenue for the first 55 lots sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(c) On September 12, 2000, the City entered into a development agreement with Campus Hotels, LLC (a Wisconsin limited liability company) ("Campus") for the development of a hotel and conference center.

Under this agreement, the City was to contribute approximately 25 acres of land in the project to Campus for the construction of a hotel, villas, and conference center. The City was to contribute \$2,400,000 towards the construction of the conference center. Upon completion of the conference center, Campus would dedicate the conference center to the City and the City would lease the conference center to Campus for \$1 per year.

The City's performance under the agreement was contingent upon Campus' completion of the hotel by the opening date of the golf course. On January 14, 2004, by letter, the City terminated the agreement with Campus Hotels, LLC for the development of a hotel and conference center as part of the Traditions and University Ranch Project.

(d) On June 13, 2000, the City entered into an agreement with Development Company for the development of TIRZ Ten. Under the agreement, certain contractual obligations originally assumed by the City under the Jordan, Traditions and Campus agreements were assigned to Development Company. The City agreed to provide an \$8,500,000 grant for the purchase of approximately 800 acres of land to be used in the development. As of September 30, 2012, the City has advanced to Development Company \$4,813,942 for the acquisition of land for the project.

The estimated total commitment (exclusive of debt service on the certificates of obligation) as of September 30, 2012, is as follows:

Land and associated acquisition costs Infrastructure and related costs	\$ 7,813,942 19,772,237
	\$ 27,586,179
To be financed as follows: Certificates of Obligation, Series 2000A Other lawfully available City funds	\$ 17,000,000 10,586,179
	\$ 27,586,179

The Certificates of Obligation, Series 2000A which are general obligations of the City, were issued on October 26, 2000 and bear interest rates between 4.5% and 6.00%. They were partially refunded in 2005 and the balance was paid in 2010.

#### LaSalle Hotel

In 1997, The City entered into an agreement with LaSalle Hotel Ltd ("LaSalle") for the renovation of the historic LaSalle Hotel ("the hotel") in downtown Bryan. As part of the agreement, the City borrowed \$3,200,000 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") under a Section 108 loan, and subsequently loaned the funds to LaSalle. The City's future Community

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Development Block Grant Funds are pledged for repayment of the indebtedness. As of September 30, 2012, the balance of the HUD Section 108 loan was \$1,720,000.

In addition to the HUD Section 108 loan, the City was obligated to The First National Bank of Bryan ("Bank") to cure monetary defaults by LaSalle Hotel Ltd. In fiscal year 2001, Bryan Commerce and Development, Inc. ("BCD") purchased the hotel under a Substitute Trustee's Deed, Bill of Sale and assignment from the Bank for the sum of \$1,212,762. BCD entered into a real estate lien note with the City to fund the transaction.

BCD has contracted with Magnolia Hotels to provide management, accounting and marketing services for the hotel.

In Fiscal Year 2012, the City funded the debt service on the HUD Section 108 loan in the amount of \$346,420.

#### Bryan Texas Utilities (BTU)

BTU purchase and construction commitments approximate \$252.0 million at September 30, 2012. This amount primarily includes provisions for future fuel and energy purchases.

On October 14, 2010, BTU entered into a 15 year renewable energy power purchase agreement with Peñascal II Wind Power, LLC, a subsidiary of Iberdrola Renewables. Under the agreement, which extends from January 1, 2011, to December 31, 2025, BTU will purchase the output from wind turbines representing 30MW of generating capacity from Iberdrola Renewables' existing Peñascal 2 Wind Project in Kenedy County, Texas.

On April 30, 2010, BTU entered into a 25 year renewable energy power purchase agreement with Fotowatio Renewable Ventures (FRV). FRV will own and operate a photovoltaic solar power plant to be constructed in West Texas. Under the agreement BTU will purchase the output from the 10MW facility starting as early as 2013.

On November 16, 2007, BTU entered into a 10 year purchased power agreement with a subsidiary of Shell Energy North America (U.S.), L.P. The agreement, which extends from January 1, 2008, to December 31, 2017, allows BTU to schedule up to 50MW of energy on a day-ahead basis. Under the agreement, BTU must make specified minimum monthly non-fuel payments which are included in the \$252.0 million of purchase and construction commitments.

On August 29, 2007, BTU entered into a 10 year fixed price purchased power agreement with Credit Suisse Energy, L.L.C. (Credit Suisse) to supply energy to a wholesale customer under a corresponding 10 year fixed price full requirements sale agreement extending from January 1, 2008, to December 31, 2017. This agreement was transferred by Credit Suisse to J.P. Morgan Ventures Energy Corporation in January 2012.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As of September 30, 2012, the receivables not expected to be collected within one year are notes and assessments receivable as follows:

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total
		runu		Fullu	 TOLAI
Notes receivable	\$	19,749	\$	5,865,000	\$ 5,884,749
Street and drainage assessments		116,431			\$ 116,431
	\$	136,180	\$	5,865,000	\$ 6,001,180

#### 23. RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Below is a reconciliation of the various restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments reported as of September 30, 2012:

	City Electric Fund		City Electric Rural Electric			Wastewater				
			Fund Fund		W	Water Fund Fund		Fund	Total	
Bond Retirement Reserve	\$	11,558,189	\$	311,042	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,869,231
Bond Debt Service		4,980,484		193,750		1,264,227		1,378,566		7,817,027
Rate Stabilization Reserve		1,678,841		-		-		-		1,678,841
Customer Deposits Payable		3,756,482		777,063		-		-		4,533,545
Over-Recovered Fuel Expense		11,024,462		4,106,642		-		-		15,131,104
Collateral Deposits		4,329,019		-		-		-		4,329,019
Capital Debt Proceeds		37,056,244		246,811		1,676,903		5,835,007		44,814,965
	\$	74,383,721	\$	5,635,308	\$	2,941,130	\$	7,213,573	\$	90,173,732

#### 24. BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 budgetary expenditures in excess of appropriations are reported as indicated below:

	Final		Variance with
	Budgeted	Actual	Final Budget -
<b>Governmental Funds</b>	Amounts	Amounts	(Negative)
Debt Service Fund			
Total expenditures	\$ 10,176,640	\$ 10,801,421	\$ (624,781)
Grant Fund			
Total expenditures	340,137	341,750	(1,613)

Total expenditures in the Debt Service Fund exceeded budget by \$624,781 due to an unbudgeted payment on the City's 2001 Series Certificates of Obligation. Since all planned development for TIFZ Number 8 had been completed, the City terminated the TIFZ just prior to the end of the fiscal year. In order to close the TIFZ, the City paid outstanding principal and interest totaling \$625,861.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the Grant fund exceeded budget by \$1,613 due to expenditures of grant funds for police equipment made late in the year. The department had grant revenue available to cover their expenditures.

#### 25. FUND DEFICITS

The Community Development Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, has a deficit unassigned fund balance as of September 30, 2012, in the amount of \$104. This is the result of expenditures incurred in advance of processing the related grant requests. The City will submit grant fund requests to cover the fund deficit in fiscal year 2013.

#### 26. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ZONES

Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code allows for the creation of Tax Increment Financing Zones ("TIFZ"). TIFZ are statutory tools available to municipalities in Texas to promote development or redevelopment in an area that would not occur in the foreseeable future solely through private investment. TIFZ are also a means to allow a community to enhance their ability to attract economic development or to allow businesses currently located within their area to expand. Once a city has designated a TIFZ, the governing bodies of the county and school district may choose to participate.

When a TIFZ is formed, a base value for the property located within the TIFZ is established. At the date of creation the appraised value is normally accepted as the base value. As the property within the TIFZ develops, property taxes are collected based upon appreciated appraised values at the rate established annually by the participating entities. Each participant in the TIFZ remits the amount of taxes attributable to the increase in the appraised values to the Tax Increment Financing Zone to be used to fund the project plan. Project plans normally include the creation of infrastructure such as roads, street improvements, water and sewer systems, lighting, landscaping, etc. A TIFZ can be terminated either on the date designated in the ordinance creating the zone, or the date on which all project costs, tax increment debt and associated interest have been paid.

As of September 30, 2012, the City had four active Tax Increment Financing Zones:

Reinvestment Zone Number Ten – Traditions and University Ranch is approximately 850 acres on the west side of the City and has a term of 25 years of which 13 are remaining. Brazos County has agreed to participate in TIFZ 10 through April 2016.

Reinvestment Zone Number Nineteen – Nash Street development consists of 122 acres within the corporate limits of the City of Bryan and has a term of 20 years of which 13 are remaining.

Reinvestment Zone Number Twenty-One – This consists of approximately 250 acres in downtown Bryan and has a term of 20 years of which 14 are remaining.

Reinvestment Zone Number Twenty-Two – Lauth Development is a retail development on the east side of the City of Bryan and has a 20 year term of which 18 are remaining. Brazos County has agreed to participate in TIFZ 22 through 2022.

During fiscal year 2012, the City Council voted to terminate Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Eight. An ordinance was passed providing for the payment of all outstanding debts and obligations of the zone and distribution of the projected surplus. This reinvestment zone had a 20 year term and was originally scheduled to terminate on December 31, 2019.

The following schedule is an eight year history of relevant data with regard to these TIFZ:

		Net		Tax Rate	Captured
Zone/	Base	Taxable	Captured	Per \$100	Tax
Fiscal Year	Value	 Value	Value	Valuation	Revenue
Park Hudson					
2012	\$ 35,803	\$ 154,840,138	\$ 154,804,335	\$ 0.6364	985,175
2011	35,803	139,083,350	139,047,547	0.6364	884,899
2010	35,803	114,250,322	114,214,519	0.6364	726,861
2009	35,803	122,186,000	122,150,197	0.6364	777,364
2008	35,803	99,221,800	99,185,997	0.6364	631,220
2007	35,803	84,581,080	84,545,277	0.6364	538,046
2006	35,803	61,082,989	61,047,186	0.6364	388,504
2005	35,803	49,998,094			-
Traditions					
<u>Traditions</u>	627.640	00 472 076	00 025 226	0.6364	(20,000
2012	637,640	99,472,976	98,835,336	0.6364	628,988
2011	637,640	92,479,156	91,841,516	0.6364	584,479
2010	637,640	86,173,404	85,535,764	0.6364	544,350
2009	637,640	81,855,365	81,217,725	0.6364	516,870
2008	637,640	66,843,855	66,206,215	0.6364	421,336
2007	637,640	40,005,365	39,367,725	0.6364	250,536
2006	637,640	4,076,325	3,438,685	0.6364	21,884
2005	637,640	653,963	16,323	0.6364	104

**City of Bryan, Texas**Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Net		Tax Rate	Captured
Zone/	Base	Taxable	Captured	Per \$100	Tax
Fiscal Year	Value	Value	Value	Valuation	Revenue
Lauth Developme	ent				
2012	2,464,400	25,047,040	22,582,640	0.6364	143,716
2011	2,038,090	27,353,460	25,315,370	0.6364	161,107
2010	2,038,090	29,254,110	27,216,020	0.6364	173,203
2009	2,038,090	8,388,060	6,349,970	0.6364	40,411
2008	2,038,090	2,038,090	-	0.6364	-
					-
Nash Street					
2012	2,213,289	18,121,071	15,907,782	0.6364	101,237
2011	2,213,289	16,096,206	13,882,917	0.6364	88,351
2010	2,213,289	15,255,274	13,041,985	0.6364	82,999
2009	2,213,289	12,222,530	10,009,241	0.6364	63,699
2008	2,213,289	8,992,060	6,778,771	0.6364	43,140
2007	2,213,289	-	-	0.6364	-
Downtown Bryar	<u>1</u>				
2012	41,070,995	52,889,681	11,818,686	0.6364	75,214
2011	41,070,995	52,504,534	11,443,539	0.6364	72,827
2010	41,070,995	51,057,085	9,986,090	0.6364	63,551
2009	41,070,995	43,915,850	2,844,855	0.6364	18,105
2008	41,070,995	-	-	0.6364	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 27. TAX ABATEMENTS

Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code authorizes the City to provide property tax abatements for limited time periods to encourage development or expansion of property. The terms of each agreement are limited by the guidelines and criteria established by the City Council. At September 30, 2012 the City had established abatement agreements with the following property owners:

Property Owner	Date of Abatement	FY 2012 Appraised Values	FY 2012 Taxable Values	FY 2012 Abated Values	FY 2012 Taxes Levied	FY 2012 Taxes Abated
Brydenpear Premiere LP	2005-2014	\$ 5,826,130	\$ 3,517,006	\$ 2,309,124	\$ 22,382	\$ 14,695
Caliber Bioterepeutics LLC	2010-2020	8,210,770	2,292,460	5,918,310	14,589	37,664
Toyo Ink In'l	2008-2015	16,936,490	9,318,104	7,618,386	59,300	48,483
Kent Moore	2004-2013	5,544,990	4,437,234	1,107,756	28,239	7,050
Kent Moore	2008-2016	4,475,090	1,812,212	2,662,878	11,533	16,947
Weatherford Artifical Lift	2007-2012	19,451,570	11,889,638	7,561,932	75,666	48,124
Hogan's Trucks Unlimited	2008-2012	1,949,140	1,588,540	360,600	10,109	2,295
North American Packaging	2008-2013	8,095,260	7,174,085	921,175	45,656	5,862

#### 28. FINANCIAL HEDGING

On March 10, 2008, the City modified BTU's Energy Risk Policy to allow for the purchase and sale of certain financial instruments defined as hedge instruments. The essential goal of the Energy Risk Policy is to provide a framework for the operation of a fuel and energy purchasing and hedging program to better manage risk exposures in order to stabilize pricing and costs for the benefit of the City's customers.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 53 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments* ("GASB 53"), which addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosures related to derivative instruments. The City utilizes natural gas commodity swaps and options to hedge its exposure to fluctuating fuel prices. Since these derivatives are entered into for risk mitigation purposes, the instruments are considered potential hedging derivative instruments under GASB 53.

In accordance with the requirements of GASB 53, the City Electric Fund reports all fuel hedges on the Statement of Net Assets at fair value. The fair value of option contracts are determined using New York Mercantile Exchange ("NYMEX") or Houston Ship Channel ("HSC") closing settlement prices as appropriate to the instrument. For swap transactions, the value is calculated as the difference between the closing futures price at the end of the reporting period, and the futures price at the time the positions were established, less applicable commissions.

The City evaluated all potential hedging derivative instruments for effectiveness as of September 30, 2012, and determined the derivatives to be effective in substantially offsetting the changes in cash flows of the hedgeable items. The City's hedgeable items are expected HSC natural gas purchases to

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

serve budgeted load. The City projects total natural gas needs as part of a 10-year forecast. This forecast is the basis for the procurement amount of the hedgeable item. The City's potential hedging derivatives are NYMEX and HSC indexed commodity swaps and options. These derivatives act as cash flow hedges.

The City utilized regression analysis to test effectiveness of its NYMEX hedges. Testing was based on the extent of correlation between historical NYMEX index and HSC natural gas prices for the prompt months of January 2003 to September 2012. The correlation coefficient of (0.8387) exceeds the minimum standard established by GASB 53 and indicates a strong linear relationship between the NYMEX and HSC prices. The calculated R² value of 0.9513 indicates that the changes in cash flows of the hedge substantially offset the changes in cash flows of the hedgeable item. The City Electric Fund also utilizes HSC indexed gas commodity swaps to hedge its open exposure after a NYMEX-based swap contract month settles. The City Electric Fund entered into Platts Gas Daily daily swaps to hedge this exposure. These HSC indexed swaps are hedging the physical purchases of natural gas also based on the HSC index and are effective cash flow hedges under the consistent critical terms method as defined by GASB 53. The swap is for the purchase of virtually the same quantity of the hedgeable item, has zero fair value at inception, and the reference rate of the swap and the hedgeable item are the same (HSC index).

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the total fair value of outstanding hedging derivative instruments was a net liability of \$22,348,549. The fair value of those instruments maturing within one year are reported on the Statement of Net Assets in current liabilities as derivative financial instruments and were \$5,318,725 at September 30, 2012. The fair value of those instruments with maturities exceeding one year are reported on the Statement of Net Assets in noncurrent liabilities as derivative financial instruments and were \$17,029,824 at September 30, 2012.

Hedge accounting treatment outlined in GASB 53 requires changes in the fair value of derivative instruments deemed effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items be reported as deferred (inflows) outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Assets. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the fair value of the City Electric Fund's hedging derivative instruments the option collars, NYMEX-based commodity swaps, and HSC-based commodity swaps - increased by \$308,724, decreased by \$7,020,321, and increased by \$693,821, respectively. The City Electric Fund did not have HSC based commodity swap obligations at September 30, 2012. The \$6,017,776 total decrease in fair value of the City Electric Fund's hedging derivative instruments during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, is reported in the Statement of Net Assets as current and non-current deferred cash outflows. The deferred outflows are reported until respective contract expirations occur in conjunction with hedged expected physical fuel purchases. When fuel purchase transactions occur, the deferred balance associated with the expired fuel hedging contract is recorded as an adjustment to fuel expense. At September 30, 2012, the current deferred outflows related to hedging derivatives were \$5,318,725. These amounts are reported on the Statement of Net Assets as current assets. The noncurrent deferred outflows related to hedging derivatives were \$17,029,824 at September 30, 2012. These amounts are reported on the Statement of Net Assets as noncurrent assets.

The following information details the City Electric Fund's hedging derivative instruments as of September 30, 2012:

Туре	Terms	Volume Hedged (MMBtu)	Effective Dates	Maturity Dates	Reference Index	Fair Value
3 Way Option Collars	\$5.000 - 8.000 Strike Prices	500,000	Oct - Dec 2012	Oct - Dec 2012	NYMEX	\$ (271,575)
Commodity Swaps	BTU pays prices of \$5.485 - 7.570	13,431,500	Oct 2012 - Dec 2018	Oct 2012 - Dec 2018	NYMEX	(22,076,974)
	-	13,931,500	=			\$ (22,348,549)

Should purchased options be allowed to expire, premiums paid for such options will be expensed. The City receives a premium for those options it sells and creates an obligation to honor the contract terms if those options are exercised by the purchasing counterparty. Fuel swap contracts represent a financial obligation to buy or sell the underlying settlement point price. If held to expiration, as is BTU's policy, the financial difference determined by mark-to-market valuation must be settled on a cash basis.

Credit Risk — The City's hedging derivative instruments generate exposure to a certain amount of risk that could give rise to financial loss. Since current hedges have a net liability position, the City is not exposed to counterparty credit risk. However, it is the City's policy to require full collateralization of the fair value of derivative instruments in assets positions should the counterparty's credit ratings fall below investment grade.

Basis Risk – The City is exposed to basis risk because the expected gas purchases being hedged will settle based on a pricing point (HSC) different than the pricing point of the hedge transactions (NYMEX). For September 2012, prompt month prices were \$2.634/MMBtu and \$2.827/MMBtu, for NYMEX and HSC, respectively.

Termination Risk - Exposure to termination risk occurs because the City or its counterparties may terminate a derivative instrument if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The City's fuel hedges are exchange-traded instruments, and consequently, termination risk is mitigated by the rules and guidelines established by NYMEX, which is governed by the Commodity Futures Trade Commission.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### 29. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 1, 2012, BTU implemented phase two of a two phase electric rate adjustment for the City Electric Fund which includes City of Bryan retail customers and the Rural Electric Fund wholesale rate. The phase two rates reflect a 13.0% increase in base rates which are almost entirely offset by a reduction in fuel rates. BTU had an over-recovered fuel balance of \$11,024,462 at September 30, 2012. Overall, the new October 1, 2012 combined base and fuel rates reflect a 0.7% increase from phase one rates.

Also on October 1, 2012, the Rural Electric Fund implemented phase two electric rates for its retail customers. The new Rural Electric System wholesale rate payable to the City Electric Fund reflected an overall 3.1% reduction from prior rates. The new Rural Electric Fund phase two retail rates reflect a 10.1% increase in base rates which were largely offset by a reduction in fuel rates. BTU had an over-recovered fuel balance of \$4,106,642 at September 30, 2012. Overall, the new October 1, 2012, combined base and fuel retail rates reflect a 0.2% increase from phase one rates.



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## **CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS**

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress Texas Municipal Retirement Sytem Last Three Fiscal Years

						UAAL as a
		Actuarial				Percentage of
Actuarial	Actuarial Value	Accrued Liability	Funded	Unfunded AAL	Covered	Covered
Valuation	of Assets	(AAL)**	Ratio	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
Date *	(a)	(b)	(a/b)	(b-a)	(c)	(b-a)/(c)
12/31/2009	95,477,625	164,435,101	58%	68,957,476	45,844,873	150.4%
12/31/2010	167,407,171	226,635,273	74%	59,228,102	44,486,837	133.1%
12/31/2011	181,556,932	239,737,958	76%	58,181,026	44,508,267	130.7%

<sup>\*</sup> Assets are stated at cost as of December 31 of the preceding year.

<sup>\*\*</sup> As of December 31 of the preceding year, the date of the actuarial valuation.

#### CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 15,639,639	\$ 15,639,639	\$ 15,487,774	\$ (151,865)	
Sales	14,893,965	14,893,965	14,814,931	(79,034)	
Franchise	1,963,127	1,963,127	1,963,381	254	
Bingo	207,000	207,000	217,615	10,615	
Alcoholic beverage	60,475	60,475	75,460	14,985	
Charges for services:					
Ambulance charges	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,304,113	104,113	
Recreational charges	1,566,100	1,566,100	1,581,416	15,316	
Health and public safety	965,508	965,508	834,121	(131,387)	
Miscellaneous charges	178,615	178,615	126,499	(52,116)	
Fines and court charges:		4 000 4-0		(101.100)	
Municipal court	1,968,450	1,968,450	1,844,317	(124,133)	
Licenses and permits	565,965	565,965	592,784	26,819	
Grants:	25.000	25.000		(25.000)	
Texas Attorney General	35,000	35,000	244.026	(35,000)	
U.S. Department of Energy	-	-	244,826	244,826	
U.S. Department of Environmental Protection	-	-	10,272	10,272	
Texas Department of Transportation	-	-	8,554	8,554	
U.S. Department of Justice	1 014 510	1 01 / 510	9,067	9,067	
Contributions to Library - College Station FEMA	1,014,510	1,014,510	1,014,502 20,339	(8) 20,339	
Other	35,000	35,000	35,740	740	
Investment earnings	100,000	100,000	90,991	(9,009)	
Other	470,975	470,975	332,317	(138,658)	
Total revenues	40,864,329	40,864,329	40,609,019	(255,310)	
rotarrevenues	10,001,323	10,001,323	10,003,013	(233,310)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government and administration:					
Executive	1,594,452	1,594,452	1,357,329	237,123	
City Secretary	979,528	989,528	800,649	188,879	
Legal services	664,249	667,131	648,463	18,668	
Payments to other agencies	2,957,874	3,085,526	3,231,456	(145,930)	
Fiscal services	1,229,318	1,230,545	1,090,876	139,669	
Information technology	2,159,800	2,160,802	2,088,445	72,357	
Human resources	559,570	559,570	489,728	69,842	
Fleet services	721,778	722,072	627,093	94,979	
Facility services	1,911,074	1,966,148	1,648,922	317,226	
Total general government and administration	12,777,643	12,975,774	11,982,961	992,813	
Davidonment consises:					
Development services: Planning	1 605 005	1 725 005	1 629 026	07.760	
Engineering	1,685,805 1,213,594	1,725,805 1,214,613	1,628,036 1,148,772	97,769 65,841	
Special Projects					
Total development services	28,137	28,137 2,968,555	<u>32,030</u> 2,808,838	(3,893) 159,717	
Total development services	2,927,550	2,300,333	2,000,030	139,717	
Public works services:					
Public Works Call Center	-	-	-	-	
Drainage and Streets	2,007,064	1,967,168	1,706,100	261,068	
Traffic Operations	1,654,552	1,922,391	1,842,390	80,001	
Total public works services	3,661,616	3,889,559	3,548,490	341,069	
				continued	
				continued	

#### CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Public safety:				
Police services	14,645,654	14,665,497	14,547,966	117,531
Fire and emergency medical services	11,011,683	11,012,340	10,834,622	177,718
Municipal court	1,328,896	1,328,896	1,271,478	57,418
Total public safety	26,986,233	27,006,733	26,654,066	352,667
Cultural and recreational:				
Library services	2,199,306	2,199,306	2,104,747	94,559
Parks and recreation services	4,198,559	4,207,264	3,901,058	306,206
Total cultural and recreational	6,397,865	6,406,570	6,005,805	400,765
Administrative reimbursement	(3,515,703)	(3,515,703)	(3,515,703)	-
Capital outlay	247,000	439,036	375,282	63,754
Debt service-bond retirement	220,000	220,000	220,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	126,420	126,420	126,420	
Total expenditures	49,828,610	50,516,944	48,206,159	2,310,785
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(8,964,281)	(9,652,615)	(7,597,140)	2,055,475
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	47,265	47,265
Transfers in	10,707,049	10,707,049	11,101,783	394,734
Transfers out	(804,516)	(884,516)	(619,390)	265,126
Total other financing sources	9,902,533	9,822,533	10,529,658	707,125
Net change in fund balance	938,252	169,918	2,932,518	2,762,600
Fund Balance, October 1, 2011	13,210,298	13,210,298	13,210,298	
Fund Balance, September 30, 2012	\$ 14,148,550	\$ 13,380,216	\$ 16,142,816	\$ 2,762,600



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#### COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Grant Fund – To account for the receipt and expenditure of grant revenues for all governmental funds other than the Community Development Fund.

Community Development Fund – To account for Federal grant revenues provided through the Department of Housing and Urban Development for the development of environmental and economic opportunities, principally for persons of low and moderate income.

Hotel and Motel Room Tax Fund – To account for the receipt and expenditure of funds received by the City from the assessment of hotel and motel occupancy tax. Usage of funds is restricted to construction and maintenance of convention and civic facilities, and the promotion of tourism and the arts within the City of Bryan.

Sidewalks Fund — To account for funds received from developers and property owners for the construction and maintenance of sidewalks. Money received will be refunded to the remitter, if not used within 10 years.

Court Technology Fund – To account for revenues derived from a portion of court fees dedicated to use for technology improvements for Municipal Court functions.

Street Improvement Fund – To account for revenue derived from a fee assessed on utility bills for the purpose of street improvements.

Drainage Improvement Fund – To account for revenue derived from a fee assessed on utility bills for the purpose of drainage improvements.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #8 Fund – To account for revenues derived from captured assessed valuation in, and bond proceeds for, the Park Hudson Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone. Bond proceeds are used for street, water and sewer improvements in the zone. The taxes from the captured assessed valuation will be used to retire the debt and handle other operating expenses within the zone.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #10 Fund – To account for revenues derived from captured assessed valuation in, and bond proceeds for, the Traditions Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone. Bond proceeds are used for various public improvements within the zone. The taxes from the captured assessed valuation will be used to retire the debt and handle other operating expenses within the zone.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #19 Fund – To account for revenues derived from captured assessed valuation in, and bond proceeds for, the Villa Maria-FM 158 Corridor Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone. Bond proceeds are used for various public improvements within the zone. The taxes from the captured assessed valuation will be used to retire the debt and handle other operating expenses within the zone.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #21 Fund – To account for revenues derived from captured assessed valuation in, and bond proceeds for, the Downtown Bryan Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone. Bond proceeds are used for various public improvements within the zone. The taxes from the captured assessed valuation will be used to retire the debt and handle other operating expenses within the zone.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #22 Fund – To account for revenues derived from captured assessed valuation in, and bond proceeds for the Lauth Development Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone. Bond proceeds are used for various public improvements within the zone. The taxes from the captured assessed valuation will be used to retire the debt and handle other operating expenses within the zone.

## **Capital Project Funds**

2005 Certificates of Obligation Fund – To account for the construction of streets, sidewalks, drainage and traffic system improvements, and the related costs of the acquisition of land, planning and design.

2007 Certificates of Obligation Fund – To account for the construction of streets, sidewalks, drainage and traffic system improvements.

2008 Certificates of Obligation Fund – To account for the site acquisition and construction of fire fighting facilities, improvements to driveway and parking facilities for the City's warehouse, the construction of streets, sidewalks, lighting, drainage and traffic system improvements.

2009 Certificates of Obligation Fund – To account for the construction of streets, sidewalks, drainage and traffic system improvements.

2010 Certificates of Obligation Fund – To account for the construction of streets, sidewalks, lighting, soundwalls, landscaping, acquiring rights-of-way, restoring historic structures, equipping property and facilities for a solid waste disposal system, drainage and traffic system improvements.

## **Permanent Funds**

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Relating to Bryan cemeteries:

Myrtie Conway Astin Bade Trust Brandon Cemetery J. W. English Lucy B. Hervey Mills Trust Cemetery

Relating to Bryan libraries:

F. L. Henderson Library Rountree Library

**CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS** 

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of September 30, 2012

		Special Revenue		Capital Project	Pe	Permanent		
		Funds		Funds		Funds		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	Ş	7,604,949	ş	3,078,787	ş	962,076	Ş	11,645,812
Investments		6,687,718		2,707,455		846,038		10,241,211
Receivables:								
Accounts		684,617		ı		ı		684,617
Less allowance for uncollectible		(228,539)		ı		ı		(228,539)
Grants		298,303		ı		ı		298,303
Interest		12,029		4,870		1,522		18,421
Due from other funds		1,446,406		ı		ı		1,446,406
Prepaid and other assets		387		ı		ı		387
Total assets	\$	16,505,870	Ş	5,791,112	\$	1,809,636	\$	24,106,618
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	Ş	1,165,643	Ş	120,592	Ş	ı	ş	1,286,235
Accrued liabilities		19,497		ı		ı		19,497
Retainage payable		278,091		52,147		ı		330,238
Due to other funds		249,520		2,021,296		ı		2,270,816
Unearned revenue		47,493		1		ı		47,493
Total liabilities		1,760,244		2,194,035		1		3,954,279
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		1		•		777,742		777,742
Restricted		3,945,736		3,597,077		1,031,894		8,574,707
Committed		10,799,994		1		ı		10,799,994
Unassigned (deficit)		(104)		-		1		(104)
Total fund balances		14,745,626		3,597,077		1,809,636		20,152,339
Total liabilities and fund balances	٠	16,505,870	❖	5,791,112	❖	1,809,636	\$	24,106,618

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds
As of September 30, 2012

Grant   Development	\$ 312,338 274,666 56,035 6,035 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Sidewalks T Fund Fund 22,531 22,531 40 5 48,193 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Fund	Fund Fund 4,503,455 5,121,111 4,503,455 538,695 (195,736) 8,101 991,323 5,10,966,949	Fund \$ 360,608 317,116 89,887 (32,803) 570 570 570 16,733 \$ 302	\$ 1,374,529 1,208,748 1,208,748 2,174 2,174 \$ 2,585,451	\$ 170,858	Reinvestment	Reinvestment	Reinvestment	\$ 7,604,949 6,837,718 684,617 (228,539) 298,303 12,029 12,029 387 1,446,406 \$ 1,165,643 \$ 1,165,643
Assets  ash equivalents  seekvable  ceivable  ceivable  in assets  il assets  ts payable  disbilities  other funds  and revenue  ceivable  covable  covable  dispilities  disp	\$ 312,338 274,666 56,035 494 - 494 - 5 643,533 - 5 643,533	25,622 22,531 	1 1 1	7, 4, 4, 10,		\$ 1,374,529 1,208,748	\$ 170,858 150,251 270 50,000 \$ 371,379 \$ 369,905	\$ 968 852 2 2 30,000 \$ 31,872			7,6 6,6 (1)
ash equivalents \$ - \$ to the cerebale	\$ 312,338	25,622 22,531 22,531 40 40 - 48,193	1 11	4, 4, 10,		\$ 1,374,529 1,208,748 1,208,748 2,174 \$ 2,585,451		30,	v v	v	1,7
to eceivable	274,666 56,035 - 494 - 494 - 5 643,533 - 5 8 33,350	1 11	 	100		1,208	T	30)	ν · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,5
rec for uncollectibles 68,474 2  luble 68,474 2	56,035 - 494 - 5 643,533 - 5 33,350		 	10,	`]	2,2,585	m m		ν ν		1,5
owance for uncollectibles	494 494 	1	1 II	100	`	2,585	m m		w		1,4
eivable         68,474         2           ceivable         -         -           mm         -         -           mms         -         -           in lassets         \$ 68,474         \$ 2           billities and Fund Balances         \$ 9,427         \$ 3           is payable         \$ 9,427         \$ 4           of liabilities         -         -           ed revenue         48,184         1           and revenue         57,611         2           coes:         -         -           coes:         -         -	\$ 494	1 11	 	10,		2, 2,585,5	m m		\sigma \sigma \sigma		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
therefunds	494 	1 11	1 II	8, 101 991, 323 \$ 10,966,949 \$ 732,258	16	2,585	ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε		ν · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,4
other funds	\$ 643,533 = \$	1 11	1 II	\$ 10,966,949 \$ 732,258	16 752	2,585	m m		ω ω		1,4
In a seets  I al assets  I bilities and Fund Balances  Is payable  Is payable  I diabilities  I def evenue  I ded evenue  I diabilities  I ded evenue  I ded	\$ 643,533	1 11	1	991,323	752	2,585	m m		ν v		1 16
1   1   2   2   2   3   4   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	\$ 643,533	1 11	1 II	991,323 \$ 10,966,949 \$ 732,258	752	2,585	m m		w w		1 16
1   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	\$ 643,533	111	II II	\$ 10,966,949 \$ 732,258	752	2,585			v v		16
bilities and Fund Balances  ts payable	33,350	· ·						ss.	ν,	•	H
ts payable \$ 9,427 \$ 4 liabilities	\$ 33,350	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						\$	. ❖	٠.	Ħ.
yable \$ 9,427 \$ illities	\$ 33,350	· · ·						\$	, \$	· ·	1
ilities							. '				19,497
ayable	•										
r funds 48,184 1 vvenue		,		137,504	49,002	14,516	•	•	•	60,868	278,091
evenue 57,611 57,611	,	,	,	. '	, '	'	,	26,493	,	, '	249,520
57,611 57,611		47,493							•		47,493
Fund balances:	33,350	47,493		869,762	49,304	15,138	369,905	26,493		60,868	1,760,244
Fund balances:											
Grants 10.863		,	,			,		•	•		10.863
-	201.010										10,000
	010,103										010,103
Municipal Court			287,722								287,722
TIRZ Development			,			2,570,313	1,474	5,329	87,519	371,633	3,036,268
Other Purposes		200	,				•	•	•		200
Committed:											
Streets		,	,	10,097,187		•	•	•	•	•	10,097,187
Drainage		,	,		702,807	•	•	•	•	•	702,807
Unassigned (deficit) - (104)							•	•	•		(104)
Total fund balances 10,863 (104)	610,183	200	287,722	10,097,187	702,807	2,570,313	1,474	5,329	87,519	371,633	14,745,626

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Project Funds As of September 30, 2012

Total	3,078,787 2,707,455 4,870 5,791,112	120,592 52,147 2,021,296 2,194,035	3,597,077 3,597,077 5,791,112
	φ	φ	\$
2010 Certificates of Obligation Fund	2,422,748 2,130,541 3,833 4,557,122	110,584 - 2,021,296 2,131,880	2,425,242 2,425,242 4,557,122
201( of	v v	φ.	
2009 Certificates of Obligation Fund			
2009 C of Ol	s s	φ.	\$
2008 Certificates of Obligation Fund	254,347 223,670 402 478,419	10,008 27,626 - 37,634	440,785 440,785 478,419
2008 of (	v v	φ.	φ.
2007 Certificates of Obligation Fund	401,692 353,244 635 755,571	24,521	731,050 731,050 755,571
2007 of (	s s	Φ.	\$
2005 Certificates of Obligation Fund			
2005 of C	φ	ν.	\ \ \
	<u>Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Investments Interest receivable Total assets	<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	Fund balances: Restricted to capital projects Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Permanent Funds
As of September 30, 2012

	Brandon	λ.	J.W. English	L.B.	B. Hervey	Mills	Mills Trust			Σ	M.C. Astin	F.L. H	F.L. Henderson	Ro	Rountree	Bade	Bade Trust		
	Cemetery		Cemetery	Ö	Cemetery	Cem	Cemetery	ల	Cemetery	Ç	Cemetery	=	Library	=	Library	Cem	Cemetery		
	Fund		Fund	_	Fund	Fund	pu		Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	Fu	Fund		Totals
Assets		   														-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,357	s	4,857	s	7,719	s	487	s	908,529	s	32,037	s	2,662	s	3,962	s	466	s	962,076
Investments	1,194		4,271		6,788		428		798,952		28,173		2,340		3,483		409		846,038
Interest receivable	2		∞		12		1		1,437		51		4		9		1		1,522
Total assets	\$ 2,553	\$	9,136	\$	14,519	\$	916	\$ 1	,708,918	\$	60,261	\$	5,006	\$	7,451	\$	876	\$	1,809,636
Fund Balances																			
Nonspendable - Permanent Funds Corpus Restricted:	\$ 1,399	❖	5,000	↔	1,500	\$	200	❖	755,099	❖	4,950	<b>\$</b>	2,085	\$	6,709	❖	200	\$	777,742
Cemeteries	1,154		4,136		13,019		416		953,819		55,311		•		,		376		1,028,231
Libraries			-								-		2,921		742				3,663
Total fund balances	2,553		9,136		14,519		916	1	1,708,918		60,261		5,006		7,451		876		1,809,636
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,553 \$ 9,136	\$	9,136	\$	14,519	\$	916	\$ 1	1,708,918	\$	60,261	\$	5,006	\$	7,451	\$	876	\$	1,809,636

**CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS** 

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	ш.	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds	Permanent Funds		Total
Revenues:						 	
Property taxes	Ŷ	1,912,708	Ş	1	· •	Ş	1,912,708
Hotel occupancy taxes		504,078		1			504,078
Transportation and drainage assessments		6,324,068		ı	1		6,324,068
Fines and court charges		46,176			1		46,176
Grants		1,636,050		1	1		1,636,050
Investment earnings		85,846		28,707	9,288		123,841
Other		600,297		13,577	31,391		645,265
Total revenues		11,109,223		42,284	40,679		11,192,186
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government and administration		17,972		1	1		17,972
Development services		1,359,203		1	1		1,359,203
Public works services		3,772,054		256,483	1		4,028,537
Public safety		363,260		1	1		363,260
Cultural and recreational		435,996		1	1		435,996
Capital outlay		1,250,085		2,922,815	•		4,172,900
Total expenditures		7,198,570		3,179,298	1	 	10,377,868
Event (Apfinional) of various							
cycess (deficiency) of revendes over (under) expenditures		3.910.653		(3.137.014)	40.679		814.318
		00000000		(1 = 0(10=10)			
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		2,403,988		157,828	ı		2,561,816
Transfers out		(4,458,563)		(1,255,773)	1	]	(5,714,336)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,054,575)		(1,097,945)			(3,152,520)
Net change in fund balances		1,856,078		(4,234,959)	40,679		(2,338,202)
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		12,889,548		7,832,036	1,768,957		22,490,541
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	٠	14,745,626	↔	3,597,077	\$ 1,809,636	 	20,152,339

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Grant	Community Development	Hotel and Motel Room	Sidewalks	Court Technology	Street Improvement	Drainage Improvement	Tax Increment Reinvestment	Tax Increment Reinvestment	Tax Increment Reinvestment	Tax Increment Reinvestment	Tax Increment Reinvestment	Total
Revenues:	5	3		3		5	3					3	
Property taxes	-\$	\$	· \$	•	\$	· \$	\$	\$ 972,887	\$ 625,151	\$ 98,406	\$ 72,549	\$ 143,715	\$ 1,912,708
Hotel occupancy taxes			504,078										504,078
Transportation and drainage assessments	•	•				5,420,155	903,913						6,324,068
Grants	348,259	1,262,714	,	,	,	. '	25,077	•	,	,	•	•	1,636,050
Fines and court charges	,	•	,	,	46,176	•	•		•	•			46,176
Investment earnings	9	,	3,232	227	1,483	59,881	4,812	14,376	609	25	303	892	85,846
Other		72,947			•			896	387,504	47,712		91,166	600,297
Total revenues	348,265	1,335,661	507,310	227	47,659	5,480,036	933,802	988,231	1,013,264	146,143	72,852	235,773	11,109,223
Expenditures:													
Current:													
General government and administration	,	,	,	,	,	,	•		17,972	,			17,972
Development services		1,335,765		,	•			15,938			7,500		1,359,203
Public works services		•				3,542,081	229,973						3,772,054
Public safety	341,750	•	,	,	21,510	•	•		•	•			363,260
Cultural and recreational		•	435,996		•								435,996
Capital outlay							983,875	266,210					1,250,085
Total expenditures	341,750	1,335,765	435,996		21,510	3,542,081	1,213,848	282,148	17,972		7,500		7,198,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	6515	(104)	71.314	727	26149	1 937 955	(280 046)	706.083	995 292	146.143	65 352	235 773	3 910 653
	0	(101)		ì	0.00	000	(200,010)	20000	101000	200	100,00		000000
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	,			,	,	891,042			190,000	30,000		1,292,946	2,403,988
Transfers out	,				,	(428,536)	(49,998)	(912,644)	(1,390,171)	(160,850)		(1,516,364)	(4,458,563)
Total other financing sources (uses)						462,506	(49,998)	(912,644)	(1,200,171)	(130,850)		(223,418)	(2,054,575)
Net change in fund balances	6,515	(104)	71,314	227	26,149	2,400,461	(330,044)	(206,561)	(204,879)	15,293	65,352	12,355	1,856,078
Fund balances, October 1, 2011	4,348		538,869	473	261,573	7,696,726	1,032,851	2,776,874	206,353	(9,964)	22,167	359,278	12,889,548
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	\$ 10,863	\$ (104)	\$ 610,183	\$ 700	\$ 287,722	\$ 10,097,187	\$ 702,807	\$ 2,570,313	\$ 1,474	\$ 5,329	\$ 87,519	\$ 371,633	\$ 14,745,626

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Capital Project Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Boyonies	2005 ( of O	2005 Certificates of Obligation Fund	2007 ( of O	2007 Certificates of Obligation Fund	2008 of C	2008 Certificates of Obligation Fund	2009 Certificates of Obligation Fund	2010 Certificates of Obligation Fund	ificates ation d		Total
neverides. Investment earnings Other Total revenues	φ	1 1	φ.	3,443		3,077		·Λ	22,187 13,577 35,764	φ.	28,707 13,577 42,284
Expenditures: Current: Public works services Capital outlay Total expenditures				2,977 156,214 159,191		62,109 556,519 618,628		2,2. 2,40	191,397 2,210,082 2,401,479		256,483 2,922,815 3,179,298
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1		(155,748)		(615,551)	1	(2,30	(2,365,715)		(3,137,014)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,749)					(2,080) (2,080)	11 (1,2) (1,0)	157,828 (1,217,944) (1,060,116)		157,828 (1,255,773) (1,097,945)
Net change in fund balances		(35,749)		(155,748)		(615,551)	(2,080)	(3,4)	(3,425,831)		(4,234,959)
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		35,749		886,798		1,056,336	2,080	5,8	5,851,073		7,832,036
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	⋄	'	φ.	731,050		440,785		\$ 2,43	2,425,242	٠	3,597,077

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Permanent Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Brandon	J.W. English	L.B. Hervey	Mills Trust				Rountree	Bade Trust	
	Cemetery Fund	Cemetery Fund	Cemetery Fund	Cemetery Fund	Cemetery Fund	Cemetery Fund	Library Fund	Library Fund	Cemetery Fund	Totals
Revenues: Contributions	•				\$ 31 391					\$ 31 391
Investment earnings	13	47	75	· ·	8,769	310	5 26	38	· ·	9,288
Total revenues	13	47	75	5	40,160	310		38	5	40,679
Net change in fund balances	13	47	75	ß	40,160	310	56	38	5	40,679
Fund balances, October 1, 2011	2,540	680'6	14,444	911	1,668,758	59,951	4,980	7,413	871	1,768,957
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	\$ 2,553	\$ 2,553 \$ 9,136	\$ 14,519	\$ 916	\$ 1,708,918	\$ 60,261	\$ 5,006	\$ 7,451	\$ 876	\$ 1,809,636

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Revenues:	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Property taxes Investment earnings	\$ 6,816,449	\$ 6,816,449	\$ 6,751,400	\$ (65,049)
5	779,899	620,899	445,899	(205,000)
Total revenues	7,631,348	7,502,348	7,222,606	(279,742)
Bond and principal retirement	5,855,743	5,857,344	6,482,344	(625,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	4,315,297	4,313,696	4,319,077	(5,381)
Debt issuance costs	2,600	2,600	•	2,600
Total expenditures	10,176,640	10,176,640	10,801,421	(624,781)
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,545,292)	(2,674,292)	(3,578,815)	(904,523)
Other financing sources: Transfers in	2.548.171	2,677,171	3,304,748	775,779
Total other financing sources	2,548,171	2,677,171	3,304,748	627,577
Net change in fund balance	2,879	2,879	(274,067)	(276,946)
Fund Balance, October 1, 2011	6,219,331	6,219,331	6,219,331	'
Fund Balance, September 30, 2012	\$ 6,222,210	\$ 6,222,210	\$ 5,945,264	\$ (276,946)

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	O Bu Ar	Original Budgeted Amounts	B.	Final Budgeted Amounts	. ∢	Actual Amounts	Var Fina F	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Grant - Federal Grant - State Investment Earnings	<b>⋄</b>	241,371	<b>⋄</b>	241,371	⋄	325,211 23,048 6	<b>⋄</b>	83,840 23,048 6
Total revenues		241,371		241,371		348,265		106,894
Expenditures: Current:								
Public Safety Total expenditures		241,371		340,137		341,750		(1,613)
Excess of revenues over expenditures				(98,766)		6,515		105,281
Net change in fund balance				(98,766)		6,515		105,281
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		4,348		4,348		4,348		1
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	❖	4,348	↔	(94,418)	❖	10,863	❖	105,281

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Original		Final			S I	Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted	ш	Budgeted		Actual		Positive
		Amounts		Amounts		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Grants	φ.	2,293,477	ş	2,293,477	Ş	1,262,714	❖	(1,030,763)
Other		59,500		29,500		72,947		13,447
Total revenues		2,352,977		2,352,977		1,335,661		(1,017,316)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Development services		2,352,977		2,471,196		1,335,765		1,135,431
Total expenditures		2,352,977		2,471,196		1,335,765		1,135,431
Net change in fund balance		I		(118,219)		(104)		118,115
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		1		-		1		-
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	ş	1	ş	(118,219)	Ş	(104)	Ş	118,115

Hotel and Motel Room Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Variance with Final Budget -	(Negative) (Negative) (159,078 (968) (158,110  124,104  124,104	.   278	A A	Final Budgeted Amounts 345,000 4,200 349,200 560,100 560,100 560,100	w	Original Budgeted Amounts 345,000 4,200 349,200 381,100 381,100 (31,900)	ō ĭ Ṣ
Budgeted Actual Amounts         Actual Amounts         Positive (Negative Amounts)           50         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$ 159           50         \$ 349,200         \$ 507,310         158           50         \$ 560,100         435,996         124           50         \$ 560,100         435,996         124           50         \$ 58,869         538,869         282	282,214	610,183 \$	<b>ب</b>	327,969	Ş	506,969	ll.
Budgeted         Actual Amounts         Positiv (Negative Amounts)           00         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$ 159           00         3,232         158           00         349,200         507,310         158           00         560,100         435,996         124           00         560,100         435,996         124           00         560,100         435,996         124           00         560,100         435,996         124           00         560,100         2560,100         2560,100	,	538,869		538,869		538,869	
Budgeted         Actual Amounts         Positiv           Amounts         Amounts         (Negativ           00         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$ 159           00         3,232         158           00         349,200         507,310         158           00         560,100         435,996         124           00         560,100         435,996         124	282,214	71,314		(210,900)		(31,900)	
Budgeted         Actual         Positiv           Amounts         Amounts         (Negativ           00         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$ 159           00         4,200         3,232         158           00         349,200         507,310         158           00         560,100         435,996         124	124,104	435,996		560,100		31,100	38
Budgeted         Actual         Positiv           Amounts         Amounts         (Negativ           00         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$ 159           00         4,200         3,232           00         349,200         507,310         158	124,104	435,996		560,100		1,100	38
Budgeted         Actual         Positiv           Amounts         Amounts         (Negativ           00         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$ 159           00         4,200         3,232	158,110	507,310		349,200		9,200	34
Budgeted         Actual         Pos           Amounts         Amounts         (Neg           30         \$ 345,000         \$ 504,078         \$	(896)	3,232		4,200		4,200	
Budgeted Actual Amounts Amounts	159,078	504,078 \$	\$	345,000	\$	5,000	34
	Positive (Negative)	ctual nounts	Ar	Budgeted Amounts	1 \	ed Its	udget

Sidewalks Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	pu p	Actual Amounts	ıal ınts	Varian Final Br Pos (Neg	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Investment earnings Total revenues	₩		φ.	227	•	227
Net change in fund balance		1		227		227
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		473		473		1
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	❖	473	\$	700	Ş	227

Court Technology Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Or Buc	Original Budgeted Amounts	Bu	Final Budgeted Amounts	. ∢	Actual Amounts	Varia Final Pc (Ne	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Fines and court charges Investment earnings Total revenues		45,600 3,500 49,100	φ	45,600 3,500 49,100	φ.	46,176 1,483 47,659	φ	576 (2,017) (1,441)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay		1,420		5,520		21,510		(15,990)
Total expenditures		54,920		59,020		21,510		37,510
Net change in fund balance		(5,820)		(9,920)		26,149		36,069
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		261,573		261,573		261,573		1
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	❖	255,753	φ.	251,653	❖	287,722	❖	36,069

Street Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Transportation assessments Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 5,251,000 60,000 5,311,000	\$ 5,251,000 60,000 5,311,000	\$ 5,420,155 59,881 5,480,036	\$ 169,155 (119) 169,036
Expenditures: Current: Public works services Total expenditures	8,454,450	9,794,337	3,542,081	6,252,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,143,450)	(4,483,337)	1,937,955	6,421,292
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(428,534) (428,534)	(428,534) (428,534)	891,042 (428,536) 462,506	(891,042) (2) (891,044)
Net change in fund balance	(3,571,984)	(4,911,871)	2,400,461	7,312,332
Fund balances, October 1, 2011	7,696,726	7,696,726	7,696,726	1
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	\$ 4,124,742	\$ 2,784,855	\$ 10,097,187	\$ 7,312,332

**CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS** 

Drainage Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	3 \$ 38,913		2 58,802		3 1,599,275 5 -	1,599,275	6) 674,202	8) 2	4) 674,204	1	7 \$ 674,204
Actual Amounts	\$ 903,913	4,812	933,802		229,973 983,875	1,213,848	(280,046)	(49,998)	(330,044)	1,032,851	\$ 702,807
Final Budgeted Amounts	\$ 865,000	10,000	875,000		1,829,248	1,829,248	(954,248)	(50,000)	(1,004,248)	1,032,851	\$ 28,603
Original Budgeted Amounts	\$ 865,000	10,000	875,000		1,366,925	1,366,925	(491,925)	(50,000)	(541,925)	1,032,851	\$ 490,926
	Revenues: Drainage assessments	Grants Investment earnings	Total revenues	Expenditures: Current:	Public works services Capital outlay	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing uses: Transfers out	Net change in fund balance	Fund balances, October 1, 2011	Fund balances, September 30, 2012

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #8 Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,167,429	\$ 1,167,429	\$ 972,887	\$ (194,542)
Investment earnings	42,200	42,200	14,376	(27,824)
Other	1	1	896	896
Total revenues	1,209,629	1,209,629	988,231	(221,398)
Expenditures:				
Development services	340,000	356,678	15,938	340,740
Capital outlay		•	266,210	(266,210)
Total expenditures	340,000	356,678	282,148	74,530
Excess of revenues over expenditures	869,629	852,951	706,083	(146,868)
Other financing uses: Transfers out	(285,066)	(912,644)	(912,644)	
Net change in fund balance	584,563	(29,693)	(206,561)	(146,868)
Fund balances, October 1, 2011	2,776,874	2,776,874	2,776,874	
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	\$ 3,361,437	\$ 2,717,181	\$ 2,570,313	\$ (146,868)

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #10 Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	O Bu	Original Budgeted Amounts	ğ V	Final Budgeted Amounts	`	Actual Amounts	Vari	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
revenues: Property taxes	↔	617,010	❖	626,363	\$	625,151	\$	(1,212)
Investment earnings Other		587 475.908		587 475.908		609 387,504		22 (88.404)
Total revenues		1,093,505		1,102,858		1,013,264		(89,594)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government and administration		25,000		25,000		17,972		7,028
Total expenditures		25,000		25,000	,	17,972		7,028
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,068,505		1,077,858		995,292		(82,566)
Other financing uses: Transfers in		140,000		190,000		190,000		ı
Transfers out		(1,390,171)		(1,390,171)		(1,390,171)		1 1
otal otilei iiiaileiig soulees		(1,200,1/1)		(1,200,1/1)		(1,200,1/1)		ı
Net change in fund balance		(181,666)		(122,313)		(204,879)		(82,566)
Fund balances, October 1, 2011		206,353		206,353		206,353		
Fund balances, September 30, 2012	Ş	24,687	Ş	84,040	❖	1,474	φ.	(82,566)

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #19 Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	\$ (45,449) (246) 47,712	2,017	, 1	1 2,018	\$ 2,018
Actual Amounts	\$ 98,406 25 47,712	146,143	30,000 (160,850)	(130,850) 15,293	(9,964)
Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	\$ 143,855 271	144,126	30,000 (160,851)	(130,851) 13,275	(9,964)
	Revenues: Property taxes Investment earnings Other	Total revenues Excess of revenues over expenditures	Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources Net change in fund balance	Fund balances, October 1, 2011 Fund balances, September 30, 2012

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS	Fax Increment Reinvestment Zone #21 Fund	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012	
CITY OF E	Tax Incren	Schedule	Budget (G	For the Fis	

Variance with Original Final Final Budget - Budgeted Budgeted Actual Positive Amounts Amounts (Negative)	ngs 252 252 303 51	75,543		- 7,500	itures - 7,500 7,500 -	over expenditures 74,943 67,443 65,352 (2,091)	balance 74,943 67,443 65,352 (2,091)	ober 1, 2011 <u>22,167</u> <u>22,167</u> <u>- 22,167</u> <u> </u>	tember 30, 2012 \$ 97,110 \$ 89,610 \$ 87,519 \$ (2,091)
	Revenues: Property taxes Investment earnings	וסומן ופעפוותפא	Expenditures: Current:	Development services	Total expenditures	Excess of revenues over expenditures	Net change in fund balance	Fund balances, October 1, 2011	Fund balances, September 30, 2012

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #22 Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Final Budget - Actual Positive Amounts (Negative)	143,715 \$ (105,701) 892 (801) 91,166 91,166 235,773 (15,336)	2,910 - 350,561 - 353,471	235,773 338,135	1,292,946 1,217,946 (1,516,364) (1,217,946)	12,355 338,135 359,278 -	371,633 \$ 338,135
A	φ					δ
Final Budgeted Amounts	249,416 1,693 - 251,109	2,910 350,561 353,471	(102,362)	75,000 (298,418) (223,418)	(325,780)	33,498
	·γ-					❖
Original Budgeted Amounts	249,416 1,693 - 251,109		251,109	75,000 (298,418) (223,418)	27,691	386,969
9 B	φ					❖
	Revenues: Property taxes Investment earnings Other Total revenues	Expenditures: Current: Development services Capital outlay Total expenditures	Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources	Net change in fund balance Fund balances, October 1, 2011	Fund balances, September 30, 2012

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Solid Waste Fund – To account for the provision of residential and commercial garbage collection and the City's interest in the Brazos Valley Solid Waste Management Agency's landfill operations. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administrative, operations, maintenance, new construction, financing and related debt services, and billing and collection.

Bryan Airport Fund – To account for the revenues received and the expenses incurred by the City in the operation of Bryan's Coulter Airfield.

Bryan Commerce and Development – To account for economic development activities and public facility development by the City. The activities related to the acquisition of property for development and the operations of the LaSalle Hotel are included in this fund.

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds As of September 30, 2012

	S	Solid Waste Fund	Bry	Bryan Airport Fund	Brya & D	Bryan Commerce & Development		Total
Assets						<u>-</u>		
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>ئ</b>	1,995,188	ş	88,298	Ş	260,952	Ş	2,344,438
Investments		1,754,461		77,465		10,498		1,842,424
Accounts receivable		765,481		13,285		34,824		813,590
Less allowance for uncollectible		(230,816)		ı		ı		(230,816)
Grants receivable		1		13,714		ı		13,714
Interest receivable		3,156		139		19		3,314
Inventories		1		59,630		3,817		63,447
Due from other funds		166,413		ı		1		166,413
Prepaid and other assets		4,477		1,307		32,200		37,984
Total current assets		4,458,360		253,838		342,310		5,054,508
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets:								
Investment in BVSWMA		12,213,397		ı		ı		12,213,397
Capital assets:								
Land		1		654,670		9,332,184		9,986,854
Buildings		81,400		1,165,901		1,633,701		2,881,002
Equipment		6,851,903		ı		599,265		7,451,168
Improvements other than buildings		349,562		3,048,486		1		3,398,048
Less accumulated depreciation		(3,992,704)		(2,340,609)		(1,160,334)		(7,493,647)
Total capital assets (net of								
accumulated depreciation)		3,290,161		2,528,448		10,404,816		16,223,425
Total noncurrent assets		15,503,558		2,528,448		10,404,816		28,436,822
Total assets	\$	19,961,918	\$	2,782,286	\$	10,747,126	\$	33,491,330

	0,	Solid Waste Fund	Bry	Bryan Airport Fund	Brya & D	Bryan Commerce & Development	Total
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	φ.	123,643	Υ.	5,095	φ.	44,915	\$ 173,653
Accrued liabilities		155,897		4,355		50,033	210,285
Due to other funds		2,988		1		1	2,988
Accrued interest		1		64		4,804	4,868
Certificates of obligation		1		2,261		1	2,261
Notes		1		107,652		1,893,792	2,001,444
Accrued vacation and sick pay		70,718		387		8,193	79,298
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Customer deposits		1		7,490		66,219	73,709
Total current liabilities		353,246		127,304		2,067,956	2,548,506
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Certificates of obligation		1		27,583		1	27,583
Notes		ı		3,950		ı	3,950
Accrued vacation and sick pay		41,533		228		4,811	46,572
Total noncurrent liabilities		41,533		31,761		4,811	78,105
Total liabilities		394,779		159,065		2,072,767	2,626,611
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,290,161		2,387,002		8,511,024	14,188,187
Restricted for BVSWMA		12,213,397		ı		ı	12,213,397
Unrestricted		4,063,581		236,219		163,335	4,463,135
Total net assets	\$	19,567,139	\$	2,623,221	<b>ب</b>	8,674,359	\$ 30,864,719

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Total \$ 9,085,511 9,085,511	3,126,604 571,168 1,986,798 1,257,423 718,389 7,660,382 1,425,129 1,072,307	352,822	23,162 (58,939) (11,039) 55,202 (730,841) 200,851 (521,604)	(168,782)	2,937,927 (1,038,260) 1,730,885	29,133,834
Bryan Commerce & Development \$ 1,109,838	415,524 56,262 217,175 258,804 - - 947,765 162,073 144,085	17,988	366 (57,474) (11,039) - - - (68,147)	(50,159)	(129,000) (179,159)	8,853,518 \$ 8,674,359
Bryan Airport Fund \$ 508,162 508,162	110,003 37,194 72,280 284,083 - - 503,560 4,602 173,126	(168,524)	1,329 (1,465) - 55,202 - - 55,066	(113,458)	18,654	2,718,025 \$ 2,623,221
Solid Waste Fund \$ 7,467,511 7,467,511	2,601,077 477,712 1,697,343 714,536 718,389 6,209,057 1,258,454 755,096	503,358	21,467 - - (730,841) 200,851 (508,523)	(5,165)	2,919,273 (909,260) 2,004,848	17,562,291 \$ 19,567,139
Operating revenues: Other Total operating revenues	Operating expenses: Personnel services Maintenance Other services and charges Other expenses General and administrative Total operating expenses before depreciation Operating income (loss) before depreciation	Operating income (loss)	Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest expense Amortization Grants Distributive share of BVSWMA net income Other - net Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	Transfers in Transfers out Change in net assets	Net assets, October 1, 2011 Net assets, September 30, 2012

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Total	9,491,069 (4,498,428) (3,005,247) 207,140 2,194,534	1,933,194 (1,038,260) 894,934	(814,156) (13,342) (11,039) (2,656) (59,361)	(2,275,350) 1,318,054 21,482 (935,814) 1,253,100 1,091,338 2,344,438
	-γ-			v
Bryan Commerce & Development	1,083,707 (563,546) (406,395) - 113,766	(129,000)	59,454 - (11,039) - (57,760) (9,345)	(13,254) 2,756 346 (10,152) (34,731) 295,683
ŬĞ	<b>⋄</b>			w
Bryan Airport Fund	489,939 (280,687) (110,026) 6,289 105,515	18,654	(13,342) - (2,656) (1,601) (17,599)	(47,053) 1,248 (45,805) 60,765 27,533
Bry	v.			w
Solid Waste Fund	7,917,423 (3,654,195) (2,488,826) 200,851 1,975,253	1,914,540 (909,260) 1,005,280	(873,610)	(2,215,043) 1,315,298 19,888 (879,857) 1,227,066 768,122
SC	φ.			•
	Cash flows from operating activities:  Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Receipts for miscellaneous revenues Net cash provided by operating activities	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers out Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Grants Amortization of debt expense Principal paid on certificates of obligation Interest paid on bonds, contractual obligations, and notes Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	Cash flows from investing activities:  Purchase of investment securities Sale of investment securities Interest on investments Net cash used by investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2011 Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2012

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

		352,822		.,072,307	207,140		718,164	262,186)	(25,272)	111,602	10,289	(62,840)	155,328	(25,090)	179,208)	121,478	2,194,534
Total		(1)		1,(	•		17	<u>U</u>					•		Ξ.		
[		φ.															Ş
Bryan Commerce & Development		17,988		144,085	1		843	1	58	1	16,073	(46,988)	(448)	(26,974)	ı	9,129	113,766
Bryal & D		<b>\$</b>															\$
Bryan Airport Fund		(168,524)		173,126	6,289		5,223	1	(25,330)	111,602	(1,307)	2,575	(121)	1,884		86	105,515
Br		❖															\$
Solid Waste Fund		503,358		755,096	200,851		712,098	(262, 186)	1	1	(4,477)	(18,427)	155,897	1	(179,208)	112,251	1,975,253
Sc		❖															Ş
	Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	Operating income (loss)	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	Depreciation and amortization	Receipts for miscellaneous revenues	Change in assets and liabilities:	Change in accounts receivable	Change in deferred credits	Change in inventory	Change in due from other funds	Change in prepaid assets	Change in accounts payable	Change in accrued liabilities	Change in customer deposits	Change in due to other funds	Change in accrued vacation and sick pay	Net cash provided by operating activities

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities

Two internal service funds were closed during the year and capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) totaling \$1,004,733 were During this past year, the Enterprise Funds investment in BVSWIMA decreased \$730,841 as a result of their operations. transferred to the Non-major Enterprise Funds.

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Warehouse Fund – To account for the operation of the City's warehouse function (excluding electric inventory).

Insurance Fund – To account for funds accumulated by the City to cover general liability and workers' compensation claims and associated administrative expenses.

Employee Benefit Trust Fund – To account for the administration of health insurance for City employees. Resources are contributed by the City for employee health coverage and by the employee for optional dependent coverage.

Equipment Replacement Fund – To account for funds accumulated by the City for the replacement of City vehicles and equipment, not budgeted in other funds. In fiscal year 2012, this fund was discontinued and its assets were appropriately distributed to other funds.

Facility Maintenance Fund – To account for funds accumulated by the City for the maintenance of City facilities, not budgeted in other funds. In fiscal year 2012, this fund was discontinued and its assets were appropriately distributed to other funds.

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Net Assets
As of September 30, 2012

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS
Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses
and Changes in Fund Net Assets
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

;	Wai	Warehouse Fund	Insurance Fund	Employee Benefit Trust Fund	Equipment Replacement	Facility Maintenance	Total
Operating revenues: Intragovernmental Other	φ.	388,009	\$ 1,438,470	\$ 5,388,961 2,113,327	\$	ν. •	\$ 7,215,440 2,113,658
Total operating revenues		388,340	1,438,470	7,502,288	1	1	9,329,098
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services		208,213	415,391		•		623,604
Maintenance		913	6,524	ı	1	1	7,437
Claims		1	728,879	7,961,458	1		8,690,337
Other services and charges		108,662	771,353	1,610,827		ı	2,490,842
Other expenses General and administrative		17,257	12,481 224.831	14,242	1 1	1 1	43,980 224.831
Total operating expenses							
before depreciation		335,045	2,159,459	9,586,527		1	12,081,031
Operating income (loss) before depreciation		53,295	(720,989)	(2,084,239)	•		(2,751,933)
Depreciation		6,062	3,679	ı	1	ı	9,741
Operating income (loss)		47,233	(724,668)	(2,084,239)	1	1	(2,761,674)
Nonoperating revenues: Investment earnings		2,199	21,851	14,447	,	,	38,497
Other Total nonoperating revenues		2,199	11,300 33,151	1,026,018	1 1	1 1	1,037,318
Income before transfers		49,432	(691,517)	(1,043,774)	1	1	(1,685,859)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		42.344	281,054	1	ı	1	323,398
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		42,344	281,054	(264,187) (264,187)	(9,651,935) (9,651,935)	(168,239) (168,239)	(10,084,361) (9,760,963)
Change in net assets		91,776	(410,463)	(1,307,961)	(9,651,935)	(168,239)	(11,446,822)
Net assets, October 1, 2011		597,942	3,522,148	1,349,167	9,651,935	168,239	15,289,431
Net assets, September 30, 2012	❖	689,718	\$ 3,111,685	\$ 41,206	- \$	- \$	\$ 3,842,609

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

:		Warehouse Fund	Insurance Fund	Employee Benefit Trust Fund	Equipment Replacement	Facility Maintenance		Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Receipts for miscellaneous revenues Payments for interfund services used Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	v.	2,270,640 254,731 (2,272,732) (205,385)	\$ 1,438,211 (2,275,700) (409,756) 11,300 (224,831) (1,460,776)	\$ 1,783,910 5,401,723 (8,934,335) 1,027,332	\$ 8,391 (1,000) 7,391	w	ν	4,054,550 7,103,056 (13,482,767) (615,141) 1,038,632 (225,831) (2,127,501)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers out Net cash used by noncapital activities		42,344	281,054	(264,187)	(2,772,529) (2,772,529)			323,398 (3,178,028) (2,854,630)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(27,390 <u>)</u>						(27,390)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of investment securities Sale of investment securities Interest on investments Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(264,344) 254,207 2,199 (7,938)	(3,149,340) 4,005,397 23,675 879,732	(1,689,949) 2,327,458 14,447 651,956	(609,525) 2,064,500 2,765 1,457,740	(31,150) 105,507 141 74,498		(5,744,308) 8,757,069 43,227 3,055,988
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2011		54,270 160,983	(299,990) 2,561,520	(333,601) 1,473,923	(1,307,398) 1,307,398	(66,814) 66,814		(1,953,533) 5,570,638
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2012	s.	215,253	\$ 2,261,530	\$ 1,140,322	٠.	· ·	<b>⋄</b>	3,617,105
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net rash provided (used) by one-rating activities	•◊•	47,233	\$ (724,668)	\$ (2,084,239)			\$	(2,761,674)
Depreciation Nonoperating revenue		6,062	3,679 11,300	1,026,018	1 1	1 1		9,741 1,037,318
Change in assets and nabilities: Change in accounts receivable Change in inventory Change in due from other funds		(2,832) 195	3,297	(329,417)	8,391			(326,120) (2,832) 17,791
Change in prepaid assets Change in accounts payable		(6,231)	(241,631)	30,963		1 1		(241,631)
Change in accrued liabilities Change in due to other funds Change in changes		2,130	3,078 (3,437)	562,033	(1,000)			567,241 (4,437)
change in catting payane Change in vacation and sick pay Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	Ŷ	697	(497,017) 2,557 \$ (1,460,776)	\$ (721,370)	\$ 7,391	\$	٠	3,254 3,254 (2,127,501)

# **AGENCY FUND**

Payroll Fund – To account for the City's payroll funds. Employee wages, associated employment taxes and employee benefits are paid from the fund. This fund is excluded from the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities since the assets are not available to support the City's own programs.

**CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS** 

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund Payroll Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Balance September 30, 2012	\$ 671,711	986,163	\$ 986,163
Deductions	\$ 58,000,297	58,338,849	\$ 27,385,891
Additions	\$ 58,004,926	58,327,322	\$ 27,397,418
Balance October 1, 2011	\$ 667,082	997,690	\$ 997,690
	<u>Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable	Total assets	<u>Liabilities</u> Benefits and employment taxes payable

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

# **USED IN THE OPERATION**

# **OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedules by Source September 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012		2011
Governmental funds capital assets:				
Land	\$	11,570,401	\$	11,570,401
Buildings		42,728,759		42,728,760
Improvements other than buildings		31,165,162		30,780,340
Equipment		28,382,954		21,237,090
Infrastructure		171,120,753		157,675,550
Construction in Progress		7,820,649		16,604,018
	\$	292,788,678	\$	280,596,159
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:	<b>,</b>	02.002.000	<b>.</b>	72.054.270
General Fund	\$	82,003,988	\$	, ,
Special Revenue Funds		8,126,350		8,126,349
Private Contributions		35,468,609		34,731,366
General Obligation bonds		42,229,657		42,229,659
Grants		6,611,770		6,611,770
Certificates of Obligation		118,348,304		115,842,737
	\$	292,788,678	\$	280,596,159

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

## CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Governmental Funds Capital Assets October 1, 2011	Reclassifications	Additions	Deductions	Governmental Funds Capital Assets September 30, 2012
Function and Activity	_				
General Government:					
Executive	\$ 16,809,824	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,809,823
City Secretary	264,858	-	-	-	264,858
Legal services	41,126	-	-	-	41,126
Fiscal services	324,711	-	-	-	324,712
Computer services	7,512,959	-	288,003	500	7,800,462
Purchasing services	1,773,250	-	-	-	1,773,249
Human resources	44,862	-	-	-	44,862
Facility services	3,003,431	(18,121)	325,644	10,050	3,300,904
Fleet services	70,619				70,619
Total general government	29,845,640	(18,121)	613,647	10,550	30,430,615
Development services:					
Administration	599,956	-	-	-	599,956
Planning	29,062	-	41,008	-	70,070
Engineering	169,526	-	-	4,000	165,525
Inspections	123,142	-	-	4,000	119,143
Community Development	5,360,216	-	-	-	5,360,216
TIF infrastructure	7,338,901	-	2,988,997	-	10,327,899
Total development services	13,620,803	-	3,030,005	8,000	16,642,809
Public works:					
Environmental services	28,567	-	-	-	28,567
Transportation services	158,585,643	18,121	11,379,346	10,260	169,972,850
Total public works	158,614,210	18,121	11,379,346	10,260	170,001,417
Public safety:					
Police services	23,060,152	-	1,896,799	324,667	24,632,284
Fire and emergency medical services	10,763,368	-	3,617,726	22,809	14,358,285
Municipal court	2,149,143	-	62,682	-	2,211,826
Total public safety	35,972,663	-	5,577,207	347,476	41,202,394
Cultural and recreational:					
Administration	143,955	-	-	-	143,955
Library services	4,008,679	-	120,735	-	4,129,414
Parks and recreation services	21,786,191	-	686,271	55,036	22,417,426
Total cultural and recreational	25,938,825	-	807,006	55,036	26,690,795
Construction in Progress - Unclassified	16,604,018		4,372,382	13,155,752	7,820,649
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 280,596,159	\$ -	\$ 25,779,593	\$ 13,587,074	\$ 292,788,678

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

CITY OF BRYAN, TEXAS

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Function and Activity As of September 30, 2012

	Land	Bu	Buildings	Improvements Other Than Buildings	ments Than ngs	Machinery and Equipment	Infrastructure	Construction in Progress	E	Total	
Function and Activity									! [		ı
General Government:											
Executive	\$ 2,138,903	٠.	14,384,543	\$	,	\$ 286,378	· \$	⋄		\$ 16,809,823	
City Secretary	125,000				94,261	45,597				264,858	
Legal services					41,126	•	•			41,126	
Fiscal services	•		38,385			286,327	•		350	325,062	
Computer services	•		89,709		33,279	7,706,415	•	156,342	342	7,956,804	
Purchasing services			37,037	1,	1,679,680	56,533	•			1,773,249	
Human resources	•				9,991	34,871	•			44,862	
Facility services			2,468,306		118,187	714,411	•			3,300,904	
Fleet services	•		1,671		32,396	36,552			-	70,619	1
Total general government	2,263,903		16,990,709	2,	2,008,920	9,167,083		156,692	.692	30,587,307	
Development services:											
Administration	35,156		1,260		,	563,540	•			599,956	
Planning	•		29,062		,	41,008	•			70,070	
Engineering	4,556		7,343		,	153,627	•			165,525	
Inspections	•		,		,	119,143	•			119,143	
Community Development	118,531		131,652	5,	5,083,368	26,665	•			5,360,216	
TIF infrastructure	126,624				58,449	•	10,142,825	2,271,636	989	12,599,535	
Total development services	284,867		169,317	5,	5,141,817	903,983	10,142,825	2,271,636	989	18,914,445	
Public works:											
Environmental services	•		11,995		16,572	•	•			28,567	
Transportation services	5,179,975		8,840		957,554	2,875,957	160,950,524	5,392,320	320	175,365,170	1
Total public works	5,179,975		20,835		974,126	2,875,957	160,950,524	5,392,320	320	175,393,737	ı
Public safety:											
Police services	1,043,332		18,189,593		22,982	5,376,377	•			24,632,284	
Fire and emergency medical services	•		6,345,530		12,780	7,999,975	•			14,358,285	
Municipal court	1,819,216		•		106,675	285,934	•			2,211,826	ı
Total public safety	2,862,549		24,535,122		142,437	13,662,286				41,202,394	- 1
Cultural and recreational:			ı		107 924	36.031				1/13 055	
I ibrary consider	•		786 947		436,101	150,05	•			1196,577	
LIDI al y sel vices	000		707,674	, ć	302,333	1 100 090				747,414	
Farks and recreation services	979,108		533,489	19,	19,407,539	1,469,886				22,411,426	1
i otal cultural and recreational	979,108		1,012,776	77,	708/1/88/77	1,//3,645	27,404			26,690,795	1
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 11,570,401	.γ	42,728,759	\$ 31,	31,165,162	\$ 28,382,954	\$ 171,120,753	\$ 7,820,649		\$ 292,788,678	II

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.



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## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Bryan's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

## **Contents**

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess one of the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax.

Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

City of Bryan, Texas
Net Assets by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt <sup>(1)</sup>	5 59.966.985	\$ 65.071.184	\$ 69.967.643	\$ 73.996.072	\$ 58.468.218	\$ 70.901.798	\$ 72.148.854	\$ 63.909.781	\$ 73.325.895	\$ 73.821.014
Restricted	8,744,262	12,411,981	9,408,853	2,363,876	27,981,851	23,344,871	23,432,166	30,938,682	24,782,392	24,404,041
Unrestricted	8,934,045	12,846,291	25,200,380	33,341,850	21,616,812	13,567,078	6,457,676	7,301,794	10,124,807	8,130,941
Total governmental activities net assets (1)	77,645,292	90,329,456	104,576,876	109,701,798	108,066,881	107,813,747	102,038,696	102,150,257	108,233,094	106,355,996
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt (1)	176,057,147	184,042,503	192,023,775	205,120,101	211,649,393	219,334,434	232,484,352	241,866,068	252,740,085	248,552,828
Restricted	53,985,790	48,397,500	48,742,062	50,081,595	51,830,123	43,850,639	39,595,645	36,217,006	29,510,223	34,775,027
Unrestricted	28,731,521	33,805,247	44,945,078	52,644,050	60,752,417	74,031,100	79,737,961	75,781,601	78,497,386	85,730,247
Total Business-type activities net assets (1)	258,774,458	266,245,250	285,710,915	307,845,746	324,231,933	337,216,173	351,817,958	353,864,675	360,747,694	369,058,102
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt (1)	236,024,132	249,113,687	261,991,418	279,116,173	270,117,611	290,236,232	304,633,206	305,775,849	326,065,980	322,373,842
Restricted	62,730,052	60,809,481	58,150,915	52,445,471	79,811,974	67,195,510	63,027,811	67,155,688	54,292,615	59,179,068
Unrestricted	37,665,566	46,651,538	70,145,458	85,985,900	82,369,229	87,598,178	86,195,637	83,083,395	88,622,193	93,861,188
Total primary government net assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 336,419,750	\$ 356,574,706	\$ 390,287,791	\$ 417,547,544	\$ 432,298,814	\$ 445,029,920	\$ 453,856,654	\$ 456,014,932	\$ 468,980,788	\$ 475,414,098

<sup>(1)</sup>All amounts have been adjusted to include infrastructure in place prior to fiscal year 2002.

Prior period adjustments reported in fiscal years 2003 and 2005 have been reflected in the applicable year.

The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.



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City of Bryan, Texas Change in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses Governmental Activities:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government and administration Development services Public works services	\$ 6,291,606 (1) 3,818,100 (1) 4.810,494 (1)	\$ 6,745,877 4,004,152 (1) 5.312,221 (1)	\$ 6,978,510 3,464,594 7.887.261	\$ 8,297,179 5,462,407 (1) 9,669,822	9 \$ 9,236,358 7 4,340,747 10.511.166	\$ 9,816,634 4,704,351 10.336,466	\$ 14,552,308 4,488,613 18.315.196	\$ 11,861,977 5,514,292 14,603,264	\$ 11,694,539 5,451,223 14.091.910	\$ 12,567,217 4,946,473 15,169,531
Public Safety	17,263,595	17,808,452	18,764,003	2	7	25,001,597	24,055,956	28,098,561	21,693,251	24,346,634
Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt	5,324,307	5,099,170	6,144,441	8,012,157	8,015,013	7,915,398	8,829,886	8,585,698	7,666,774	8,242,037
Total governmental activities expenses	41,732,926	42,947,102	47,030,347	55,952,075		61,981,365	74,984,735	73,056,382	65,580,512	69,832,638
Business-type activities:	86.030.612	106 537 985	187 897 006	770 643 465	125 258 317	151 258 522	777 629 071	127 804 GZA	147 373 465	122 261 8/3
riectric Rural Electric	17,138,379	20,383,211	22,454,245	24,727,234		27,632,138	29,712,906	27,993,444	29,664,911	28,603,608
Water	7,718,702	7,894,538	7,788,777	8,196,725		9,801,729	9,290,685	10,380,604	10,868,241	11,202,934
Wastewater	8,938,220	9,154,681	9,193,987	8,930,397		13,429,973	11,002,685	9,880,856	10,658,709	10,966,690
Other	8,356,065	7,134,688	6,292,314	6,241,268	П	7,629,919	3,848,988	9,813,006	15,215,556	12,195,441
Total business-type activities expenses	128,181,978	151,100,103	233,621,329	218,739,089	1	209,852,281	194,484,486	190,872,584	208,730,882	196,330,516
Total primary government expenses	169,914,904	194,047,205	280,651,676	274,691,164	1 249,662,377	271,833,646	269,469,221	263,928,966	274,311,394	266,163,154
Development services Public safety	472,912 472,912 2,294,597	408,892 2,946,667	504,189 504,189 2,963,856	523,492 523,492 3,586,722		614,615 4,394,972	587,732 587,732 4,824,117	572,570 572,570 4,639,041	492,175	592,784 4,028,727
Cultural and recreational	569,132	458,481	1,358,437	1,280,685	1,2/0,134	1,464,608	1,912,083	1,634,222	1,355,274	1,581,416
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	2,156,754	5,739,246	8,316,305	2.463.210		2,619,287	3.528.100	4,476.022	2,657,466	3.232.203
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,023,170	12,853,969	15,987,594	10,728,147	1	12,087,162	13,372,141	14,128,619	11,645,404	12,294,375
Business-type activities:										
Electric	99,224,399	112,809,451	197,251,336	181,408,666	<del>,</del>	153,872,437	147,926,009	134,670,691	151,634,735	145,990,914
Rural Electric	19,114,630	22,332,873	24,406,821	26,825,404	2	28,975,229	30,996,152	30,133,488	31,851,185	31,495,841
Water	7,916,358	8,232,182	9,853,319	10,832,129	9,385,539	10,944,038	12,216,438	11,529,217	14,281,996	12,879,376
Wastewater	9,937,103	9,865,054	10,604,267	11,384,558	3 11,357,398	11,586,181	12,017,013	12,369,599	13,112,105	13,072,233
Other Enterprise Funds	6,659,201	6,910,778	8,846,382	9,595,603	3 10,030,558	10,155,749	10,181,590	10,736,815	10,840,430	11,066,735
Operating grants and contributions			•	26,573		•	658,470	25,033	2,615,369	540,202
Capital grants and contributions	2,351,997	2,732,508	5,488,219	2,349,480		2,643,388	1,594,030	1,932,153	939,626	1,173,074
Total business-type activities program revenue Total primary government program revenues	145,203,688 153,226,858	162,882,846 175,736,815	256,450,344 272,437,938	242,422,413	3 199,174,231 0 210,660,892	218,177,022 230,264,184	215,589,702 228,961,843	201,396,996 215,525,615	225,315,486 236,960,890	216,218,375 228,512,750
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities	(33,709,756)	(30,093,133)	(31,042,753)			(49,894,203)	(61,612,594)	(58,927,763)	(53,935,108)	(57,538,263)
Business-type activities	17,021,710	11,782,743	22,829,015	ť	t	8,324,741	21,105,216	10,524,412	16,584,604	19,887,859
iotal piinialy government net expense	(10,000,040)	(066,016,01) ¢	(٥٤/،٤١٥,٥) خ	\$ (Z1,340,004)	(59,001,463) ¢ (+	(41,309,402)	(40,307,376)	(46,403,331)	(40c,0cc,7c) ¢	\$ (37,030,404)

	2003	2	2004		2005	7	2006	2007		2008	2009		2010	2011		2012
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Assets									 			! 			   	
Governmental activities:	43 956 050		700 200 7	4	16,000	٠	7 100 010	10 000	20	000 707 00	2100	, ,	300 250 00	000 000 000	ť	000 370 90
riopeity taxes	50,000,015 50,000,000	^	4,992,394	۰	10,100,903	· ·	.,105,015	7 TO'029'3/1	¢ 0/1	20,494,090	5,125 ¢	, 330,012	22,307,023	4,0045,249	r.	24,073,033
Sales taxes	10,208,391	Ä	10,778,912		11,731,308	_	3,381,722	13,491,560	09	14,532,775	14,14	4,140,838	14,608,410	14,301,017		14,814,931
Franchise taxes	1,665,395		1,702,317		1,676,744		2,049,517	1,920,990	06	2,012,872	2,00	2,000,294	2,071,337	2,062,766		1,963,381
Alcoholic beverage taxes	69,061		64,849		63,401		66,073	62,031	131	64,994	7.	72,777	79,573	93,042		75,460
Bingo taxes	55,613		87,087		127,792		158,365	178,377	77	183,580	19.	195,970	204,009	210,255		217,615
Hotel occupancy taxes	205,481		226,849		221,482		219,711	248,935	35	290,187	32	321,859	411,190	454,217		504,078
Transportation and drainage fees	1,776,081		1,771,032		3,279,441		4,004,370	4,008,249	49	4,133,458	4,34	,343,987	6,129,574	6,179,135		6,324,068
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,149,280		998,737		1,842,525		3,861,870	4,278,208	80:	2,379,105	1,08	,084,060	578,261	251,107		278,636
Miscellaneous	1,515,886	(3	4,419,506		4,427,326		3,075,731	2,731,866	99	3,039,288	1,88	,886,157	2,298,503	2,538,373		1,433,639
Transfers(net)	7,380,322		7,735,414 (3)		5,759,249 (3)		6,347,678 (3)	(713,707	(20,	2,509,912	9,84	9,841,589	9,691,442	10,884,784		5,973,524
Total governmental activities:	37,881,569	4	42,777,297		45,290,173	2	50,348,850	45,065,885	85	49,641,069	55,837,543	7,543	59,039,324	60,017,945		55,661,165
Business-type activities:																
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,937,174		1,224,364		2,149,084		4,673,940	7,299,354	54	6,761,997	3,06	3,062,620	992,215	719,221		(84,846)
Miscellaneous	145,280		2,199,099		246,815		125,245	673,809	60	407,414	27.	275,538	221,532	463,978		1,375,263
Special items - Loss on disposal of legacy meters														•		(6,894,344)
Transfers(net)	(7,380,322)		(7,735,414) (3)		(5,759,249) (3)		(6,347,678) (9)	713,707	.07	(2,509,912)	(9,84	(9,841,589)	(9,691,442)	(10,884,784	)	(5,973,524)
Total business-type activities	(4,297,868)	٠	(4,311,951)		(3,363,350)		(1,548,493)	8,686,870	1.00	4,659,499	(6,50	(6,503,431)	(8,477,695)	(9,701,585	)	(11,577,451)
Total primary government	33,583,701	3	38,465,346		41,926,823	7	48,800,357	53,752,755	.55	54,300,568	49,334,112	4,112	50,561,629	50,316,360		44,083,714
;					Ī				  - 			I I			   	
Change in Net Assets	7	•			7			, 400	í	(10,000)	ŗ	1		700000		1000
Governmental activities	4,1/1,813	⊣ .	12,684,164		14,247,420	,	5,124,922	(1,634,917)	(17)	(253,134)	(5,7)	(15,77,75)	111,561	6,082,837		(1,877,098)
Business-type activities	12,723,842		7,470,792		19,465,665	7	22,134,831	16,386,187	/8/	12,984,240	14,60	1,/85	2,046,717	6,883,019	ŀ	8,310,408
Total primary government	\$ 16,895,655	\$	20,154,956	s	33,713,085	\$ 2	27,259,753	\$ 14,751,270	.70 \$	12,731,106	\$ 8,82	8,826,734	2,158,278	\$ 12,965,856	s	6,433,310

(1) Adjusted to include depreciation expense on infrastructure not previously reported.
(2) Adjusted to reclassify the gain/(loss) on disposition of assets previously reported as a reduction of General Revenue.
(3) Adjusted to reflect the transfer of assets from governmental activities to business-type activities.
The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

**City of Bryan, Texas** Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

2012	\$ - 241,366 657,786 2,338,965 19,524 12,721,175 16,142,816	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		777,742	3,597,077 5,945,264	1,028,230 3,664	10,863 610,183 287,722 3,036,268	10,097,187 702,807 700	\$ 26,097,603 \$ 42,240,419
2011	\$ 21,206 542,028 83,479 460,921 11,362,564 13,210,298	s s		746,351	7,832,036 6,219,331	1,019,007 3,599	4,348 538,869 261,573 3,364,672 473	7,696,726 1,032,851	(9,964) \$ 28,709,872 \$ 41,920,170
2010	\$ 2,753,840 9,087,877 - - - 11,841,717	\$ 27,804,909 6,560,002 - 1,011,046	- (870,667)						\$ 34,505,290 \$ 46,347,007
2009	\$ 1,669,624 8,961,908 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 22,061,912 7,048,799 - 995,329						1 1 1	\$ 30,106,040 \$ 40,737,572
2008	\$ 1,480,517 10,862,228 - - - 12,342,745	\$ 21,458,433 7,122,854 963,342	(957,906) <sup>(4)</sup> (676,984) <sup>(5)</sup>	•					\$ 27,909,739
2007	\$ 1,649,953 15,769,294 - 17,419,247	\$ 25,931,013 11,345,972 - 907,750	(2,546,969) <sup>(3)</sup>	•	1 1			1 1 1	\$ 35,637,766
2006	\$ 1,067,154 21,126,330 2,126,348	\$ 42,760,815 7,421,286 - 834,770	(527,832) <sup>(1)</sup> (5,334,147) <sup>(2)</sup>	•	1 1			1 1 1	\$ 45,154,892 \$ 67,348,376
2005	\$ 2,592,982 17,328,864 17,328,64	\$ 26,424,684 8,466,870 - 760,081		•				1 1 1	\$ 35,651,635
2004	\$ 2,878,247 15,276,622 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 35,327,867 6,019,695 - 899,021		•			1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1	\$ 42,246,583 \$ 60,401,452
2003	\$ 5,920,765 10,046,292 - - - 15,967,057	\$ 26,620,979 2,111,465 31,107 884,356		•				1 1 1	\$ 29,647,907
19	General fund Beserved Unreserved Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total general fund	All other governmental funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Permanent funds Unseenned Hadfielt vandsdeline	Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Permanent Funds	Restricted: Capital Project Funds Debt Service Fund Permanent Funde:	Cemeteries Libraries Special Revenue Funds:	Grants Hotel/Motel Municipal Court TIRZ Development Other Purposes	Committed. Streets Drainage Other Purposes	Vinsargineu. Special Revenue Funds Total all other governmental funds Total governmental funds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal year 2007 revenue will offset the deficit fund balance in the Special Revenue funds.
<sup>(2)</sup> The fiscal year 2006 deficit in the Capital Project funds will be offset by the issuance of debt in fiscal year 2007.
<sup>(3)</sup> The fiscal year 2007 deficit in the Special Revenue funds will be offset by the 2007 bond issue.
<sup>(4)</sup> The fiscal year 2008 deficit in the Special Revenue funds will be offset by the 2007 and 2008 bond issues.
<sup>(5)</sup> The fiscal year 2008 deficit in the Capital Project funds will be offset by the issuance of debt in fiscal year 2009.

City of Bryan, Texas
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Kevenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 13,854,355	\$ 14,988,695	5 16,181,224	\$ 17,191,224	\$ 18,825,482	\$ 20,514,034	\$ 21,838,216	\$ 22,926,564	\$ 23,152,233	5 24,151,882
Sales taxes	10,208,391	10,778,912	11,731,308	13,381,722	13,491,560	14,532,775	14,140,838	14,608,410	14,301,017	14,814,931
Franchise taxes	1.665.395	1.702.317	1.676.744	2.049.517	1.920.990	2.012.872	2.000.294	2.071.337	2.062.766	1.963.381
Alchological and an analysis	60.061	64 940	100 63	65033	60,031	64 004	777.67	673 07	C 0 C 0	75 460
אורחווחור חבעבו שאב ושעבי	100,60	04,049	104,00	5/0,00	150,20	466,40	17,71	676,67	240,66	004,67
Bingo taxes	519'55	/80'/8	17/,/92	158,365	1/8,3//	183,580	195,970	204,009	710,255	214,/12
Hotel occupancy taxes	205,481	226,849	221,482	219,711	248,935	290,187	321,859	411,190	454,217	504,078
Transportation and drainage fees	1,776,081	1,771,032	3,279,441	4,004,370	4,008,249	4,133,458	4,343,987	6,129,574	6,179,135	6,324,068
Charges for services	1,252,160	2.012.125	2.985.561	3.245.843	3.036.971	4.046,022	5.087.265	4.528.548	3.946.937	3.846.149
Fines and court charges	1 697 070	1 510 041	1 151 695	1 7/6 575	1 910 833	1 957 159	1 786 083	1 910 913	1 940 832	1 890 793
	0.00,000,	110,010,1	CCO(TC+/T	1,0,011	CC0,010,1	CC1, 1CC,1	200,007,1	010,010,1	1,010,012	1,000,1
Licenses and permits	503,847	461,/34	538,964	10/,13	/22,130	614,615	28/,/37	2/2,5/0	492,175	597,784
Grants	2,576,713	3,789,702	3,049,046	2,896,957	2,921,129	2,819,267	2,847,291	3,155,205	4,026,214	2,979,350
Investment earnings	1,000,950	986'898	1,546,218	3,308,817	3,629,330	1,919,790	849,630	469,682	195,201	240,139
litipation proceeds	450.000	450.000	450,000							
City and and an inchity	100,001	20000	000,001	1000	נדר טר	100 001	000	101.01		
Oil and gas royalties	195,397	/90'59	58,379	5/5/95	39,2/3	160,241	889'/9	10/,05		' '
Other	1,307,961	4,289,581	3,714,747	2,937,216	2,638,978	7,858,2/0	1,798,072	2,214,159	2,475,134	1,423,481
Total revenues	36,685,475	43,066,977	47,076,002	51,814,666	53,634,268	56,107,264	55,937,702	59,332,435	59,529,158	59,023,811
Exnandituras										
Current:										
General government and administration	8 717 063	0 135 011	0.413.086	10.014.328	0 031 161	11 657 708	17 035 717	12 904 403	17 510 372	12 000 033
Description of conjust administration	000,117,0	110,000 000 1	279 377 6	4 000 4 00	1,001,101	967,700,11	12,000,21	777 107 3	4610,512	4 169 041
Development services	3,490,039	4,039,000	3,445,870	4,983,483	4,002,812	4,393,388	4,3/1,598	7,7,17,7 0,020,040	4,619,644	4,108,041
Public works services	2,802,949	3,017,572	5,403,527	6,278,000	6,284,553	6,422,048	9,217,923	9,8/2,213	7,598,470	1,511,021
Public safety	16,549,344	17,338,938	18,055,907	19,409,511	20,865,941	24,770,425	26,805,639	27,027,735	28,006,326	27,017,326
Cultural and recreational	4,373,729	4,147,065	5,195,631	6,311,086	6,784,658	6,758,416	7,033,174	6,928,973	6,016,407	6,441,801
Administrative reimbursement	(3,470,274)	(3,479,000)	(3,213,331)	(3,120,000)	(2,474,868)	(3,156,157)	(3,765,735)	(3,990,430)	(3,610,977)	(3,515,703)
Capital outlay	9,915,892	9,306,812	12,692,098	9,339,022	25,904,919	25,149,920	8,808,509	11,074,235	9,780,078	4,548,182
Arbitrage rebate						16,890				
Debt Service:										
Bond and principal retirement	3.108.231	3.216.822	3.144.848	4.657.408	3.791.368	3.675.634	4,435,057	4.602.656	5.717.656	6.702.344
Interest and fiscal charges	3.716.795	3.984.805	4.145.333	3.394.080	3.874.186	3.991.540	4.401.185	4.392.941	4.903.129	4.445.497
Debt issuance cost	58543	329 152	00000	257,893	100 749	79 500	54 170	70.134	(000 50)	
Advance refunding costs	240,00	261,626		184.551	64,'001	000,67	0,1,40	95.768	(000,02)	
Total expenditures	49,268,311	51,037,077	58,282,975	61,709,362	79,065,782	83,759,402	74,296,737	78,260,405	75,516,105	69,385,448
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(12,582,836)	(7,970,100)	(11,206,973)	(9,894,696)	(25,431,514)	(27,652,138)	(18,359,035)	(18,927,970)	(15,986,947)	(10,361,637)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds of lone-term debt issued	10,000,000	14.730.000	•	15,295,000	12,000,000	11,090,000	8.730.000	13.790.000	•	•
Discount on long-term debt issued	((		•		(177,780)				•	•
Premium on long-term debt issued		102.164	•	•		•	79.084	77.859	•	,
Proceeds of refunding bonds issued				20,195,000				10.635,000	٠	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				(20,605,230)		•	•	(10,838,398)	•	٠
Discount on refunding bonds				(186,406)			•			
Premium on refunding bonds			•	588,916		•	•	250.488	•	•
Sales of capital assets	34,019	1,676	206,033	34,633	31,638	106,724	193,450	143,309	213,342	47,265
Transfers in	9.059.862	10.423.444	10.334.403	10.120.690	9.466.882	16.414.653	13,590,024	19.432.819	16.706.761	16.968.347
Transfers out	(1,107,895)	(2,500,696)	(4.161.434)	(3 773 012)	(10 180 589)	(12, 763, 768)	(3 748 435)	(8 953 672)	(5,359,993)	(6 333 726)
Total other financing sources	17,985,986	22,756,588	6,379,002	21,669,591	11,140,151	14,847,609	18,844,123	24,537,405	11,560,110	10,681,886
Net change in fund balances	\$ 5,403,150	\$ 14,786,488	\$ (4,827,971)	\$ 11,774,895	\$ (14,291,363)	\$ (12,804,529)	\$ 485,088	\$ 5,609,435	\$ (4,426,837)	\$ 320,249
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	17.34%	17.26%	15.99%	15.37%	14.42%	13.08%	13.49%	13.39%	16.16%	17.19%
cylorialia										

City of Bryan, Texas

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Total	27,836,081	29,623,640	33,261,073	37,063,571	38,769,518	41,712,764	43,025,737	46,471,118	46,343,681	47,975,366	72.35%
Transportation & Drainage Assessments	1,776,081	1,771,032	3,279,441	4,004,370	4,008,249	4,133,458	4,343,987	6,129,574	6,179,135	6,324,068	256.07%
Hotel Occupancy Tax	205,481	226,849	221,482	219,711	248,935	290,187	321,859	411,190	454,217	504,078	145.32%
Bingo Tax	55,613	87,087	127,792	158,365	178,377	183,580	195,970	204,009	210,255	217,615	291.30%
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	69,061	64,849	63,401	66,073	62,031	64,994	77,777	79,573	93,042	75,460	9.27%
Franchise Tax	1,665,395	1,702,317	1,676,744	2,049,517	1,920,990	2,012,872	2,000,294	2,071,337	2,062,766	1,963,381	17.89%
Sales	10,208,391	10,778,912	11,731,308	13,381,722	13,491,560	14,532,775	14,140,838	14,608,410	14,301,017	14,814,931	45.13%
Property Tax	13,856,059	14,992,594	16,160,905	17,183,813	18,859,376	20,494,898	21,950,012	22,967,025	23,043,249	24,075,833	73.76%
Fiscal	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Change 2003-2012

Prior period adjustments reported in fiscal years 2003 and 2005 have been reflected in the applicable year. The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Source: Brazos County Appraisal District

**City of Bryan, Texas**Property Tax Rates and Ratios
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Overlapping Rates	ig Rates					
							Bry	Bryan Independent	Ħ			
	Ō	City of Bryan(1)	(	Bra	Brazos County(2)		Scl	School District (3)	(1			Total
		Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Debt	Total	Subtotal	Subtotal	Direct &
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	BISD	Direct Rates	Overlapping Rates	Overlapping Rates
5	295	200	200	295	295	9	295	295	295			
2003	0.4416	0.1948	0.6364	0.3723	0.0423	0.4146	1.5000	0.1800	1.6800	0.6364	2.0946	2.7310
2004	0.4396	0.1968	0.6364	0.3839	0.0511	0.4350	1.5000	0.1700	1.6700	0.6364	2.1050	2.7414
2005	0.4485	0.1879	0.6364	0.4093	0.0632	0.4725	1.5000	0.2800	1.7800	0.6364	2.2525	2.8889
2006	0.4545	0.1819	0.6364	0.3949	0.0701	0.4650	1.3700	0.2600	1.6300	0.6364	2.0950	2.7314
2007	0.4545	0.1819	0.6364	0.3930	0.0620	0.4550	1.0400	0.2500	1.2900	0.6364	1.7450	2.3814
2008	0.4702	0.1662	0.6364	0.4030	0.0620	0.4650	1.0400	0.2500	1.2900	0.6364	1.7550	2.3914
2009	0.4595	0.1769	0.6364	0.3987	0.0813	0.4800	1.0400	0.2500	1.2900	0.6364	1.7700	2.4064
2010	0.4595	0.1769	0.6364	0.4012	0.0844	0.4856	1.0400	0.2500	1.2900	0.6364	1.7756	2.4120
2011	0.4354	0.2010	0.6364	0.4037	0.0813	0.4850	1.0400	0.2500	1.2900	0.6364	1.7750	2.4114
2012	0.4406	0.1958	0.6364	0.4037	0.0813	0.4850	1.0400	0.2500	1.2900	0.6364	1.7750	2.4114

(1) City of Bryan Budget Office(2) Brazos County(3) Bryan ISD

**City of Bryan, Texas** Principal Property Taxpayers As of December 31, 2012

			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Taxable Assessed		Total Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed		Total Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Waves Z Islander of Bryan LLC	\$ 33,561,750	1	0.73%			
lamespoint Management	26,700,000	2	0.58%			
Bryan Senior Investors LP	21,144,670	3	0.46%			
SW Meadows Point LP	20,123,680	4	0.44%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate	18,927,130	2	0.41%	16,729,300	7	0.78%
KC Presidio Apartments LLC	18,250,000	9	0.40%			
Tejas Center LTD	18,086,280	7	0.39%			
Adam Development Properties LP	17,452,103	8	0.38%			
Galindo Ramiro	16,351,887	6	0.36%			
4050 Pendleton LTD	16,333,830	10	0.36%			
Verizon Communications				34,367,320	⊣	1.60%
Saint-Gobain Norpro Corporations				16,535,671	3	0.77%
Brazos Valley Physicians Hospital				16,366,030	4	%92'0
Signature Park LP				15,000,000	2	0.70%
GGE/G G Enterprises				14,771,400	9	%69.0
WWK, Ltd.				14,344,000	7	0.67%
Lowe's Home Centers, Inc.				12,551,760	8	0.58%
TAU Enterprises/St Joseph Hospital				11,588,380	6	0.54%
BV- Physicians Center LP				11,500,000	10	0.54%
Totals	\$ 206,931,330		4.51%	\$ 163,753,861		7.63%

Source: Brazos County Appraisal District

City of Bryan, Texas

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years As of December 31, 2012

Table 9

Percentage 99.81% 99.73% 89.66 99.71% %99.66 99.54% 99.49% 99.25% 98.88% of Levy 98.35% **Total Collections to Date** 14,720,596 22,554,055 13,649,762 15,889,802 16,969,509 18,570,547 20,338,826 21,647,801 22,630,763 23,386,311 Amount 265,875 180,364 228,810 230,298 317,709 376,335 316,732 306,531 200,997 **Collections in** Subsequent Years Percentage of Levy 97.87% 98.51% 98.24% 97.91% 98.43% 97.99% 97.76% 92.86% 98.25% 98.35% Fiscal Year of the Levy Collected within the 21,271,466 22,410,029 16,662,978 18,340,249 13,383,887 14,540,232 15,660,992 20,021,117 22,314,031 23,386,311 Amount 18,633,318 13,675,082 15,940,864 17,019,389 21,759,324 22,802,844 22,810,074 23,779,538 14,760,794 20,432,087 Fiscal Year **Total Tax** Levy for Fiscal 2010 Year 2005 2006 2008 2009 2003 2004 2007 2011 2012

**City of Bryan, Texas** Top Ten Electric Customers As of September 30, 2012

Customer	Type of Industry	Electric Usage	Rank	Percentage of Top Ten Electric Users
Sanderson Farms Inc	Corporation	44,082,432	Н	19.37%
BISD	Education	34,419,923	2	15.13%
St Joseph Regional Health Center	Medical	30,498,289	æ	13.40%
City of Bryan	Local Government	25,958,567	4	11.41%
B Way Corporation	Corporation	23,793,600	2	10.46%
TAMU	Education	21,726,422	9	9.55%
Blinn College	Education	13,110,890	7	2.76%
City of College Station	Local Government	12,406,150	∞	5.45%
New Alenco Window LTD	Manufacturing	10,892,670	6	4.79%
Wimberly Building Redevelopment	Redevelopment	10,670,400	10	4.69%
Total		227,559,343		100.00%

City of Bryan, Texas
Electricity Sold by Type of Customer
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in kilowatt hours)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
City Electric Type of Customer Residential	317,731,000	306.125.000	327,515,000	340,485,000	327,396,000	352,307,000	347.764.000	368,227,000	385,921,000	365.255.000
Commercial and Industrial	393,848,000	388,811,000	417,477,000	425,574,000	418,474,000	449,843,000	443,745,000	459,371,000	482,341,000	486,908,000
Public Authorities	28,123,000	28,781,000	31,600,000	29,506,000	27,442,000	31,234,000	36,080,000	35,679,000	36,412,000	35,429,000
Rural	254,887,000	265,554,000	292,454,000	289,158,000	292,087,000	322,095,000	332,879,000	355,849,000	376,858,000	379,278,000
Other Utilities	319,322,000	434,251,000	1,047,838,000	820,520,000	597,722,000	412,769,000	424,131,000	271,289,000	442,068,000	546,265,000
Interdepartmental	25,834,000	23,864,000	25,440,000	26,500,000	23,718,000	27,557,000	31,246,000	31,591,000	34,833,000	32,634,000
	1,339,745,000	1,447,386,000	2,142,324,000	1,931,743,000	1,686,839,000	1,595,805,000	1,615,845,000	1,522,006,000	1,758,433,000	1,845,769,000
Rural Electric Type of Customer										
Residential	176,043,000	172,968,000	187,337,000	195,183,000	196,074,000	208,258,000	211,585,000	242,057,000	249,574,000	236,568,000
Commercial and Industrial	71,362,000	73,203,000	79,618,000	83,731,000	79,691,000	91,880,000	95,303,000	95,123,000	108,507,000	103,231,000
	247 405 000	246 171 000	266 955 000	278 914 000	275 765 000	300 138 000	306 888 000	337 180 000	358 081 000	339 799 000

Rate per kWh 0.0852 0.0792 0.0590 0.0453 0.0855 0.0871 0.0822 0.0610 0.0920 \$ 0.0786 0.0848 0.0612 0.0454 0.0761 0.0861 0.0871 0.0766 0.0903 0.0862 0.0581 0.0920 \$ 0.0752 -6.35 11.70 Demand per kW Demand per kW --7.21 --7.21 2012 Customer Charge per Month Charge per Month 20.00 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 30.00 8.88 8.88 11.16 22.12 200.00 33.18 8.85 11.37 19.62 9.83 Customer . \$ 0.0782 0.0882 0.0822 0.0620 0.0483 0.0885 0.0901 \$ 0.0800 0.0900 0.0844 0.0650 0.0453 0.0915 Rate per 0.0931 0.0766 0.0866 0.0827 0.0615 0.0925 0.0810 0.0910 0.0890 0.0658 0.0980 Rate per kWh Demand per kW 13.70 6.35 Demand per kW 6.35 11.70 7.21 - 6.30 --7.21 . . . 2011 Charge per Month Charge per Month 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 9.83 20.00 30.00 8.15 9.83 30.00 30.00 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 Customer 0.0827 0.0615 0.0925 \$ 0.0800 0.0900 0.0844 0.0650 0.0915 0.0931 0.0810 0.0890 0.0658 0.0980 0.0822 0.0620 0.0483 0.0885 0.0901 0.0453 Rate per kWh \$ 0.0782 0.0882 0.0766 Rate per Demand per kW \$ ---6.35 13.70 Demand per kW \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - 11.70 7.21 --7.21 2010 2005 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 30.00 Charge per Month 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 30.00 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 30.00 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 -30.00 Customer Charge per \$ 0.0800 0.0900 0.0844 0.0915 0.0931 0.0568 \$ 0.0782 0.0882 0.0766 0.0866 0.0827 0.0615 0.0925 Rate per 0.0650 0.0810 0.0890 0.0658 0.0980 Rate per kWh 0.0822 0.0620 0.0483 0.0885 0.0901 0.0560 0.0453 Demand per kW Demand per kW 13.70 6.35 6.35 7.21 7.21 . . . . 2009 2004 \$ 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 Charge per Month \$ 8.15 Customer Charge per 30.00 30.00 20.00 9.83 30.00 9.83 20.00 30.00 Customer Month \$ 0.0800 0.0900 0.0844 0.0650 0.0453 0.0915 0.0931 0.0568 0.0810 0.0910 0.0658 \$ 0.0902 0.0942 0.0730 0.0603 0.1005 0.1021 0.0690 0.0891 0.1091 0.0952 0.0740 0.1050 Rate per 0.0890 Rate per kWh Demand per kW Demand per kW 13.70 6.35 6.35 7.21 7.21 2008 2003 Charge per 9.83 20.00 30.00 Customer Charge per Month 20.00 20.00 30.00 9.83 30.00 8.15 8.15 9.83 20.00 8.15 8.15 9.83 Customer Month ş ş Residential Summer (May-Oct) Residential Summer (May-Oct) Residential Summer (May-Oct) Residential Summer (May-Oct) Residential Winter (Nov-Apr) Residential Winter (Nov-Apr) Residential Winter (Nov-Apr) Residential Winter (Nov-Apr) **General Service Commercial General Service Commercial** General Service Commercial **General Service Commercial** Rural Electric Division Rural Electric System Public/Private Schools **Rural Electric System** Public/Private Schools Rural Electric Division City Electric System **Bryan Public Scholls Bryan Public Scholls** Interdepartmental Interdepartmental Small Commercial Small Commercial Small Commercial Small Commercial Large Industrial Large Industrial

**City of Bryan, Texas** Top Ten Water Customers As of September 30, 2012

Customer	Type of Industry	Water Usage	Rank	Percentage of Total Water Usage
City of Bryan	Local Government	147,332,900	1	3.37%
BISD	Public School	129,127,200	2	2.95%
St. Joseph Hospital	Health Care Facility	75,439,900	3	1.72%
Brushy Water Supply	Utility District	64,268,000	4	1.47%
Brazos County	County Government	48,291,900	2	1.10%
Oakwood/Country Village	МНР	39,179,800	9	0.90%
TDCJ - Hamilton Unit	Correctional Facility	32,955,700	7	0.75%
Federal Prison Camp	<b>Correctional Facility</b>	30,916,200	8	0.71%
Reveille Ranch	Apartments	27,358,500	6	0.63%
Housing Authority of Bryan	Housing	25,878,200	10	0.59%
Total		620,748,300		14.19%
Total gallons of water sold		4,373,377,200		

**City of Bryan, Texas** Top Ten Sewer Customers As of September 30, 2012

				Percentage of Total Gallons of
Customer	Type of Industry	Sewer Usage	Rank	Sewer Treated
St. Joseph Hospital	Health Care Facility	58,239,900	1	2.45%
City of Bryan	Local Government	50,093,200	2	2.10%
Oakwood/Country Village	MHP	39,179,800	8	1.64%
BISD	Public School	38,738,200	4	1.63%
Brazos County	County Government	33,406,900	2	1.40%
TDCJ - Hamilton Unit	Correctional Facility	32,955,700	9	1.38%
Federal Prison Camp	Correctional Facility	30,690,200	7	1.29%
Housing Authority of Bryan	Housing	23,046,500	8	0.97%
The Oaks	Apartments	23,030,800	6	0.97%
Saint Gobain Norpro	Manufacturing	20,446,600	10	0.86%
Total		349,827,800		14.69%
Total gallons of sewer treated		2,381,803,000		

City of Bryan, Texas Water and Sewer Rates

As of September 30, 2012

	<b>Monthly Water Rates</b>	iter Rates		
	Mc	Monthly	Volume	Volume Charge per
Customer Class	Custon	Customer Charge	1000	1000 gallons
Residential	❖	8.31	\$	2.76
Commercial/Industrial		13.74		2.38
<b>Bryan Public Schools</b>		13.74		2.38
Interdepartmental		13.74		2.38
Special Contracts		13.74		4.05
Bulk Sales		n/a		11.08

	Monthly Sewer Rates	ver Rates		
Customer Class	Mo	Monthly Customer Charge	Volume 1000	Volume Charge per 1000 gallons
Non Commercial Commercial/Industrial	↔	7.88	❖	4.03

**City of Bryan** Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ö	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			Business-Type Activities	e Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Notes	Utility Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Notes	Total Primary Government	Per(a) Capita
2003	3,462,075	53,311,875	4,280,000	61,775,000	442,443	48,125	2,159,276	125,478,794	1,880
2004	2,618,691	65,903,437	4,045,000	66,805,000	278,354	46,563	1,720,470	141,417,515	2,045
2005	1,782,280	63,855,000	3,785,000	77,330,000	142,720	45,000	1,309,579	148,249,579	2,136
2006	20,332,997	57,236,875	3,215,000	92,555,000	52,002	43,125	876,919	174,311,918	2,494
2007	20,084,754	65,963,750	2,945,000	133,015,000	35,247	41,250	2,337,456	224,422,457	3,172
2008	19,652,088	74,105,782	2,650,000	166,390,000	17,912	39,218	1,903,941	264,758,941	3,676
2009	19,040,000	79,342,813	2,320,000	166,995,001	1	37,188	1,898,778	269,633,780	3,726
2010	29,005,000	79,175,156	2,140,000	248,310,000	1	34,844	1,893,792	360,558,792	5,009
2011	27,680,000	74,982,500	1,940,000	245,570,000	1	10,817,500	1,893,792	362,883,792	4,741
2012	25,525,000	70,655,156	1,720,000	279,300,000	ı	9,744,844	1,893,792	388,838,792	5,029

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Personal income data for the City of Bryan is not available

(a) See Table 24 for population data. These ratios are calculated using the information from the referenced schedule.

Legal Debt Margin Information As of September 30, 2011 As a Home Rule City, the City of Bryan is not limited by law in the amount of debt that may be issued. The City's charter (Section 12) states:

"The city council of the city shall have the power, and is hereby authorized to levy, assess and collect not to exceed one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) on each one hundred dollars (\$100) assessed valuation of all real and personal property within the city limits of the city not exempt from taxation by the constitution and laws of the State of Texas."

Article II, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution states in part:

...but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half percent of the taxable property of such city."

The tax rate at September 30, 2012 is \$0.6364 per \$100 assessed valuation with assessed valuation being 100% of appraised values.

**City of Bryan, Texas** Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per(a) Capita	841	981	935	1,096	1,204	1,285	1,345	1,400	1,260	1,167
Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	2.61%	2.93%	2.59%	2.87%	2.91%	2.89%	2.83%	2.95%	7.66%	2.38%
Net Bonded Debt	56,142,006	67,846,107	64,894,410	76,637,231	85,170,993	92,563,113	97,329,754	106,671,754	96,443,169	90,234,892
Less Debt Service Cash Funds	631,944	676,021	742,870	932,641	877,511	1,194,757	1,053,059	1,508,402	6,219,331	5,945,264
Tax Supported Debt	56,773,950	68,522,128	65,637,280	77,569,872	86,048,504	93,757,870	98,382,813	108,180,156	102,662,500	96,180,156
Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

(a) See Table 24 for population data.

**City of Bryan, Texas**Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>Estimated Share</b>	of Direct and	Overlapping	Debt		71.51% \$ 107,358,461	29,573,292	\$ 136,931,753	91,954,892
	Estimated	Percentage	Applicable		71.51%	32.58%		100.00%
		Debt	Outstanding		\$ 150,130,000	90,785,000		91,954,892 (1)
			Governmental Unit	Debt repaid with property taxes	Bryan Independent School District	Brazos County	Subtotal, overlapping debt	City of Bryan direct debt*

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes General Obligation debt serviced by Electric Fund, Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, Solid Waste Fund and Airport Fund

this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, process recognizes, that when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Bryan. This boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic each overlapping government.

<sup>(1)</sup> General Obligation debt outstanding less amount available in Debt Service Fund

City of Bryan, Texas

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 20

Coverage (1) 28.04 22.11 19.28 3.26 5.82 2.24 4.21 2.71 3.02 2.22 724,597 3,987,212 6,100,700 4,417,023 10,712,800 8,926,329 12,378,923 18,994,535 710,454 1,016,194 Average Annual Requirement **Debt Service** Ş 20,316,095 19,868,758 18,599,405 23,999,290 24,149,336 37,351,644 42,082,471 15,705,295 19,594,480 23,191,157 Net Revenue <sup>(2)</sup> **Debt Service** Available for S 365,336 369,563 2,522,016 686,532 703,482 2,667,490 3,895,267 1,378,874 369,937 City Electric Fund 1,244,602 Earnings Interest Ş 80,254,836 127,100,116 181,285,659 163,039,450 140,918,938 114,145,447 117,869,352 106,259,604 100,663,667 128,204,221 Operating Expenses Less: Ś 99,884,399 154,851,433 147,972,138 115,665,480 199,635,537 184,493,117 144,289,607 156,996,327 150,824,637 137,929,447 Operating Revenue Gross Ş Fiscal Year 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012

 $^{(1)}$  Required minimum coverage is 1.10 times annual debt service requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Net Revenue as defined in the bond Ordinance includes operating income before depreciation plus certain interest income.

**City of Bryan, Texas** Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

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			۾	Rural Electric Fund	Fund				
	Gross	Less:			Net	Net Revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	Avera	Average Annual	
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	_	Interest	as	as Defined in	Deb	Debt Service	
Year	and Other	Expenses	Щ	Earnings	Bon	Bond Ordinance	Req	Requirement	Coverage <sup>(2)</sup>
2003	\$ 19,114,630	\$ 16,179,841	Ş	54,676	\$	2,989,465	Ş	218,325	13.69
2004	22,332,873	19,424,005		44,082		2,952,950		ı	ı
2002	24,406,821	21,468,000		149,142		3,087,963		ı	ı
2006	26,825,404	23,628,753		399,295		3,595,946		ı	ı
2007	24,991,627	21,889,442		383,439		3,485,624		402,349	8.66
2008	28,975,229	26,118,134		239,229		3,096,324		34,680	89.28
2009	30,996,152	27,889,698		56,851		3,163,305		402,349	7.86
2010	30,133,488	26,083,010		43,002		4,093,480		567,339	7.22
2011	31,851,185	27,624,793		53,347		4,279,739		424,578	10.08
2012	31,495,841	26,348,351		82,333		5,229,823		731,402	7.15

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Net Revenue as defined in the bond Ordinance includes operating income before depreciation plus certain interest income.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>left(2\right)}$  Required minimum coverage is 1.20 times annual debt service requirement.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Water and Wastewater Funds	water Funds		
Fiscal	Gross Operating	Less: Operating	Interest	Net Revenue as Defined in	Average Annual Debt Service	
Year	and Other	Expenses	Earnings	Bond Ordinance <sup>(1)</sup>	Requirement	Coverage <sup>(2)</sup>
2003	\$ 17,853,461	1 \$ 10,683,744	\$ 852,983	\$ 8,022,700	\$ 4,448,029	1.80
2004	18,097,236	6 11,237,317	456,060	7,315,979	3,583,647	2.04
2005	20,457,586	6 10,888,453	715,405	10,284,538	3,501,709	2.94
2006	22,216,687	7 10,533,140	1,155,149	12,838,696	3,705,217	3.47
2007	20,742,937	7 10,085,575	1,827,111	12,484,473	4,398,781	2.84
2008	22,530,219	9 11,876,811	1,019,821	11,673,229	3,944,851	2.96
2009	24,233,451	12,917,477	511,956	11,827,930	4,057,131	2.92
2010	23,898,816	6 12,987,893	218,946	11,129,869	4,803,510	2.32
2011	27,394,101	1 12,367,172	239,262	15,266,191	5,279,891	2.89
2012	25,951,609	9 12,664,564	170,563	13,457,608	4,598,484	2.93

<sup>(1)</sup> Net Revenue as defined in the bond Ordinance includes operating income before depreciation plus certain interest income.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  Required minimum coverage is 1.25 times average annual debt service requirement.

**City of Bryan, Texas** Sales Tax by Category<sup>u)</sup> Last Ten Calendar Years

	2003	2004	_	7	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	70	2012
Category:																			
Communications and information	\$ 846,330	\$ 817	817,075	\$	837,297	\$	809,579	\$	699,322	\$	804,022	Ş	975,054	\$	1,073,901	\$	886'666	\$ 1,1	1,122,368
Home furnishings and appliances	337,526	437	437,818		437,244		472,573		458,752		392,899		411,290		414,247		405,991	4	414,871
Eating and drinking establishments	808,365	849	849,742		952,618		978,832		1,074,893		1,202,131		1,273,763		1,348,927		1,397,466	1,4	1,473,779
Department and retail stores	1,265,132	1,171	1,171,696	1,	1,098,052	(1	2,265,562		1,172,948		394,574		1,411,043		646,320		683,216		762,097
Oil and gas operations	145,318	182	182,643		499,341		989,910		483,382		739,345		465,054		457,378		244,732		96,821
Construction and building	578,263	762	762,661		659,770		805,337		1,030,817		1,013,741		380,446		641,427		496,984	1	183,079
Auto dealers and supplies	410,187	415	415,952		458,816		489,013		526,366		541,842		518,952		506,107		526,788	9	604,063
Printing/Publishers	58,622	36	36,423		46,898		61,655		62,523		55,930		60,045		62,385		74,499		78,050
Contractors	25,432	45	45,991		128,894		109,519		79,646		117,969		102,428		233,051		166,857		96,107
Manufacturing	429,351	466	466,167		511,573		488,312		780,537		627,914		479,757		659,853		404,338	4	477,069
Wholesalers	236,661	464	464,286		629,705		802,308		830,156		1,029,940		913,467		808,256		1,035,272	1,0	1,040,901
Food Stores	309,512	296	296,206		395,400		442,727		501,861		530,319		578,078		574,453		576,909	v	656,980
Other stores	1,066,459	1,223,561	3,561	1,	1,210,767		1,348,408		1,861,118		2,825,398		3,095,127		3,300,348		3,000,558	3,1	3,108,023
Apparel	47,312	52	52,787		58,783		63,400		74,201		110,101		137,787		157,434		173,774	1	189,569
All other outlets	1,304	m	3,122		3,258		6,175		4,034		2,767		8,561		7,147		6,522		9,220
Financial services	65,818	54	54,226		37,882		29,914		41,613		42,252		42,012		87,646		115,873	1	129,935
Rentals and leasing	230,243	273	273,226		286,025		458,336		648,912		687,486		501,611		379,943		519,721	L,	528,027
Professional services	417,688	431	431,285		417,913		406,126		521,846		446,664		475,821		492,995		542,964	u)	563,031
Repair and maintenance	233,121	222	222,299		237,136		256,641		261,041		316,507		249,669		299,983		354,236	4	429,320
Hotels/Motels	1,112	1	1,272		1,501		4,194		1,904		3,733		23,338		5,351		(261)		10,001
Other products and equipment	147,875	149	149,614		142,987		139,817		60,721		79,815		5,962		17,491		48,381		43,322
Other	2,047,329	2,811,565	1,565	2,	2,156,022	,,	2,409,002		1,848,034		2,111,392		1,107,023		1,950,649		1,935,112	1,5	1,945,432
Total	\$ 9,708,960	\$ 11,169,617	,617	\$ 11,	\$ 11,207,881	\$ 13	\$ 13,840,340	\$ 1	\$ 13,024,627	ş	14,079,741	\$ 13	\$ 13,216,288	\$ 1	\$ 14,125,292	\$ 1	\$ 13,709,871	\$ 13,5	13,962,066

<sup>(1)</sup> Values reported in this schedule are based on a calendar year basis. The City's sales tax revenue is reported on a fiscal year basis.

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

**City of Bryan, Texas** Demographic & Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 24

Fiscal Year	Population <sup>(1)</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>(2)</sup>	Personal Income (3)	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>(3)</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>(1)</sup>
2003	66,754	14,077			4.90%
2004	69,146	14,172			4.50%
2005	968'69	14,568			4.00%
2006	69,903	14,738			4.10%
2007	70,744	14,700	5,568,000,000	27,436	4.10%
2008	72,015	14,700	5,836,000,000	28,176	4.20%
2009	72,357	15,000	5,905,000,000	27,818	%05'9
2010	76,201	15,800			9.20%
2011	76,541	15,800			2.50%
2012	77,321	15,609			2.70%

(1) U.S. Census Bureau

(2) Bryan Independent School District

(3) Bureau of Economic Analysis

Personal income information for the City of Bryan is only available for calendar years 2007 - 2009. Note:

City of Bryan, Texas

Principal Employers

**Current Year and Ten Years Ago** 

Table 25

College Station Independent School District **Bryan Independent School District** Texas A&M University System Reliant Building Products Inc St. Joseph Regional Hospital **Brazos County Government** City of College Station Sanderson Farms City of Bryan Wal-Mart College Station Independent School District **Bryan Independent School District** Texas A&M University System St. Joseph Regional Hospital 2012 **Brazos County Government** City of College Station Reynolds & Reynolds Sanderson Farms City of Bryan Wal-Mart

Notes: Data includes principal employers in Brazos County. Employers are listed in alphabetical order and do not reflect any ranking. The TWC ranking and number of employee data is confidential.

Source: Texas Workforce Commission, Labor Market/Career Information Department

**City of Bryan, Texas** Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2003	]	2004	2002	2	2006	2007	2008	2009	6	2010	2011	2012
Function													
General Government and Administration													
Executive Services		2	2		2	5		. 9	7	9	9	2	2
Communications & Marketing	Ş	2 \$	2	Ş	2 \$	3	Ś	6	8	2	2	5	e
Neighborhood and Youth Services	•		7			1	•	_	1	Η	+	1	1
Fronomic Development		,	_								,	,	•
Internal Audit		, ,	'		•	-				<b>.</b>	-		-
City Secretary		9	9		יי	יי					- 2		יי
legal Convices		ט ע	ъ		υ	ъ				. (	. (	. (	n c
Figure Constitution *	•	) <b>-</b>	, ,		J C		•			, t	, 5	, t	. t
riscal services	÷ •	<b>†</b> •	TO		CT (	CT (	7 1	7.	N 1	C :	12	17	12
Information Technology	H	4	13		13	13		.4	0	15	15	15	15
Special Projects**		1	⊣		⊣	7		7	1	3	0.25	0.25	0.25
Purchasing Services		2	2		2	4		2	2	2	2	2	2
Warehouse		3	3		3	3		4	4	4	4	4	4
Fleet Services			•		11	12	7	1 1	1	11	11	12	6
Human Resources		9	2		2	5		2	5	5.5	2	2	9
Facility Services	3	2	44		27	27	( )	24 24	4	23	23	23	16
Risk Management		2	9		9	9			9	2	9	9	9
Development Services													
Planning and Develonment		œ	∝		œ	∝			~	œ	œ	œ	œ
Fnginoering Services	•	) ц	, [		. 7	17		17 18		. 7	16	0 1	. 4
	1	ר כ	1 0		ì	ì	7		n ı	, ,	) F	7 7	7
Building Services		× i	×		×	ת	1	-	0	01	Τρ	1/	14
Community Development		_	7.4		7.4	7		∞	∞	6.5	5.75	5.75	5.75
Public Works Services													
Administration		1	•		,	'		П	1	3	2	•	1
Call Center		,	'		,	'				2	2	2	5
Environmental Services			•			•					•	•	•
Transportation & Drainage	29	6	28		30	30	(1)	30 31	1	31	29	29	18
Traffic Services		,	'		,	'				6	6	10	10
Public Safety													
Police Officers	113		113		116	118	11	119 123	~	124	124	124	138
Civilians	35		35		34	2 8	'			47	47	47	39
Firefighters/Emergency Medical Technicians	08		0 0		. 6	6 6	101	•		108	108	108	107
Civilians	)		6 6		۲ ر	, ,	í		. =	2 1	,		4
Emergency Management Coordinator			'		, ,	'				· <del>-</del>	· <del>-</del>	· <del>-</del>	-
Minicipal Court	7, 7,	יט ו	14		17	14		14		1 4	16	1 4	י ל
Cultural and Recreation	•	)	•			•	•			)	)	)	
Library Spraices	00	_	10		10	10		10 10	ď	20	10	10	77
College Ctation Library	91	ט פ	15		1,	1, 1				1 t	15	7.	1 01
College Station Fibrally	1 7		1 5		2 0	9 0				7 7	0 6	10	9 6
Parks and Recreation	⊣ '	×1 :	` ;		× į	ָ ת	,	14 13		14 - 0	T 13	18	87
Water	4	48	39		40	40	(1)			35.8	35.55	36.55	34.50
Wastewater	52	2	23		23	53	7	44 43		44.2	44.45	44.45	31.50
Solid Waste	4	48	51		20	49	υ,	5 51	1	46	46	47	44
Airport			•			'					•	2	1
Electric Department-Municipal and Rural	203	3	203		203	203	195	5 203		181	187	189	165
Total	829	6	816		819	828	836		l I	862.5	998	871	816
		   -	I F			í Þ					)		1

Source: City of Bryan Budget Office \*\*Includes Real Estate Services

1,920 17 41 17,832 37,708,000 21,521,000 ,869,598,900 12,750,000 6,995,218 13,354,158 213,354,158 55,819 4,826 11,663 13 913 151 10,572,675 9,188 225 1,978 485 7,259 784,421 n/a 41 137 10,572,675 7,150,000 2012 n/a 1,910 1,192 17 5 41 37,700,000 12,750,000 6,525,488 56,120 12,400 9,150 3,225 1,258 584 8,419 411,113 10 743 18,147 11,980,000 180 11,981,855 1,373,377,200 6.530.000 198,483,583 198,483,583 5,063 41 125 2011 3,133 2,476 162 n/a 1,825 1,284 14,728 37,700,000 9,403,642 3,432,329,400 12,750,000 7,127,600 216,797,833 56,800 12,752 12 888 40 26 3 183 20,893,000 216,797,833 421,354 9,400,000 7,130,000 8,871 2010 12,750,000 6,392,433 194,436,500 1,740 36,000,000 10,422,973 22,186,000 3,804,385,300 52,443 15,325 15,490 n/a 2,853 1,080 38 125 28 33 245 8,923 9,014 785,243 10,420,000 000'06E'9 2009 1,710 16,190 36,000,000 9,794,146 23,115,000 3,584,657,700 12,750,000 6,969,882 211,878,917 211,878,917 15,512 319 3,200 n/a 12 956 n/a 37 21 41 7,397,260 54,881 8,352 n/a 840,601 9,820,980 2008 237,206,367 2,846,476,400 36,000,000 13,710,000 2,965,218,600 12,750,000 7,798,565 8,123,886 45,275 5,500 n/a n/a 804,617 n/a 1,620 32 143 17,199 37 286 13,097 8,359 8,611 9,297,276 7,437,896 2007 208 1,632 1,026 15,613 17,640 10,995 726,762 25 35 48,647 4,000 n/a n/a 11 824 31 n/a 9,966,788 414 32,000,000 9,966,788 24,104,000 3,637,877,700 7,004,600 12,750,000 7,004,600 213,056,583 2,556,679,000 2006 226,326,008 2,714,832,100 1,590 44,416 n/a 36 100 15,000 22 326 12,750,000 41 9,297,276 32,000,000 9,297,276 24,741,000 3,393,505,900 7,437,896 7,437,896 664,444 7,884 2005 14,932 7,449 1,452 15,193 42,164 n/a n/a n/a 30 22 41 376 731,924 237 28,000,000 8,113,164 20,680,000 2,969,418,100 7,564,486 12,750,000 7,564,486 230,716,833 2,768,602,000 8,113,164 7,398 2004 1,410 16,147 16 9 17,109 15 20 4,201 n/a n/a n/a 982 695,433 15 229 995 n/a 8,749,109 346 28,000,000 8,749,109 20,740,000 3,193,424,746 7,684,230 12,750,000 7,684,230 233,728,667 ,804,744,000 45,397 7,281 2003 Bryan Regional Athletic Complex (4 softball fields) Number of households provided minor rehabilitation Number of citizens provided homebuyers assistance Bryan Regional Athletic Complex (9 soccer fields) HMAC (Hot Mix Aspaltic Concrete) placed (tons) Number of households provided rehabilitation In-house concrete poured (cubic yards) **Bryan ISD and College Station Parks** Number of cooperative programs with Neighborhood Associations registered Average treatment flow (gallon/day) Combined capacity (gallons per day) Youth receiving new adult mentors Average consumption (gallons/day) Maximum daily capacity (gallons) New library patron registration and Recreation department Library circulation of materials Number of Fire and EMS calls Number of new connections Daily average usage (gallons) Daily average usage (gallons) Neighborhood/Youth Services Peak daily usage (gallons) Peak daily usage (gallons) Refuse collected (tons) Travis Park (1 field) Community Development Number of cases filed Total usage (gallons) Total usage (gallons) Culture and recreation Athletic field usage Potholes repaired Traffic citations Pavilion rentals Physical arrest Municipal Court Transportation Wastewater Function: Water Police Fire

Sources: Various City Departments

**City of Bryan, Texas** Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Public Safety	ĺ	!   	!   							
Police:										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of sworn personnel	113	113	116	118	121	124	124	137	136	137
Fire and emergency medical services:										
Number of stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	5	5
Number of personnel	68	68	06	91	112	114	108	114	114	110
Highways and streets:										
Lane miles of paved streets	640	643	646	649	099	099	738	738	738	738
Culture and recreation:										
Number of parks	45	45	45	45	45	35	42	42	42	42
Park acreage	287	587	587	287	587	587	611	611	611	611
Number of golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course acreage	128	128	128	128	128	104	104	104	104	104
Hike and bike trails - number of miles	2	2	2	2	18	22	23	23	23	23
Number of cemeteries	3	က	3	3	က	က	3	3	3	c
Cemetery acreage	26	26	26	46	26	70	70	70	70	70
Number of libraries	3	3	3	3	3	က	3	3	3	c
Library volumes	232,748	232,748	248,240	257,833	255,366	242,171	245,810	128,798	147,090	237,557
Water system:										
Miles of line	393	396	399	403	410	442	453	453	459	472
Number of connections	20,354	20,509	20,799	21,102	21,388	21,782	21,587	21,770	21,804	21,913
Number of wells	8	∞	6	6	10	12	12	12	12	12
Wastewater system:										
Miles of line	371	374	377	378	378	378	380	380	382	387
Number of connections	19,588	19,725	19,943	20,224	20,461	20,839	21,113	21,378	21,460	21,539
Number of treatment plants	3	3	3	3	8	3	3	3	3	3
Electric system:										
Generating capacity (MW)	240,000	287,000	287,000	287,000	287,000	234,644	296,000	336,000	337,000	337,000
Reserve oil capacity (gallons)	4,900,000	4,900,000	4,900,000	4,900,000	4,670,000	4,670,000	4,670,000	4,170,000	3,120,000	3,120,000
Number of substations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	10	11	11
Number of connections	32,206	32,264	33,189	33,702	34,678	46,169	47,268	48,014	48,616	33,160
Rural Electric system:										
Number of utility connections	12,352	13,171	13,519	13,978	14,416	14,513	15,116	15,593	16,033	16,882
Number of substations	10	10	12	12	11	12	12	12	13	13

Sources: Various City Departments



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